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SEBI (ICDR)
REGULATIONS, 2018

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

Short title and commencement
1. (1) These regulations may be called the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018.

(2) They shall come into force on the sixtieth day from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

Definitions
2. (1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) “Act” means the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 [15 of 1992];

(b) “advertisement” includes notices, brochures, pamphlets, show cards, catalogues, hoardings, placards, posters, insertions in newspaper, pictures and films in any print media or electronic media, radio, television programme;

(c) “anchor investor” means a qualified institutional buyer who makes an application for a value of at least ten crore rupees in a public issue on the main board made through the book building process in accordance with these regulations or makes an application for a value of at least two crore rupees for an issue made in accordance with Chapter IX of these regulations;

(d) “application supported by blocked amount (ASBA)” means an application for subscribing to a public issue or rights issue, along with an authorisation to self-certified syndicate bank to block the application money in a bank account;

(e) “associate” means a person which is an associate of the issuer and as defined under the Companies Act, 2013;
(f) "Board" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India established under the Act;

(g) "book building" means a process undertaken to elicit demand and to assess the price for
determination of the quantum or value or coupon of specified securities or Indian Depository
Receipts, as the case may be, in accordance with these regulations;

(h) "composite issue" means an issue of specified securities by a listed issuer on public-cum-
rights basis, wherein the allotment in both public issue and rights issue is proposed to be
made simultaneously;

(i) "control" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under the Securities and
Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisitions of Shares and Takeovers)
Regulations, 2011;

(j) "convertible debt instrument" means an instrument which creates or acknowledges
indebtedness and is convertible into equity shares of the issuer at a later date at or without
the option of the holder of the instrument, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the
issuer or not;

(k) "convertible security" means a security which is convertible into or exchangeable with
equity shares of the issuer at a later date, with or without the option of the holder of such
security and includes convertible debt instrument and convertible preference shares;

(l) "designated stock exchange" means a recognised stock exchange having nationwide
trading terminals chosen by the issuer on which securities of an issuer are listed or proposed
to be listed for the purpose of a particular issue of specified securities under these regulations:

Provided that, the issuer may choose a different recognised stock exchange as a designated
stock exchange for any subsequent issue of specified securities;

(m) "draft letter of offer" means the draft letter of offer filed with the Board in relation to a rights
issue under these regulations;

(n) "draft offer document" means the draft offer document filed with the Board in relation to a
public issue under these regulations;

(o) "employee" means a permanent employee, working in India or outside India, of the issuer
or of the promoters or subsidiary company of the issuer, or a director of the issuer, whether
whole-time or not and does not include (i) promoters, (ii) a person belonging to the promoter
group; or (iii) a director who either himself/herself or through their relatives or through any
body corporate, directly or indirectly, holds more than ten per cent. of the outstanding equity
shares of the issuer;

Provided that for the purposes of stock option schemes, employee shall have the same
meaning as assigned to under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based
Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
(p) “fugitive economic offender” shall mean an individual who is declared a fugitive economic offender under section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018 (17 of 2018);

(q) “further public offer” means an offer of specified securities by a listed issuer to the public for subscription and includes an offer for sale of specified securities to the public by any existing holders of such specified securities in a listed issuer;

(r) “general corporate purposes” include such identified purposes for which no specific amount is allocated or any amount so specified towards general corporate purpose or any such purpose by whatever name called, in the draft offer document, draft letter of offer, or the offer document:

Provided that any issue related expenses shall not be considered as a part of general corporate purpose merely because no specific amount has been allocated for such expenses in the draft offer document, draft letter of offer or the offer document;

(s) “green shoe option” means an option of allotting equity shares in excess of the equity shares offered in the public issue as a post-listing price stabilizing mechanism;

(t)”group companies”, shall include such companies (other than promoter(s) and subsidiary/subsidiaries) with which there were related party transactions, during the period for which financial information is disclosed, as covered under the applicable accounting standards, and also other companies as considered material by the board of the issuer;

(u)”housing finance company” means a deposit taking housing finance company registered with the National Housing Bank for carrying on the business of housing finance;

(v) “infrastructure sector” shall include the following facilities/services:

i) transportation (including inter modal transportation), including the following:
   A) roads, national highways, state highways, major district roads, other district roads and village roads, including toll roads, bridges, highways, road transport providers and other road-related services;
   B) rail system, rail transport providers, metro rail roads and other railway related services;
   C) ports (including minor ports and harbours), inland waterways, coastal shipping including shipping lines and other port related services;
   D) aviation, including airports, heliports, airlines and other airport related services;
   E) logistics services;

ii) agriculture, including the following:
   A) infrastructure related to storage facilities;
   B) construction relating to projects involving agro-processing and supply of inputs to agriculture;
C) construction for preservation and storage of processed agro-products, perishable goods such as fruits, vegetables and flowers including testing facilities for quality;

iii) water management, including the following:
   A) water supply or distribution;
   B) irrigation;
   C) water treatment, etc.

iv) telecommunication, including the following:
   A) basic or cellular, including radio paging;
   B) domestic satellite service (i.e., satellite owned and operated by an Indian company for providing telecommunication service);
   C) network of trunking, broadband network and internet services;

v) industrial, commercial and social development and maintenance, including the following:
   A) real estate development, including an industrial park or special economic zone;
   B) tourism, including hotels, convention centres and entertainment centres;
   C) public markets and buildings, trade fair, convention, exhibition, cultural centres, sports and recreation infrastructure, public gardens and parks;
   D) construction of educational institutions and hospitals;
   E) other urban development, including solid waste management systems, sanitation and sewerage systems, etc.;

vi) power, including the following:
   A) generation of power through thermal, hydro, nuclear, fossil fuel, wind and other renewable sources;
   B) transmission, distribution or trading of power by laying a network of new transmission or distribution lines;

vii) petroleum and natural gas, including the following:
   A) exploration and production;
   B) import terminals;
   C) liquefaction and re-gasification;
   D) storage terminals;
   E) transmission networks and distribution networks including city gas infrastructure;
viii) housing, including the following:
   A) urban and rural housing including public or mass housing, slum rehabilitation etc;
   B) other allied activities such as drainage, lighting, laying of roads, sanitation

ix) services provided by recognised stock exchanges and registered depositories, in relation to securities;

x) other miscellaneous facilities or services, including the following:
   A) mining and related activities;
   B) technology related infrastructure;
   C) manufacturing of components and materials or any other utilities or facilities required by the infrastructure sector like energy saving devices and metering devices, etc.;
   D) environment related infrastructure;
   E) disaster management services;
   F) preservation of monuments and icons;
   G) emergency services (including medical, police, fire, and rescue);

xi) such other facility or service which, in the opinion of the board, constitutes infrastructure sector;

(w) “initial public offer” means an offer of specified securities by an unlisted issuer to the public for subscription and includes an offer for sale of specified securities to the public by any existing holders of such specified securities in an unlisted issuer;

(x) “innovators growth platform” means the trading platform for listing and trading of specified securities of issuers that comply with the eligibility criteria specified in regulation 283;

(y) “institutional investor” means (i) qualified institutional buyer; or (ii) family trust or intermediaries registered with the Board, with net worth of more than five hundred crore rupees, as per the last audited financial statements, for the purposes of listing and/or trading on innovators growth platform] in terms of Chapter X;

(z) “issue size” includes offer through offer document and promoters’ contribution brought in as part of the issue;

(aa) “issuer” means a company or a body corporate authorized to issue specified securities under the relevant laws and whose specified securities are being issued and/or offered for sale in accordance with these regulations;

(bb) “key managerial personnel” means the officers or personnel of the issuer who are
members of its core management team (excluding board of directors) and includes members of the management one level below the executive directors of the issuer, functional heads and 'key managerial personnel' as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 or any other person whom the issuer may declare as a key managerial personnel;

(cc) “lead manager” means a merchant banker registered with the Board and appointed by the issuer to manage the issue and in case of a book built issue, the lead manager(s) appointed by the issuer shall act as the book running lead manager(s) for the purposes of book building;

(dd) “listed issuer” means an issuer whose equity shares are listed on a recognised stock exchange having nationwide trading terminals;

(ee) “main board” means a recognised stock exchange having nationwide trading terminals, other than SME exchange;

(ff) “net offer” means an offer of specified securities to the public but does not include reservations and promoters’ contribution brought in as part of the issue;

(gg) “net tangible assets” mean the sum of all net assets of the issuer, excluding intangible assets as defined in Accounting Standard 26 (AS 26) or Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 38, as applicable, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India;

(hh) “net worth” means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet, but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write-back of depreciation and amalgamation;

(ii) “nominated investor” means a qualified institutional buyer or private equity fund, who enters into an agreement with the lead manager(s) to subscribe to an issue, made in accordance with Chapter IX, in case of under-subscription or to receive or deliver the specified securities in the market-making process in such an issue;

Explanation: “private equity fund” means a fund registered with any regulatory authority or a fund established by any person registered with any regulatory authority;

(jj) “non-institutional investor” means an investor other than a retail individual investor and qualified institutional buyer;

(kk) “offer document” means a red herring prospectus, prospectus or shelf prospectus, as applicable, referred to under the Companies Act, 2013, in case of a public issue, and a letter of offer in case of a rights issue;

(II) “offer through offer document” means net offer and reservations;
(mm) “persons acting in concert” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under regulation 2(1)(q) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

(nn) “preferential issue” means an issue of specified securities by a listed issuer to any select person or group of persons on a private placement basis in accordance with Chapter V of these regulations and does not include an offer of specified securities made through employee stock option scheme, employee stock purchase scheme or an issue of sweat equity shares or depository receipts issued in a country outside India or foreign securities;

(oo) “promoter” shall include a person:

(i) who has been named as such in a draft offer document or offer document or is identified by the issuer in the annual return referred to in section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013; or

(ii) who has control over the affairs of the issuer, directly or indirectly whether as a shareholder, director or otherwise; or

(iii) in accordance with whose advice, directions or instructions the board of directors of the issuer is accustomed to act:

Provided that nothing in sub-clause (iii) shall apply to a person who is acting merely in a professional capacity;

Provided further that a financial institution, scheduled commercial bank, foreign investor other than Category III foreign portfolio investor, mutual fund, venture capital fund, alternative investment fund, foreign venture capital investor, insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India or any other category as specified by the Board from time to time, shall not be deemed to be a promoter merely by virtue of the fact that twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital of the issuer is held by such person unless such person satisfy other requirements prescribed under these regulations;

(pp) “promoter group” includes:

i) the promoter;

ii) an immediate relative of the promoter (i.e. any spouse of that person, or any parent, brother, sister or child of the person or of the spouse); and

iii) in case promoter is a body corporate:

A) a subsidiary or holding company of such body corporate;

B) anybody corporate in which the promoter holds twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital; and/or anybody corporate which holds twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital of the promoter;

C) anybody corporate in which a group of individuals or companies or combinations
thereof acting in concert, which hold twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital in that body corporate and such group of individuals or companies or combinations thereof also holds twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital of the issuer and are also acting in concert; and

iv) in case the promoter is an individual:

A) anybody corporate in which twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital is held by the promoter or an immediate relative of the promoter or a firm or Hindu Undivided Family in which the promoter or any one or more of their relative is a member;

B) anybody corporate in which a body corporate as provided in (A) above holds twenty per cent. or more, of the equity share capital; and

C) any Hindu Undivided Family or firm in which the aggregate share of the promoter and their relatives is equal to or more than twenty per cent. of the total capital;

v) all persons whose shareholding is aggregated under the heading "shareholding of the promoter group":

Provided that a financial institution, scheduled bank, foreign portfolio investor other than Category III foreign portfolio investor, mutual fund, venture capital fund, alternative investment fund, foreign venture capital investor, insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India or any other category as specified by the Board from time to time, shall not be deemed to be promoter group merely by virtue of the fact that twenty per cent. or more of the equity share capital of the promoter is held by such person or entity:

Provided further that such financial institution, scheduled bank, foreign portfolio investor other than Category III foreign portfolio investor, mutual fund, venture capital fund, alternative investment fund and foreign venture capital investor insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India or any other category as specified by the Board from time to time shall be treated as promoter group for the subsidiaries or companies promoted by them or for the mutual fund sponsored by them;

(qq) "public financial institution" means a public financial institution as defined under the Companies Act, 2013;

(rr) "public issue" means an initial public offer or a further public offer;

(ss) "qualified institutional buyer" means:

i) a mutual fund, venture capital fund, alternative investment fund and foreign venture capital investor registered with the Board;
ii) a foreign portfolio investor other than Category III foreign portfolio investor, registered with the Board;

iii) a public financial institution;

iv) a scheduled commercial bank;

v) a multilateral and bilateral development financial institution;

vi) a state industrial development corporation;

vii) an insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India;

viii) a provident fund with minimum corpus of twenty five crore rupees;

ix) a pension fund with minimum corpus of twenty five crore rupees;


xi) insurance funds set up and managed by army, navy or air force of the Union of India; and

xii) insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, India; and

xiii) systemically important non-banking financial companies.

(tt) “qualified institutions placement” means issue of eligible securities by a listed issuer to qualified institutional buyers on a private placement basis and includes an offer for sale of specified securities by the promoters and/or promoter group on a private placement basis, in terms of these regulations;

(uu) “relative” means a relative as defined under the Companies Act, 2013.

(vv) “retail individual investor” means an individual investor who applies or bids for specified securities for a value of not more than two lakhs rupees;

(ww) “retail individual shareholder” means a shareholder who applies or bids for specified securities for a value of not more than two lakhs rupees;

(xx) “rights issue” means an offer of specified securities by a listed issuer to the shareholders of the issuer as on the record date fixed for the said purpose;

(yy) “schedule” means schedule annexed to these regulations;

(zz) “scheduled commercial bank” means scheduled commercial banks as included in the second schedule to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;
(aaa) “self-certified syndicate bank” means a banker to an issue registered with the Board, which offers the facility of ASBA;

(bbb) “selling shareholder(s)” means any shareholder of the issuer who is offering for sale the specified securities in a public issue in accordance with these Regulations;

(ccc) “securities laws” means the Act, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules and regulations made there under and the general or special orders, guidelines or circulars made or issued by the Board there under and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or any previous company law and any subordinate legislation framed there under, which are administered by the Board;

(ddd) “SME exchange” means a trading platform of a recognised stock exchange having nationwide trading terminals permitted by the Board to list the specified securities issued in accordance with Chapter IX and includes a stock exchange granted recognition for this purpose but does not include the Main Board;

(eee) “specified securities” means equity shares and convertible securities;

(fff) “stabilising agent” means a merchant banker who is responsible for stabilising the price of equity shares under a green shoe option, in terms of these regulations;

(ggg) “stock exchange” means any recognised stock exchange having nationwide trading terminals chosen by the issuer on which securities of an issuer are listed or proposed to be listed for the purpose of a particular issue of specified securities under these regulations, other than an SME exchange;

(hhh) “syndicate member” means an intermediary registered with the Board and who is permitted to accept bids, applications and place orders with respect to the issue and carry on the activity as an under writer;

(iii) “systemically important non-banking financial companies” means a non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India and recognised as systemically important non-banking financial company by the Reserve Bank of India;

(ijj) “unlisted issuer” means an issuer which is not a listed issuer;

(kkk) “valuer” means a person who is registered under section 247 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the relevant rules framed there under or as specified by the Board;

(III) “wilful defaulter” means a person or an issuer who or which is categorized as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India;
“working day” means all days on which commercial banks in the city as specified in the offer document are open for business;

**Explanation**: For the purpose of this clause, in respect of –

(a) announcement of price band; and

(b) bid/issue period, working day shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, on which commercial banks in the city as notified in the offer document are open for business;

(c) the time period between the bid/issue closing date and the listing of the specified securities on the stock exchanges, working day shall mean all trading days of the stock exchanges, excluding Sundays and bank holidays, as per circulars issued by the Board.

(2) All other words and expressions used but not defined in these regulations, but defined in the Act or the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Depositories Act, 1996 and/or the rules and regulations made there under shall have the same meaning as respectively assigned to them in such statutes or rules or regulations or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereto, as the case may be.

**Applicability of the regulations**

3. Unless otherwise provided, these regulations shall apply to the following:

(a) an initial public offer by an unlisted issuer;

(b) a rights issue by a listed issuer; where the aggregate value of the issue is ten crore rupees or more;

(c) a further public offer by a listed issuer;

(d) a preferential issue by a listed issuer;

(e) a qualified institutions placement by a listed issuer;

(f) an initial public offer of Indian depository receipts;

(g) a rights issue of Indian depository receipts;

(h) an initial public offer by a small and medium enterprise;

(i) a listing on the innovators growth platform through an issue or without an issue; and

(j) a bonus issue by a listed issuer.

**Provided that** in case of rights issue of size less than ten crore rupees, the issuer shall prepare the letter of offer in accordance with requirements as specified in these regulations and file the same with the Board for information and dissemination on the Board’s website.
Provided further that these regulations shall not apply to issue of securities under clause (b), (d) and (e) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 9 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.

CHAPTER II

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFER ON MAIN BOARD

PART I: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Reference date

4. Unless otherwise provided in this Chapter, an issuer making an initial public offer of specified securities satisfy the conditions of this Chapter as on the date of filing of the draft offer document with the Board and also as on the date of registering the offer document with the Registrar of Companies.

Entities not eligible to make an initial public offer

5. (1) An issuer shall not be eligible to make an initial public offer-
   a. if the issuer, any of its promoters, promoter group or directors or selling shareholders are debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board.
   b. if any of the promoters or directors of the issuer is a promoter or director of any other company which is debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board.
   c. if the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a willful defaulter.
   d. if any of its promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

Explanation: The restrictions under (a) and (b) above shall not apply to the persons or entities mentioned therein, who were debarred in the past by the Board and the period of debarment is already over as on the date of filing of the draft offer document with the Board.

(2) An issuer shall not be eligible to make an initial public offer if there are any outstanding convertible securities or any other right which would entitle any person with any option to receive equity shares of the issuer:

Provided that the provisions of this sub-regulation shall not apply to:

(a) outstanding options granted to employees, whether currently an employee or not, pursuant to an employee stock option scheme in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013, the relevant Guidance Note or accounting standards, if any, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India or pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013, in this regard;

(b) fully paid-up outstanding convertible securities which are required to be converted on or before
the date of filing of the red herring prospectus (in case of book-built issues) or the prospectus (in case of fixed price issues), as the case maybe.

0Eligibility requirements for an initial public offer

6. (1) An issuer shall be eligible to make an initial public offer only if:
   (a) it has net tangible assets of at least three crore rupees, calculated on a restated and consolidated basis, in each of the preceding three full years (of twelve months each), of which not more than fifty per cent. are held in monetary assets:

Provided that if more than fifty per cent of the net tangible assets are held in monetary assets, the issuer has utilised or made firm commitments to utilise such excess monetary assets in its business or project;

Provided further that the limit of fifty per cent on monetary assets shall not be applicable in case the initial public offer is made entirely through an offer for sale.

(b) it has an average operating profit of at least fifteen crore rupees, calculated on a restated and consolidated basis, during the preceding three years (of twelve months each), with operating profit in each of these preceding three years;

(c) it has a net worth of at least one crore rupees in each of the preceding three full years (of twelve months each), calculated on a restated and consolidated basis;

(d) if it has changed its name within the last one year, at least fifty per cent. of the revenue, calculated on a restated and consolidated basis, for the preceding one full year has been earned by it from the activity indicated by its new name.

(2) An issuer not satisfying the condition stipulated in sub-regulation (1) shall be eligible to make an initial public offer only if the issue is made through the book-building process and the issuer undertakes to allot at least seventy five per cent. of the net offer to qualified institutional buyers and to refund the full subscription money if it fails to do so.

General conditions

7. (1) An issuer making an initial public offer shall ensure that:
   (a) it has made an application to one or more stock exchanges to seek an in-principle approval for listing of its specified securities on such stock exchanges and has chosen one of them as the designated stock exchange, in terms of Schedule XIX;

   (b) it has entered into an agreement with a depository for dematerialisation of the specified securities already issued and proposed to be issued;

   (c) all its specified securities held by the promoters are in dematerialised form prior to filing of the Offer document;
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(d) all its existing partly paid-up equity shares have either been fully paid-up or have been forfeited;
(e) it has made firm arrangements of finance through verifiable means towards seventy five per cent. of the stated means of finance for a specific project proposed to be funded from the issue proceeds, excluding the amount to be raised through the proposed public issue or through existing identifiable internal accruals.

(2) The amount for general corporate purposes, as mentioned in objects of the issue in the draft offer document and the offer document shall not exceed twenty five per cent. of the amount being raised by the issuer.

Explanation: For the purposes of this regulation:

(I) “project” means the object for which monies are proposed to be raised to cover the objects of the issue;

(II) In case of an issuer which had been a partnership firm or a limited liability partnership, the track record of operating profit of the partnership firm or the limited liability partnership shall be considered only if the financial statements of the partnership business for the period during which the issuer was a partnership firm or a limited liability partnership, conform to and are revised in the format prescribed for companies under the Companies Act, 2013 and also comply with the following:

(a) adequate disclosures are made in the financial statements as required to be made by the issuer as per schedule III of the Companies Act,2013;

(b) the financial statements are duly certified by the statutory auditor stating that:

(i) the accounts and the disclosures made are in accordance with the provisions of schedule III of the Companies Act,2013;

(ii) the applicable accounting standards have been followed;

(iii) the financial statements present a true and fair view of the firm’s accounts;

(III) In case of an issuer formed out of a division of an existing company, the track record of distributable profits of the division spun-off shall be considered only if the requirements regarding financial statements as provided for partnership firms or limited liability partnerships in Explanation (II) are complied with.

Additional conditions for an offer for sale

8. Only such fully paid-up equity shares may be offered for sale to the public, which have been held by the sellers for a period of at least one year prior to the filing of the draft offer document:

Provided that in case the equity shares received on conversion or exchange of fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities including depository receipts are being offered for sale, the holding period of such convertible securities, including depository receipts, as well as that of resultant equity shares together shall be considered for the purpose of calculation of one year period referred in this sub-regulation.
Provided further that such holding period of one year shall be required to be complied with at the time of filing of the draft offer document.

Explanation: If the equity shares arising out of the conversion or exchange of the fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities are being offered for sale, the conversion or exchange should be completed prior to filing of the offer document (i.e. red herring prospectus in the case of a book built issue and prospectus in the case of a fixed price issue), provided full disclosures of the terms of conversion or exchange are made in the draft offer document.

Provided further that the requirement of holding equity shares for a period of one year shall not apply:

a) in case of an offer for sale of a government company or statutory authority or corporation or any special purpose vehicle set up and controlled by any one or more of them, which is engaged in the infrastructure sector;

b) if the equity shares offered for sale were acquired pursuant to any scheme approved by a High Court under the sections 391 to 394 of Companies Act, 1956, or approved by a tribunal or the Central Government under the sections 230 to 234 of Companies Act, 2013, as applicable, in lieu of business and invested capital which had been in existence for a period of more than one year prior to approval of such scheme;

c) if the equity shares offered for sale were issued under a bonus issue on securities held for a period of at least one year prior to the filing of the draft offer document with the Board and further subject to the following:

   (i) such specified securities being issued out of free reserves and share premium existing in the books of account as at the end of the financial year preceding the financial year in which the draft offer document is filed with the Board; and.

   (ii) such equity shares not being issued by utilisation of revaluation reserves or unrealized profits of the issuer.

PART II: ISSUE OF CONVERTIBLE DEBT INSTRUMENTS AND WARRANTS

Eligibility requirements for issue of convertible debt instruments

9. An issuer shall be eligible to make an initial public offer of convertible debt instruments even without making a prior public issue of its equity shares and listing thereof.

Provided that it is not in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt instruments issued by it to the public, if any, for a period of more than six months.
Additional requirements for issue of convertible debt instruments

10. (1) In addition to other requirements laid down in these regulations, an issuer making an initial public offer of convertible debt instruments shall also comply with the following conditions:

(a) it has obtained credit rating from at least one credit rating agency;

(b) it has appointed at least one debenture trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993;

(c) it shall create a debenture redemption reserve in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under;

(d) if the issuer proposes to create a charge or security on its assets in respect of secured convertible debt instruments, it shall ensure that:

(i) such assets are sufficient to discharge the principal amount at all times;

(ii) such assets are free from any encumbrance;

(iii) where security is already created on such assets in favour of any existing lender or security trustee or the issue of convertible debt instruments is proposed to be secured by creation of security on a leasehold land, the consent of such lender or security trustee or lessor for a second or pari passu charge has been obtained and submitted to the debenture trustee before the opening of the issue;

(iv) the security or asset cover shall be arrived at after reduction of the liabilities having a first or prior charge, in case the convertible debt instruments are secured by a second or subsequent charge.

(2) The issuer shall redeem the convertible debt instruments in terms of the offer document.

Conversion of optionally convertible debt instruments into equity shares

11. (1) The issuer shall not convert its optionally convertible debt instruments into equity shares unless the holders of such convertible debt instruments have sent their positive consent to the issuer and non-receipt of reply to any notice sent by the issuer for this purpose shall not be construed as consent for conversion of any convertible debt instruments.

(2) Where the value of the convertible portion of any listed convertible debt instruments issued by an issuer exceeds ten crore rupees and the issuer has not determined the conversion price of such convertible debt instruments at the time of making the issue, the holders of such convertible debt instruments shall be given the option of not converting the convertible portion into equity shares:

Provided that where the upper limit on the price of such convertible debt instruments and justification thereon is determined and disclosed to the investors at the time of making the issue, it
shall not be necessary to give such option to the holders of the convertible debt instruments for converting the convertible portion into equity share capital within the said upper limit.

(3) Where an option is to be given to the holders of the convertible debt instruments in terms of sub-regulation (2) and if one or more of such holders do not exercise the option to convert the instruments into equity share capital at a price determined in the general meeting of the shareholders, the issuer shall redeem that part of the instruments within one month from the last date by which option is to be exercised, at a price which shall not be less than its face value.

(4) The provision of sub-regulation (2) shall not apply if such redemption is as per the disclosures made in the offer document.

Issue of convertible debt instruments for financing

12. An issuer shall not issue convertible debt instruments for financing or for providing loans to or for acquiring shares of any person who is part of the promoter group or group companies:

Provided that an issuer shall be eligible to issue fully convertible debt instruments for these purposes if the period of conversion of such debt instruments is less than eighteen months from the date of issue of such debt instruments.

Issue of warrants

13. An issuer shall be eligible to issue warrants in an initial public offer subject to the following:

a) the tenure of such warrants shall not exceed eighteen months from the date of their allotment in the initial public offer;

b) a specified security may have one or more warrants attached to it;

c) the price or formula for determination of exercise price of the warrants shall be determined upfront and disclosed in the offer document and at least twenty-five per cent. of the consideration amount based on the exercise price shall also be received upfront;

Provided that in case the exercise price of warrants is based on a formula, twenty-five per cent consideration amount based on the cap price of the price band determined for the linked equity shares or convertible securities shall be received upfront.

d) in case the warrant holder does not exercise the option to take equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, within three months from the date of payment of consideration, such consideration made in respect of such warrants shall be forfeited by the issuer.

PART III: PROMOTERS’ CONTRIBUTION

Minimum promoters’ contribution

14. (1) The promoters of the issuer shall hold at least twenty per cent. of the post-issue capital:
Provided that in case the post-issue shareholding of the promoters is less than twenty per cent., alternative investment funds or foreign venture capital investors or scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or insurance companies registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India may contribute to meet the shortfall in minimum contribution as specified for the promoters, subject to a maximum of ten per cent. of the post-issue capital without being identified as promoter(s).

Provided further that the requirement of minimum promoters’ contribution shall not apply in case an issuer does not have any identifiable promoter.

(2) The minimum promoters’ contribution shall be as follows:

a) the promoters shall contribute twenty per cent. as stipulated in sub-regulation (1), as the case may be, either by way of equity shares or by way of subscription to convertible securities:

Provided that if the price of the equity shares allotted pursuant to conversion is not pre-determined and not disclosed in the offer document, the promoters shall contribute only by way of subscription to the convertible securities being issued in the public issue and shall undertake in writing to subscribe to the equity shares pursuant to conversion of such securities.

b) in case of any issue of convertible securities which are convertible or exchangeable on different dates and if the promoters’ contribution is by way of equity shares (conversion price being pre-determined), such contribution shall not be at a price lower than the weighted average price of the equity share capital arising out of conversion of such securities.

c) subject to the provisions of clause (a) and (b) above, in case of an initial public offer of convertible debt instruments without a prior public issue of equity shares, the promoters shall bring in a contribution of at least twenty per cent. of the project cost in the form of equity shares, subject to contributing at least twenty per cent. of the issue size from their own funds in the form of equity shares:

Provided that if the project is to be implemented in stages, the promoters’ contribution shall be with respect to total equity participation till the respective stage vis-à-vis the debt raised or proposed to be raised through the public issue.

(3) The promoters shall satisfy the requirements of this regulation at least one day prior to the date of opening of the issue.

(4) In case the promoters have to subscribe to equity shares or convertible securities towards minimum promoters’ contribution, the amount of promoters’ contribution shall be kept in an escrow account with a scheduled commercial bank, which shall be released to the issuer along with the release of the issue proceeds:

Provided that where the promoters’ contribution has already been brought in and utilised, the issuer shall give the cash flow statement disclosing the use of such funds in the offer document;
Provided further that where the minimum promoters’ contribution is more than one hundred crore rupees and the initial public offer is for partly paid shares, the promoters shall bring in at least one hundred crore rupees before the date of opening of the issue and the remaining amount may be brought on a pro-rata basis before the calls are made to the public.

Explanation: For the purpose of this regulation:

(I) Promoters’ contribution shall be computed on the basis of the post-issue expanded capital:
   a) assuming full proposed conversion of convertible securities into equity shares;
   b) assuming exercise of all vested options, where any employee stock options are outstanding at the time of initial public offer in terms of proviso (a) to sub-regulation (2) of regulation 5.

(II) For computation of “weighted average price”:
   a) “weight” means the number of equity shares arising out of conversion of such specified securities into equity shares at various stages;
   b) “price” means the price of equity shares on conversion arrived at after taking into account the predetermined conversion price at various stages.

Securities ineligible for minimum promoters’ contribution

15. (1) For the computation of minimum promoters’ contribution, the following specified securities shall not be eligible:

(a) specified securities acquired during the preceding three years, if these are:
   i. acquired for consideration other than cash and revaluation of assets or capitalisation of intangible assets is involved in such transaction; or
   ii. resulting from a bonus issue by utilisation of revaluation reserves or unrealized profits of the issuer or from bonus issue against equity shares which are ineligible for minimum promoters’ contribution;

(b) specified securities acquired by the promoters and alternative investment funds or foreign venture capital investors or scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or insurance companies registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India, during the preceding one year at a price lower than the price at which specified securities are being offered to the public in the initial public offer:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply:

(i) if the promoters and alternative investment funds, as applicable, pay to the issuer the difference between the price at which the specified securities are offered in the initial public offer and the price at which the specified securities had been acquired;

(ii) if such specified securities are acquired in terms of the scheme under sections 391 to 394 of
the Companies Act, 1956 or sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013, as approved by a High Court or a tribunal or the Central Government, as applicable, by the promoters in lieu of business and invested capital that had been in existence for a period of more than one year prior to such approval; to an initial public offer by a government company, statutory authority or corporation or any special purpose vehicle set up by any of them, which is engaged in the infrastructure sector;

(c) specified securities allotted to the promoters and alternative investment funds during the preceding one year at a price less than the issue price, against funds brought in by them during that period, in case of an issuer formed by conversion of one or more partnership firms or limited liability partnerships, where the partners of the erstwhile partnership firms or limited liability partnerships are the promoters of the issuer and there is no change in the management:

Provided that specified securities, allotted to the promoters against the capital existing in such firms for a period of more than one year on a continuous basis, shall be eligible;

(d) specified securities pledged with any creditor.

(2) Specified securities referred to in clauses (a) and (c) of sub-regulation (1) shall be eligible for the computation of promoters’ contribution if such securities are acquired pursuant to a scheme which has been approved by a High Court under the sections 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or approved by a tribunal or the Central Government under sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PART IV: LOCK-IN AND RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

Lock-in of specified securities held by the promoters

16. The specified securities held by the promoters shall not be transferable (hereinafter referred to as “lock-in”) for the periods as stipulated here under:

(a) minimum promoters’ contribution including contribution made by alternative investment funds or foreign venture capital investors or scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or insurance companies registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India referred to in proviso to sub-regulation (1) of regulation 14, shall be locked-in for a period of three years from the date of commencement of commercial production or date of allotment in the initial public offer, whichever is later;

(b) promoters’ holding in excess of minimum promoters’ contribution shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of allotment in the initial public offer.

Explanation: For the purposes of this clause, the expression "date of commencement of commercial production" means the last date of the month in which commercial production of the project in respect of which the funds raised are proposed to be utilised as stated in the offer document, is expected to commence.
Lock-in of specified securities held by persons other than the promoters

17. The entire pre-issue capital held by persons other than the promoters shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of allotment in the initial public offer:

Provided that nothing contained in this regulation shall apply to:

a) equity shares allotted to employees, whether currently an employee or not, under an employee stock option or employee stock purchase scheme of the issuer prior to the initial public offer, if the issuer has made full disclosures with respect to such options or scheme in accordance with Part A of Schedule VI;

b) equity shares held by an employee stock option trust or transferred to the employees by an employee stock option trust pursuant to exercise of options by the employees, whether currently employees or not, in accordance with the employee stock option plan or employee stock purchase scheme.

Provided that the equity shares allotted to the employees shall be subject to the provisions of lock-in as specified under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.

c) equity shares held by a venture capital fund or alternative investment fund of category I or Category II or a foreign venture capital investor:

Provided that such equity shares shall be locked in for a period of at least one year from the date of purchase by the venture capital fund or alternative investment fund or foreign venture capital investor.

Explanation: For the purpose of clause (c), in case such equity shares have resulted pursuant to conversion of fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities, the holding period of such convertible securities as well as that of resultant equity shares together shall be considered for the purpose of calculation of one year period and convertible securities shall be deemed to be fully paid-up, if the entire consideration payable thereon has been paid and no further consideration is payable at the time of their conversion.

Lock-in of specified securities lent to stabilising agent under the green shoe option

18. The lock-in provisions shall not apply with respect to the specified securities lent to stabilising agent for the purpose of green shoe option, during the period starting from the date of lending of such specified securities and ending on the date on which they are returned to the lender in terms of sub-regulation (5) or (6) of regulation 57:

Provided that the specified securities shall be locked-in for the remaining period from the date on which they are returned to the lender.

Lock-in of partly-paid securities

19. If the specified securities which are subject to lock-in are partly paid-up and the amount called-
upon such specified securities is less than the amount called-upon the specified securities issued to the public, the lock-in shall end only on the expiry of three years after such specified securities have become pari passu with the specified securities issued to the public.

Inscription or recording of non-transferability

20. The certificates of specified securities which are subject to lock-in shall contain the inscription “non-transferable” and specify the lock-in period and in case such specified securities are dematerialised, the issuer shall ensure that the lock-in is recorded by the depository.

Pledge of locked-in specified securities

21. Specified securities held by the promoters and locked-in may be pledged as a collateral security for a loan granted by a scheduled commercial bank or a public financial institution or a systemically important non-banking finance company or a housing finance company, subject to the following:

a) if the specified securities are locked-in in terms of clause (a) of regulation 16, the loan has been granted to the issuer company or its subsidiary(ies) for the purpose of financing one or more of the objects of the issue and pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan;

b) if the specified securities are locked-in in terms of clause (b) of regulation 16 and the pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan.

Provided that such lock-in shall continue pursuant to the invocation of the pledge and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer the specified securities till the lock-in period stipulated in these regulations has expired.

Transferability of locked-in specified securities

22. Subject to the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, the specified securities held by the promoters and locked-in as per regulation 16, may be transferred to another promoter or any person of the promoter group or a new promoter and the specified securities held by persons other than the promoters and locked-in as per regulation 17, may be transferred to any other person holding the specified securities which are locked-in along with the securities proposed to be transferred:

Provided that the lock-in on such specified securities shall continue for the remaining period with the transferee and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them till the lock-in period stipulated in these regulations has expired.

PART V: APPOINTMENT OF LEAD MANAGERS, OTHER INTERMEDIARIES AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

23. (1) The issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as lead manager(s) to the issue.

(2) Where the issue is managed by more than one lead manager, the rights, obligations and
responsibilities, relating *inter alia* to disclosures, allotment, refund and underwriting obligations, if any, of each lead manager shall be predetermined and be disclosed in the draft offer document and the offer document as specified in Schedule I.

(3) At least one lead manager to the issue shall not be an associate (as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992) of the issuer and if any of the lead manager is an associate of the issuer, it shall disclose itself as an associate of the issuer and its role shall be limited to marketing of the issue.

(4) The issuer shall, in consultation with the lead manager(s), appoint other intermediaries which are registered with the Board after the lead manager(s) have independently assessed the capability of other intermediaries to carry out their obligations.

(5) The issuer shall enter into an agreement with the lead manager(s) in the format specified in Schedule II and enter into agreements with other intermediaries as required under the respective regulations applicable to the intermediary concerned:

Provided that such agreements may include such other clauses as the issuer and the intermediaries may deem fit without diminishing or limiting in any way the liabilities and obligations of the lead manager(s), other intermediaries and the issuer under the Act, the Companies Act, 2013 or the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules and regulations made there under or any statutory modification or statutory enactment thereof:

Provided further that in case of ASBA process, the issuer shall take cognisance of the deemed agreement of the issuer with the self-certified syndicate banks.

(6) The issuer shall, in case of an issue made through the book building process, appoint syndicate member(s) and in the case of any other issue, appoint bankers to issue, at centres in the manner specified in Schedule XII.

(7) The issuer shall appoint a registrar to the issue, registered with the Board, which has connectivity with all the depositories:

Provided that if the issuer itself is a registrar, it shall not appoint itself as registrar to the issue;

Provided further that the lead manager shall not act as a registrar to the issue in which it is also handling the post-issue responsibilities.

(8) The issuer shall appoint a compliance officer who shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of the securities laws and for redressal of investors’ grievances.

PART VI: DISCLOSURES IN AND FILING OF OFFER DOCUMENTS

Disclosures in the draft offer document and offer document

24. (1) The draft offer document and offer document shall contain all material disclosures which are true and adequate to enable the applicants to take an informed investment decision.
Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the red-herring prospectus, and prospectus shall contain:

(a) disclosures specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and;
(b) disclosures specified in Part A of Schedule VI.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall exercise due diligence and satisfy themselves about all aspects of the issue including the veracity and adequacy of disclosure in the draft offer document and the offer document.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall call upon the issuer, its promoters and its directors or in case of an offer for sale, also the selling shareholders, to fulfill their obligations as disclosed by them in the draft offer document and the offer document and as required in terms of these regulations.

(5) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the information contained in the draft offer document and offer document and the particulars as per restated audited financial statements in the offer document are not more than six months old from the issue opening date.

**Filing of the draft offer document and offer document**

25. (1) Prior to making an initial public offer, the issuer shall file three copies of the draft offer document with the concerned regional office of the Board under the jurisdiction of which the registered office of the issuer company is located, in accordance with Schedule IV, along with fees as specified in Schedule III, through the lead manager(s).

(2) The lead manager(s) shall submit the following to the Board along with the draft offer document:

   a) a certificate, confirming that an agreement has been entered into between the issuer and the lead manager(s);
   b) a due diligence certificate as per Form A of Schedule V;
   c) in case of an issue of convertible debt instruments, a due diligence certificate from the debenture trustee as per Form B of Schedule V;

(3) The issuer shall also file the draft offer document with the stock exchange(s) where the specified securities are proposed to be listed, and submit to the stock exchange(s), the Permanent Account Number, bank account number and passport number of its promoters where they are individuals, and Permanent Account Number, bank account number, company registration number or equivalent and the address of the Registrar of Companies with which the promoter is registered, where the promoter is a body corporate.

(4) The Board may specify changes or issue observations, if any, on the draft offer document within thirty days from the later of the following dates:

   a) the date of receipt of the draft offer document under sub-regulation (1); or
b) the date of receipt of satisfactory reply from the lead manager(s), where the Board has sought any clarification

c) or additional information from them; or the date of receipt of clarification or information from any regulator or agency, where the Board has sought any clarification or information from such regulator or agency; or

d) the date of receipt of a copy of in-principle approval letter issued by the stock exchange(s).

(5) If the Board specifies any changes or issues observations on the draft offer document, the issuer and lead manager(s) shall carry out such changes in the draft offer document and shall submit to the Board an updated draft offer document complying with the observations issued by the Board and highlighting all changes made in the draft offer document and before registering or filing the offer documents with the Registrar of Companies or an appropriate authority, as applicable.

(6) If there are any changes in the draft offer document in relation to the matters specified in Schedule XVI, an updated offer document or a fresh draft offer document, as the case may be, shall be filed with the Board along with fees specified in Schedule III.

(7) Copy of the offer documents shall also be filed with the Board and the stock exchange(s) through the lead manager(s) promptly after registering the offer documents with Registrar of Companies.

(8) The draft offer document and the offer document shall also be furnished to the Board in a soft copy.

(9) The lead manager(s) shall submit the following documents to the Board after issuance of observations by the Board or after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (4) of regulation 25 if the Board has not issued observations:

   a) a statement certifying that all changes, suggestions and observations made by the Board have been incorporated in the offer document;

   b) a due diligence certificate as per Form C of Schedule V, at the time of registering of the offer document;

   c) a copy of the resolution passed by the board of directors of the issuer for allotting specified securities to promoter(s) towards amount received against promoters’ contribution, before opening of the issue;

   d) a certificate from a statutory auditor, before opening of the issue, certifying that promoters’ contribution has been received in accordance with these regulations, accompanying therewith the names and addresses of the promoters who have contributed to the promoters’ contribution and the amount paid and credited to the issuer’s bank account by each of them towards such contribution;

   e) a due diligence certificate as per Form D of Schedule V, in the event the issuer has made a disclosure of any material development by issuing a public notice pursuant to par 4 of Schedule IX.
Draft offer document and offer document to be available to the public

26. (1) The draft offer document filed with the Board shall be made public for comments, if any, for a period of at least twenty one days from the date of filing, by hosting it on the websites of the Board, stock exchanges where specified securities are proposed to be listed and lead manager(s) associated with the issue.

(2) The issuer shall, within two days of filing the draft offer document with the Board, make a public announcement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language newspaper with wide circulation at the place where the registered office of the issuer is situated, disclosing the fact of filing of the draft offer document with the Board and inviting the public to provide their comments to the Board, the issuer or the lead manager(s) in respect of the disclosures made in the draft offer document.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall, after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1), file with the Board, details of the comments received by them or the issuer from the public, on the draft offer document, during that period and the consequential changes, if any, that are required to be made in the draft offer document.

(4) The issuer and the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the offer documents are hosted on the websites as required under these regulations and its contents are the same as the versions as filed with the Registrar of Companies, Board and the stock exchanges, as applicable.

(5) The lead manager(s) and the stock exchanges shall provide copies of the offer document to the public as and when requested and may charge a reasonable sum for providing a copy of the same.

PART VII - PRICING

Face value of equity shares

27. The disclosure about the face value of equity shares shall be made in the draft offer document, offer document, advertisements and application forms, along with the price band or the issue price in identical font size.

Pricing

28. (1) The issuer may determine the price of equity shares, and in case of convertible securities, the coupon rate and the conversion price, in consultation with the lead manager(s) or through the book building process, as the case may be.

(2) The issuer shall undertake the book building process in the manner specified in Schedule XIII.

Price and price band

29. (1) The issuer may mention a price or a price band in the offer document (in case of a fixed price issue) and a floor price or a price band in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) and determine the price at a later date before registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies:
Provided that the prospectus registered with the Registrar of Companies shall contain only one price or the specific coupon rate, as the case may be.

(2) The cap on the price band, and the coupon rate in case of convertible debt instruments, shall be less than or equal to one hundred and twenty percent of the floor price.

(3) The floor price or the final price shall not be less than the face value of the specified securities.

(4) Where the issuer opts not to make the disclosure of the floor price or price band in their adhering prospectus, the issuer shall announce the floor price or the price band at least two working days before the opening of the issue in the same newspapers in which the pre-issue advertisement was released or together with the pre-issue advertisement in the format prescribed under Part A of Schedule X.

(5) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) shall contain relevant financial ratios computed for both upper and lower end of the price band and also a statement drawing attention of the investors to the section titled “basis of issue price” of the offer document.

(6) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) and the relevant financial ratios referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be disclosed on the websites of the stock exchange(s) and shall also be pre-filled in the application forms to be made available on the websites of the stock exchange(s).

Differential pricing

30. (1) The issuer may offer its specified securities at different prices, subject to the following:

   a) retail individual investors or retail individual shareholders or employees entitled for reservation made under regulation 33 may be offered specified securities at a price not lower than by more than ten per cent. of the price at which net offer is made to other categories of applicants, excluding anchor investors;

   b) in case of a book built issue, the price of the specified securities offered to the anchor investors shall not be lower than the price offered to other applicants;

   c) in case the issuer opts for the alternate method of book building in terms of Part D of Schedule XIII, the issuer may offer the specified securities to its employees at a price not lower than by more than ten per cent. of the floor price.

(2) Discount, if any, shall be expressed in rupee terms in the offer document.

PART VIII: ISSUANCE CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURE

Minimum offer to public

31. The minimum offer to the public shall be subject to the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 19 of Securities Contracts (Regulations) Rules, 1957.
Allocation in the net offer

32. (1) In an issue made through the book building process under sub-regulation (1) of regulation 6 the allocation in the net offer category shall be as follows:

   a) Not less than thirty five per cent. to retail individual investors;

   b) Not less than fifteen per cent. to non-institutional investors;

   c) Not more than fifty per cent. to qualified institutional buyers, five per cent. of which shall be allocated to mutual funds:

Provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in any other category:

Provided further that in addition to five per cent allocation available in terms of clause (c), mutual funds shall be eligible for allocation under the balance available for qualified institutional buyers.

(2) In an issue made through the book building process under sub-regulation (2) of regulation 6, the allocation in the net offer category shall be as follows:

   a) Not more than ten per cent. to retail individual investors;

   b) Not more than fifteen per cent. to non-institutional investors;

   c) Not less than seventy five percent. to qualified institutional buyers, five percent. of which shall be allocated to mutual funds

Provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in the other category:

Provided further that in addition to five per cent allocation available in terms of clause (c), mutual funds shall be eligible for allocation under the balance available for qualified institutional buyers.

(3) In an issue made through the book building process, the issuer may allocate up to sixty per cent. of the portion available for allocation to qualified institutional buyers to anchor investors in accordance with the conditions specified in this regard in Schedule XIII.

(4) In an issue made other than through the book building process, the allocation in the net offer category shall be made as follows:

   i. minimum fifty per cent. to retail individual investors; and

   ii. remaining to:

      (i) individual applicants other than retail individual investors; and

      (ii) other investors including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for;

Provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) maybe allocated to applicants in the other category.
**Explanation**: For the purpose of sub-regulation (4), if the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty per cent. of the issue size on a proportionate basis, the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.

**Reservation on a competitive basis**

33. (1) The issuer may make reservations on a competitive basis out of the issue size excluding promoters’ contribution in favour of the following categories of persons:
   a) employees;
   b) shareholders (other than promoters and promoter group) of listed subsidiaries or listed promoter companies.

*Provided that* the issuer shall not make any reservation for the lead manager(s), registrar, syndicate member(s), their promoters, directors and employees and for the group or associate companies (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) of the lead manager(s), registrar and syndicate member(s) and their promoters, directors and employees.

(2) The reservations on a competitive basis shall be subject to the following conditions:
   a) The aggregate of reservations for employees shall not exceed five per cent. of the post-issue capital of the issuer and the value of allotment to any employee shall not exceed two lakhs rupees:

*Provided that* in the event of under-subscription in the employee reservation portion, the unsubscribed portion may be allotted on a proportionate basis, for a value in excess of two lakhs rupees, subject to the total allotment to an employee not exceeding five lakhs rupees.

b) Reservation for shareholders shall not exceed ten per cent of the issue size;

c) no further application for subscription in the net offer can be made by persons (except an employee and retail individual shareholder) in favour of whom reservation on a competitive basis is made;

d) any unsubscribed portion in any reserved category may be added to any other reserved category and the unsubscribed portion, if any, after such inter-se adjustments among the reserved categories shall be added to the net offer category;

e) in case of under-subscription in the net offer category, spill-over to the extent of under-subscription shall be permitted from the reserved category to the net offer.

(3) An applicant in any reserved category may make an application for any number of specified securities, but not exceeding the reserved portion for that category.

**Abridged prospectus**

34. (1) The abridged prospectus shall contain the disclosures as specified in Part E of Schedule VI and shall not contain any matter extraneous to the contents of the offer document.
Every application form distributed by the issuer or any other person in relation to an issue shall be accompanied by a copy of the abridged prospectus.

**ASBA**

35. The issuer shall accept bids using only the ASBA facility in the manner specified by the Board.

**Availability of issue material**

36. The lead manager(s) shall ensure availability of the offer document and other issue material including application forms to stock exchanges, syndicate members, registrar to issue, registrar and share transfer agents, depository participants, stock brokers, underwriters, bankers to the issue, and self certified syndicate banks before the opening of the issue.

**Prohibition on payment of incentives**

37. Any person connected with the issue shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any person for making an application in the initial public offer, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the issue.

**Security deposit**

38. (1) The issuer shall, before the opening of the subscription list, deposit with the designated stock exchange, an amount calculated at the rate of one per cent. of the issue size available for subscription to the public in the manner specified by Board and/or stock exchange(s).

(2) The amount specified in sub-regulation (1) shall be refundable or forfeitable in the manner specified by the Board.

**IPO grading**

39. The issuer may obtain grading for its initial public offer from one or more credit rating agencies registered with the Board.

**Underwriting**

40. (1) If the issuer making an initial public offer, other than through the book building process, desires to have the issue underwritten, it shall appoint underwriters in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Underwriters) Regulations, 1993.

(2) If the issuer makes a public issue through the book building process,

   a) the issue shall be underwritten by lead manager(s) and syndicate member(s):

   **Provided that** at least seventy five per cent of the net offer proposed to be compulsorily allotted to qualified institutional buyers for the purpose of compliance of the eligibility conditions specified in sub-regulation (2) of regulation 6, cannot be underwritten.

   b) the issuer shall, prior to filing the prospectus, enter into underwriting agreement with the lead manager(s) and syndicate member(s), indicating there in the number of specified
securities which they shall subscribe to at the predetermined price in the event of under-subscription in the issue.

c) if the syndicate member(s) fail to fulfil their underwriting obligations, the lead manager(s) shall fulfill the underwriting obligations.

d) the lead manager(s) and syndicate member(s) shall not subscribe to the issue in any manner except for fulfilling their underwriting obligations.

e) in case of every underwritten issue, the lead manager(s) shall undertake minimum underwriting obligations as specified in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992.

f) where the issue is required to be underwritten, the underwriting obligations should at least to the extent of minimum subscription.

Monitoring agency

41. (1) If the issue size, excluding the size of offer for sale by selling shareholders, exceeds one hundred crore rupees, the issuer shall make arrangements for the use of proceeds of the issue to be monitored by a public financial institution or by a scheduled commercial bank named in the offer document as bankers of the issuer:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an issue of specified securities made by a bank or public financial institution or an insurance company.

(2) The monitoring agency shall submit its report to the issuer in the format specified in Schedule XI on a quarterly basis, till at least ninety five per cent. of the proceeds of the issue, excluding the proceeds raised for general corporate purposes, have been utilized.

(3) The board of directors and the management of the issuer shall provide their comments on the findings of the monitoring agency as specified in Schedule XI.

(4) The issuer shall, within forty five days from the end of each quarter, publicly disseminate the report of the monitoring agency by uploading the same on its website as well as submitting the same to the stock exchange(s) on which its equity shares are listed.

Public communications, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports

42. All public communication, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports shall comply with the provisions of Schedule IX.

Issue-related advertisements

43. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the issuer shall, after registering the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) or prospectus (in case of fixed price issue) with the Registrar of Companies, make a pre-issue advertisement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language newspaper with wide circulation at the place where the registered office of the issuer is situated.
(2) The pre-issue advertisement shall be in the format and shall contain the disclosures specified in Part A of Schedule X.

Provided that the disclosures in relation to price band or floor price and financial ratios contained therein shall only be applicable where the issuer opts to announce the price band or floor price along with the pre-issue advertisement pursuant to sub-regulation (4) of regulation 29.

(3) The issuer may release advertisements for issue opening and issue closing, which shall be in the formats specified in Parts B and C of Schedule X.

(4) During the period the issue is open for subscription, no advertisement shall be released giving an impression that the issue has been fully subscribed or oversubscribed or indicating investors’ response to the issue.

Opening of the issue

44. (1) Subject to the compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a public issue may be opened within twelve months from the date of issuance of the observations by the Board under regulation 25;

(2) An issue shall be opened after at least three working days from the date of registering, the red herring prospectus, in case of a book built issue and the prospectus, in case of a fixed price issue, with the Registrar of Companies.

Minimum subscription

45. (1) The minimum subscription to be received in the issue shall be at least ninety per cent. of the offer through the offer document, except in case of an offer for sale of specified securities:

Provided that the minimum subscription to be received shall be subject to the allotment of minimum number of specified securities, as prescribed under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

(2) In the event of non-receipt of minimum subscription referred to in sub-regulation (1), all application monies received shall be refunded to the applicants forthwith, but not later than fifteen days from the closure of the issue.

Period of subscription

46. (1) Except as otherwise provided in these regulations, an initial public offer shall be kept open for at least three working days and not more than ten working days.

(2) In case of a revision in the price band, the issuer shall extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus, for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

(3) In case of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, the issuer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus (in case
of a book built issue) or the issue period disclosed in the prospectus (in case of a fixed price issue), for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation(1).

Application and minimum application value

47. (1) A person shall not make an application in the net offer category for a number of specified securities that exceeds the total number of specified securities offered to the public.

Provided that the maximum application by non-institutional investors shall not exceed total number of specified securities offered in the issue less total number of specified securities offered in the issue to qualified institutional buyers.

(2) The issuer shall stipulate in the offer document the minimum application size in terms of number of specified securities which shall fall within the range of minimum application value of ten thousand rupees to fifteen thousand rupees.

(3) The issuer shall invite applications in multiples of the minimum application value, an illustration whereof is given in Part B of Schedule XIV.

(4) The minimum sum payable on application per specified security shall be at least twenty five per cent. of the issue price:

Provided that in case of an offer for sale, the full issue price for each specified security shall be payable at the time of application.

Explanation: For the purpose of this regulation, “minimum application value” shall be with reference to the issue price of the specified securities and not with reference to the amount payable on application.

Manner of calls

48. If the issuer proposes to receive subscription monies in calls, it shall ensure that the outstanding subscription money is called within twelve months from the date of allotment in the issue and if any applicant fails to pay the call money within the said twelve months, the equity shares on which there are calls in arrears along with the subscription money already paid on such shares shall be forfeited:

Provided that it shall not be necessary to call the outstanding subscription money within twelve months, if the issuer has appointed a monitoring agency in terms of regulation 41.

Allotment procedure and basis of allotment

49. (1) The issuer shall not make an allotment pursuant to a public issue if the number of prospective allottees is less than one thousand.

(2) The issuer shall not make any allotment in excess of the specified securities offered through the offer document except in case of oversubscription for the purpose of rounding off to make allotment, in consultation with the designated stock exchange.
Provided that in case of oversubscription, an allotment of not more than one per cent. of the net offer to public may be made for the purpose of making allotment in minimum lots.

(3) The allotment of specified securities to applicants other than to the retail individual investors and anchor investors shall be on a proportionate basis within the respective investor categories and the number of securities allotted shall be rounded off to the nearest integer, subject to minimum allotment being equal to the minimum application size as determined and disclosed in the offer document:

Provided that the value of specified securities allotted to any person, except in case of employees, in pursuance of reservation made under clause (a) of sub-regulation (1) or clause (a) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 33, shall not exceed two lakhs rupees for retail investors or up to five lakhs rupees for eligible employees.

(4) The allotment of specified securities to each retail individual investor shall not be less than the minimum bid lot, subject to the availability of shares in retail individual investor category, and the remaining available shares, if any, shall be allotted on a proportionate basis.

(5) The authorised employees of the designated stock exchange, along with the lead manager(s) and registrars to the issue, shall ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the procedure as specified in Part A of Schedule XIV.

Allotment, refund and payment of interest

50. (1) The issuer and lead manager(s) shall ensure that the specified securities are allotted and/or application monies are refunded or unblocked within such period as may be specified by the Board.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the allotment, credit of dematerialised securities and refund or unblocking of application monies, as may be applicable, are done electronically.

(3) Where the specified securities are not allotted and/or application monies are not refunded or unblocked within the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1) above, the issuer shall undertake to pay interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum to the investors and within such time as disclosed in the offer document and the lead manager(s) shall ensure the same.

Post-issue advertisements

51. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that an advertisement giving details relating to subscription, basis of allotment, number, value and percentage of all applications including ASBA, number, value and percentage of successful allottees for all applications including ASBA, date of completion of despatch of refund orders, as applicable, or instructions to self-certified syndicate banks by the registrar, date of credit of specified securities and date of filing of listing application, etc. is released within ten days from the date of completion of the various activities in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation at the place where registered office of the issuer is situated.
Details specified in sub regulation (1) shall also be placed on the websites of the stock exchange(s).

**Post-issue responsibilities of the lead manager(s)**

52. (1) The responsibility of the lead manager(s) shall continue until completion of the issue process and for any issue related matter thereafter.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall regularly monitor redressal of investor grievances arising from any issue related activities.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall continue to be responsible for post-issue activities till the applicants have received the securities certificates, credit to their demat account or refund of application monies and the listing agreement is entered into by the issuer with the stock exchange and listing or trading permission is obtained.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall be responsible for and co-ordinate with the registrars to the issue and with various intermediaries at regular intervals after the closure of the issue to monitor the flow of applications from syndicate member(s) or collecting bank branches and/ or self-certified syndicate banks, processing of the applications including application form for ASBA and other matters till the basis of allotment is finalised, credit of the specified securities to the demat accounts of the allottees and unblocking of ASBA accounts/ despatch of refund orders are completed and securities are listed, as applicable.

(5) Any act of omission or commission on the part of any of the intermediaries noticed by the lead manager(s) shall be duly reported by them to the Board.

(6) In case there is a devolvement on the underwriters, the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the notice for devolvement containing the obligation of the underwriters is issued within ten days from the date of closure of the issue.

(7) In the case of undersubscribed issues that are underwritten, the lead manager(s) shall furnish information in respect of underwriters who have failed to meet their underwriting devolvement to the Board, in the format specified in Schedule XVIII.

**Release of subscription money**

53. (1) The lead manager(s) shall confirm to the bankers to the issue by way of copies of listing and trading approvals that all formalities in connection with the issue have been completed and that the banker is free release the money to the issuer or release the money for refund in case of failure of the issue.

(2) In case the issuer fails to obtain listing or trading permission from the stock exchanges where the specified securities were to be listed, it shall refund through verifiable means the entire monies received within seven days of receipt of intimation from stock exchanges rejecting the application for listing of specified securities, and if any such money is not repaid within eight days after the issuer becomes liable to repay it, the issuer and every director of the company who is an officer in
default shall, on and from the expiry of the eighth day, be jointly and severally liable to repay that money with interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the monies received in respect of the issue are released to the issuer in compliance with the provisions of Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

**Reporting of transactions of the promoters and promoter group**

54. The issuer shall ensure that all transactions in securities by the promoter and promoter group between the date of filing of the draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be, and the date of closure of the issue shall be reported to the stock exchange(s), within twenty four hours of such transactions.

**Post-issue reports**

55. The lead manager(s) shall submit a final post-issue report as specified in Part A of Schedule XVII, along with a due diligence certificate as per the format specified in Form F of Schedule V, within seven days of the date of finalization of basis of allotment or within seven days of refund of money in case of failure off issue.

**PART IX: MISCELLANEOUS**

**Restriction on further capital issues**

56. An issuer shall not make any further issue of specified securities in any manner whether by way of public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, qualified institutions placement, issue of bonus shares or otherwise, except pursuant to an employee stock option scheme, during the period between the

Date of filing the draft offer document and the listing of the specified securities offered through the offer document or refund of application monies, unless full disclosures regarding the total number of specified securities or amount proposed to be raised from such further issue are made in such draft offer document or offer document, as the case maybe.

**Price stabilisation through green shoe option**

57. (1) An issuer may provide a green shoe option for stabilising the post listing price of its specified securities, subject to the following:

a) the issuer has been authorized, by a resolution passed in the general meeting of shareholders approving the public issue, to allot specified securities to the stabilizing agent, if required, on the expiry of the stabilization period;

b) the issuer has appointed a lead manager as a stabilising agent, who shall be responsible for the price stabilization process;

c) prior to filing the draft offer document, the issuer and the stabilizing agent have entered into an agreement, stating all the terms and conditions relating to the green shoe option including
fees charged and expenses to be incurred by the stabilizing agent for discharging its responsibilities;

d) prior to filing the offer document, the stabilising agent has entered into an agreement with the promoters or pre-issue shareholders or both for borrowing specified securities from them in accordance with clause (g) of this sub-regulation, specifying therein the maximum number of specified securities that may be borrowed for the purpose of allotment or allocation of specified securities in excess of the issue size (here in after referred to as the “over-allotment”), which shall not be in excess of fifteen percent of the issue size;

e) subject to clause (d), the lead manager, in consultation with the stabilising agent, shall determine the amount of specified securities to be over-allotted in the public issue;

f) the draft offer document and offer document shall contain all material disclosures about the green shoe option specified in this regard in Part A of Schedule VI;

g) in case of an initial public offer pre-issue shareholders and promoters and in case of a further public offer pre-issue shareholders holding more than five per cent. specified securities and promoters, may lend specified securities to the extent of the proposed over-allotment;

h) the specified securities borrowed shall be in dematerialized form and allocation of these securities shall be made pro-rata to all successful applicants.

(2) For the purpose of stabilization of post-listing price of the specified securities, the stabilising agent shall determine the relevant aspects including the timing of buying such securities, quantity to be bought and the price at which such securities are to be bought from the market.

(3) The stabilisation process shall be available for a period not exceeding thirty days from the date on which trading permission is given by the stock exchanges in respect of the specified securities allotted in the public issue.

(4) The stabilizing agent shall open a special account, distinct from the issue account, with a bank for crediting the monies received from the applicants against the over-allotment and a special account with a depository participant for crediting specified securities to be bought from the market during the stabilization period out of the monies credited in the special bank account.

(5) The specified securities bought from the market and credited in the special account with the depository participant shall be returned to the promoters or pre-issue shareholders immediately, in any case not later than two working days after the end of the stabilization period.

(6) On expiry of the stabilisation period, if the stabilising agent has not been able to buy specified securities from the market to the extent of such securities over-allotted, the issuer shall allot specified securities at issue price in dematerialized form to the extent of the shortfall to the special account with the depository participant, within five days of the closure of the stabilization period and such specified securities shall be returned to the promoters or pre-issue shareholders by the stabilizing agent in lieu of the specified securities borrowed from them and the account with the depository participant shall be closed thereafter.
(7) The issuer shall make a listing application in respect of the further specified securities allotted under sub-regulation (6), to all the stock exchanges where the specified securities allotted in the public issue are listed and the provisions of Chapter VII shall not be applicable to such allotment.

(8) The stabilizing agent shall remit the monies with respect to the specified securities allotted under sub-regulation (6) to the issuer from the special bank account.

(9) Any monies left in the special bank account after remittance of monies to the issuer under sub-regulation (8) and deduction of expenses incurred by the stabilising agent for the stabilization process shall be transferred to the Investor Protection and Education Fund established by the Board and the special bank account shall be closed soon thereafter.

(10) The stabilizing agent shall submit a report to the stock exchange on a daily basis during the stabilization period and a final report to the Board in the format specified in Schedule XV.

(11) The stabilizing agent shall maintain a register for a period of at least three years from the date of the end of the stabilization period and such register shall contain the following particulars:

   a) The names of the promoters or pre-issue shareholders from whom the specified securities were borrowed and the number of specified securities borrowed from each of them;

   b) The price, date and time in respect of each transaction effected in the course of the stabilisation process; and

   c) The details of allotment made by the issuer on expiry of the stabilization process.

Alteration of rights of holders of specified securities

58. The issuer shall not alter the terms including the terms of issue of specified securities which may adversely affect the interests of the holders of that specified securities, except with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the specified securities of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the holders of the specified securities of that class.

Post-listing exit opportunity for dissenting shareholders

59. The promoters, or shareholders in control of an issuer, shall provide an exit offer to dissenting shareholders as provided for in the Companies Act, 2013, in case of change in objects or variation in the terms of contract related to objects referred to in the offer document as per conditions and manner is provided in Schedule XX;

Provided that the exit offer shall not apply where there are neither any identifiable promoters nor any shareholders in control of the issuer.
CHAPTER III

RIGHTS ISSUE

PART I: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Reference date

60. Unless otherwise provided in this Chapter, an issuer offering specified securities of aggregate value of ten crore rupees or more, through a rights issue shall satisfy the conditions of this Chapter at the time of filing the draft letter of offer with the Board and also at the time of filing the final letter of offer with the stock exchanges, as the case maybe.

Entities not eligible to make a rights issue

61. An issuer shall not be eligible to make a rights issue of specified securities:

   a) if the issuer, any of its promoters, promoter group or directors of the issuer are debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board;

   b) if any of the promoters or directors of the issuer is a promoter or director of any other company which is debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board.

   c) if any of its promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

Explanation: The restrictions under (a) and (b) above will not apply to the promoters or directors of the issuer who were debarred in the past by the Board and the period of debarment is already over as on the date of filing of the draft letter of offer with the Board.

General conditions

62. (1) The issuer making a rights issue of specified securities shall ensure that:

   a) it has made an application to one or more stock exchanges to seek an in-principle approval for listing of its specified securities on such stock exchanges and has chosen one of them as the designated stock exchange, in terms of Schedule XIX.

   b) all its existing partly paid-up equity shares have either been fully paid-up or have been forfeited;

   c) it has made firm arrangements of finance through verifiable means towards seventy five per cent. of the stated means of finance for the specific project proposed to be funded from issue proceeds, excluding the amount to be raised through the proposed rights issue or through existing identifiable internal accruals.

   (2) The amount for general corporate purposes, as mentioned in objects of the issue in the draft letter of offer and the letter of offer, shall not exceed twenty five per cent. of the amount raised by the issuer.
(3) Where the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a wilful defaulter, the promoters or promoter group of the issuer shall not renounce their rights except to the extent of renunciation within the promoter group.

PART II: ISSUE OF CONVERTIBLE DEBT INSTRUMENTS AND WARRANTS

Additional requirements for issue of convertible debt instruments

63. (1) In addition to other requirements laid down in these regulations, an issuer making a rights issue of convertible debt instruments shall also comply with the following conditions:

   a) it has obtained credit rating from at least one credit rating agency;

   b) it has appointed at least one debenture trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993;

   c) it shall create a debenture redemption reserve in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under;

   d) if the issuer proposes to create a charge or security on its assets in respect of secured convertible debt instruments, it shall ensure that:

      i. such assets are sufficient to discharge the principal amount at all times;

      ii. such assets are free from any encumbrance;

      iii. where security is already created on such assets in favour of any existing lender or security trustee or the issue of convertible debt instruments is proposed to be secured by creation of security on a leasehold land, the consent of such lender or security trustee or lessor for a second or pari passu charge has been obtained and submitted to the debenture trustee before the opening of the issue;

      iv. the security or asset cover shall be arrived at after reduction of the liabilities having a first or prior charge, in case the convertible debt instruments are secured by a second or subsequent charge.

(2) The issuer shall redeem the convertible debt instruments in terms of the letter of offer.

Roll over of non-convertible portion of partly convertible debt instruments

64. (1) The non-convertible portion of partly convertible debt instruments issued by a listed issuer, the value of which exceeds ten crore rupees, may be rolled over, subject to compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the following conditions:
a) seventy five per cent. of the holders (in value) of the convertible debt instruments of the issuer have, through a resolution, approved the rollover through postal ballot;

b) the issuer has, along with the notice for passing the resolution, sent to all holders of the convertible debt instruments, an auditors’ certificate on the cash flow of the issuer and with comments on the liquidity position of the issuer;

c) the issuer has undertaken to redeem the non-convertible portion of the partly convertible debt instruments of all the holders of the convertible debt instruments who have not agreed to there solution;

d) credit rating has been obtained from at least one credit rating agency registered with the Board within a period of one month prior to the due date of redemption and has been communicated to the holders of the convertible debt instruments, before the rollover;

(2) The creation of fresh security and execution of fresh trust deed shall not be mandatory if the existing trust deed or the security documents provide for continuance of the security till redemption of secured convertible debt instruments:

Provided that whether the issuer is required to create fresh security and to execute fresh trust deed or not shall be decided by the debenture trustee.

Conversion of optionally convertible debt instruments into equity shares

65. (1) An issuer shall not convert its optionally convertible debt instruments into equity shares unless the holders of such convertible debt instruments have sent their positive consent to the issuer and non-receipt of reply to any notice sent by the issuer for this purpose shall not be construed as consent for conversion of any convertible debt instruments.

(2) Where the value of the convertible portion of any listed convertible debt instruments issued by an issuer exceeds ten crores and the issuer has not determined the conversion price of such convertible debt instruments at the time of making the issue, the holders of such convertible debt instruments shall be given the option of not converting the convertible portion into equity shares:

Provided that where the upper limit on the price of such convertible debt instruments and justification thereon is determined and disclosed to the investors at the time of making the issue, it shall not be necessary to give such option to the holders of the convertible debt instruments for converting the convertible portion into equity share capital within the said upper limit

(3) Where an option is to be given to the holders of the convertible debt instruments in terms of sub-regulation (2) and if one or more of such holders do not exercise the option to convert the instruments into equity share capital at a price determined in the general meeting of the shareholders, the issuer shall redeem that part of the instruments within one month from the last date by which option is to be exercised, at a price which shall not be less than its face value.

Provided that the provisions of sub-regulation (3) shall not apply if such redemption is in terms of the disclosures made in the offer document.
Issue of convertible debt instruments for financing

66. An issuer shall not issue convertible debt instruments for financing or for providing loans to or for acquiring shares of any person who is part of the promoter group or group companies:

Provided that an issuer shall be eligible to issue fully convertible debt instruments for these purposes if the period of conversion of such debt instruments is less than eighteen months from the date of issue of such debt instruments.

Issue of warrants

67. An issuer shall be eligible to issue warrants subject to the following:

a) the tenure of such warrants shall not exceed eighteen months from their date of allotment in the right issue;

b) a specified security may have one or more warrants attached to it;

c) the price or formula for determination of exercise price of the warrants shall be determined upfront and disclosed in the letter of offer and at least twenty-five per cent. of the consideration amount based on the exercise price shall also be received upfront;

Provided that in case the exercise price of warrants is based on a formula, twenty-five per cent. consideration amount calculated as per the formula with reference date being the record date shall be received upfront.

d) in case the warrant holder does not exercise the option to take equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, within three months from the date of payment of consideration, such consideration made in respect of such warrants shall be forfeited by the issuer.

PART III: RECORD DATE

68. (1) The issuer shall announce a record date for the purpose of determining the shareholders eligible to apply for specified securities in the proposed rights issue for such period as may be specified in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

(2) The issuer shall not withdraw its rights issue after announcement of the record date. However, if the issuer withdraws the rights issue after announcing the record date, it shall not be eligible to make an application for listing of any of its specified securities on any stock exchange for a period of twelve months from the record date announced under sub-regulation (1):

Provided that the issuer may seek listing of its equity shares allotted pursuant to conversion or exchange of convertible securities, ESOPs or exercise of warrants issued prior to the announcement of the record date, on the stock exchange where its securities are listed.
PART IV – APPOINTMENT OF LEAD MANAGERS, OTHER INTERMEDIARIES AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

69. (1) The issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as lead manager(s) to the issue.

(2) Where the issue is managed by more than one lead manager, the rights, obligations and responsibilities, relating inter alia to disclosures, allotment, refund and underwriting obligations, if any, of each lead manager shall be predetermined and be disclosed in the draft letter offer and the letter of offer as specified in Schedule I:

(3) At least one lead manager to the issue shall not be an associate (as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992) of the issuer and if any of the lead manager is an associate of the issuer, it shall disclose itself as an associate of the issuer and its role shall be limited to marketing of the issue.

(4) The issuer shall, in consultation with the lead manager(s), appoint other intermediaries which are registered with the Board after the lead manager(s) have independently assessed the capability of other intermediaries to carry out their obligations.

(5) The issuer shall enter into an agreement with the lead manager(s) in the format specified in Schedule II and also enter into agreements with other intermediaries as required under the respective regulations applicable to the intermediary concerned:

Provided that such agreements may include such other clauses as the issuer and the intermediaries may deem fit without diminishing or limiting in any way the liabilities and obligations of the lead manager(s), other intermediaries and the issuer under the Act, the Companies Act, 2013 or the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules and regulations made there under or any statutory modification or statutory enactment thereof:

Provided further that in case of ASBA process, the issuer shall take cognisance of the deemed agreement of the issuer with the self-certified syndicate banks.

(6) The issuer shall appoint bankers to an issue, at centres as specified in Schedule XII.

(7) The issuer shall appoint a registrar to the issue registered with the Board, which has connectivity with all the depositories:

Provided that if the issuer itself is a registrar, it shall not appoint itself as a registrar to the issue;

Provided further that a lead manager shall not act as a registrar to the issue in which it is also handling the post-issue responsibilities.

(8) The issuer shall appoint a compliance officer who shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of the securities laws and for redressal of investors’ grievances.
PART V: DISCLOSURES IN AND FILING OF LETTERS OF OFFER

Disclosures in the draft letter of offer and letter of offer

70. (1) The draft letter of offer and letter of offer shall contain all material disclosures which are true and adequate to enable the applicants to take an informed investment decision.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the draft letter of offer and letter of offer shall contain disclosures as specified in Part A or Part B of Schedule VI, as applicable.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall exercise due diligence and satisfy themselves about all aspects of the issue including the veracity and adequacy of disclosure in the draft letter of offer and the letter of offer.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall call upon the issuer, its promoters and its directors to fulfill their obligations as disclosed by them in the draft letter of offer and letter of offer and as required in terms of these Regulations.

(5) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the information contained in the draft letter of offer and letter of offer and the particulars as per audited financial statements in the letter of offer are not more than six months old from the issue opening date.

(6) An issuer shall make disclosures in the draft letter of offer, letter of offer and abridged letter of offer, if the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a willful defaulter.

Filing of the draft letter of offer and letter of offer

71. (1) Prior to making a rights issue, the issuer shall, except in case of a fast track issue, file a draft letter of offer, with the concerned regional office of the Board under the jurisdiction of which the registered office of the issuer company is located, in accordance with Schedule IV, along with fees as specified in Schedule III, with the Board and with the stock exchange(s), through the lead manager(s).

Provided that the issuer shall, in case of fast track issue, shall file a letter of offer and pay fees as specified in Schedule III with the Board.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall submit the following to the Board along with the draft letter of offer:

   a) a certificate, confirming that an agreement has been entered into between the issuer and the lead manager(s) and includes content specified in Schedule II;

   b) a due diligence certificate as per Form A of Schedule V;

   c) in case of an issue of convertible debt instruments, a due diligence certificate from the debenture trustee as per Form B of Schedule V;
d) A certificate confirming compliance of the conditions specified in Part E of Schedule VI, if applicable.

(3) The issuer shall also file the draft letter of offer with the stock exchange(s) and shall submit to such stock exchange(s), the Permanent Account Number, bank account number and passport number of its promoters where they are individuals, and Permanent Account Number, bank account number, company registration number or equivalent and the address of the Registrar of Companies with which the promoter is registered, where the promoter is a body corporate.

(4) The Board may specify changes or issue observations, if any, on the draft letter of offer within thirty days from the later of the following dates:

a) the date of receipt of the draft letter of offer, as applicable, under sub-regulation (1); or

b) the date of receipt of satisfactory reply from the lead manager(s), where the Board has sought any clarification or additional information from them; or

c) the date of receipt of clarification or information from any regulator or agency, where the Board has sought any clarification or information from such regulator or agency; or

d) the date of receipt of a copy of in-principle approval letter issued by the stock exchanges.

(5) If the Board specifies any changes or issues observations on the draft letter of offer the issuer and lead manager(s) shall carry out such changes in the draft letter of offer and shall submit to the Board an updated draft letter of offer complying with the observations issued by the Board and highlighting all changes made in the draft letter of offer before filing the letter of offer with the stock exchanges.

(6) If there are any changes in the draft letter of offer in relation to the matters specified in Schedule XVI, an updated letter of offer or a fresh draft letter of offer, as the case may be, shall be filed with the Board along with fees specified in Schedule III.

(7) The lead manager(s) shall submit the following documents to the Board after issuance of observations by the Board or after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (4) of regulation 71 if the Board has not issued observations:

a) a statement certifying that all changes, suggestions and observations made by the Board have been incorporated in the letter of offer;

b) a due diligence certificate as per Form C of Schedule V, at the time of submission of the letter of offer with stock exchange(s);

c) a due diligence certificate as per Form D of Schedule V, in the event the issuer has made a disclosure of any material development by issuing a public notice.

(8) Copy of the letter of offer shall also be filed with the Board and the stock exchanges through the lead manager simultaneously with filing of the letter of offer with the designated stock exchange.

(9) The draft letter of offer and letter of offer shall also be furnished to the Board in a softcopy.
Draft letter of offer and letter of offer to be available to the public

72. (1) The draft letter of offer filed with the Board shall be made public for comments, if any, for a period of at least twenty one days from the date of filing, by hosting it on the websites of the Board, stock exchanges where specified securities are proposed to be listed and the lead manager(s) associated with the issue.

(2) The issuer shall, within two days of filing of the draft letter of offer with the Board, make a public announcement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language newspaper with wide circulation at the place where the registered office of the issuer is situated, disclosing to the public the fact of filing of the draft letter of offer with the Board and inviting the public to provide their comments to the Board, the issuer or to the lead manager(s) in respect of the disclosures made in the draft letter of offer.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall, after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1), file with the Board, details of the comments received by them or the issuer from the public, on the draft offer document, during that period and the consequential changes, if any, that are required to be made in the draft offer document.

(4) The issuer and the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the letters of offer are hosted on the websites as required under these regulations and its contents are the same as the versions as filed with the Board and the stock exchanges, as applicable.

(5) The lead manager(s) and the stock exchanges shall provide copies of the draft letter of offer to the public as and when requested and may charge a reasonable sum for providing a copy of the same.

PART VI: PRICING

73. (1) The issuer shall decide the issue price, in consultation with the lead manager(s), before determining the record date, which shall be determined in consultation with the designated stock exchange.

(2) The issue price shall not be less than the face value of the specified securities.

(3) The issuer shall disclose the issue price in the letter of offer filed with the Board and the stock exchange(s).

PART VII: ISSUANCE CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURE

Reservations

74. (1) The issuer shall make a rights issue of equity shares only if it has made reservation of equity shares of the same class in favour of the holders of outstanding compulsorily convertible debt instruments, if any, in proportion to the convertible part thereof.
(2) The equity shares so reserved for the holders of fully or partly compulsorily convertible debt instruments shall be issued to the holder of such convertible debt instruments or warrants at the time of conversion of such convertible debt instruments, on the same terms at which the equity shares offered in the rights issue were issued.

(3) Subject to other applicable provision of these regulations, the issuer may make reservation for its employees along with rights issue subject to the condition that the value of allotment to any employee shall not exceed two lakhs rupees.

Provided that in the event of under-subscription in the employee reservation portion, the unsubscribed portion may be allotted on a proportionate basis, for a value in excess of two lakhs rupees, subject to the total allotment to an employee not exceeding five lakhs rupees.

Abridged letter of offer

75. (1) The abridged letter of offer shall contain the disclosures as specified by the Board in Part F of Schedule VI and shall not contain any matter extraneous to the contents of the letter of offer.

(2) Every application form distributed by the issuer or any other person in relation to the issue shall be accompanied by a copy of the abridged letter of offer.

ASBA

76. The issuer shall provide the ASBA facility in the manner specified by the Board where not more than one payment option is provided.

Provided that the applicants in a rights issue shall be eligible to make applications through ASBA facility only if such applicant: (i) is holding equity shares in dematerialised mode; (ii) has not renounced entitlement in part or in full; and (iii) is not a renouncee.

Provided further that payment made for application for any reserved portion outside the issue period can be through electronic banking modes.

Availability of letter of offer and other issue materials

77. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure availability of the letter of offer and other issue material including application forms with stock exchanges, registrar to issue, registrar and share transfer agents, depository participants, stock brokers, underwriters, bankers to the issue, investors' associations and self-certified syndicate banks before the opening of the issue.

(2) The abridged letter of offer, along with application form, shall be despatched through registered post or speed post or by courier service or by electronic transmission to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the date of opening of the issue.

(3) The letter of offer shall also be provided by the issuer or lead manager(s) to any existing shareholder who makes a request in this regard.
Conditions for making applications on plain paper

78. (1) Shareholders who have not received the application form may make an application in writing on a plain paper, along with the requisite application money.

(2) Shareholders making an application on plain paper shall not be entitled to renounce their rights and shall not utilise the application form for any purpose including renunciation even if it is received subsequently.

(3) If a shareholder makes an application both in an application form as well as on a plain paper, both applications are liable to be rejected.

Prohibition on payment of incentives

79. Any person connected with the issue, shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any person for making an application in the rights issue, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the issue.

Security deposit

80. (1) The issuer shall, before the opening of the subscription list, deposit with the designated stock exchange, an amount calculated at the rate of one per cent. of the issue size in the manner specified by the Board and/or stock exchange(s).

(2) The amount specified in sub-regulation (1) shall be refundable or forfeitable in the manner specified by the Board.

Underwriting

81. (1) If the issuer desires to have the issue underwritten, it shall appoint underwriters in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Underwriters) Regulations, 1993.

Provided that the issue can be underwritten only to the extent of entitlement of shareholders other than the promoters and promoter group.

(2) In case of every underwritten issue, the lead manager(s) shall undertake minimum underwriting obligations as specified in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992.

Monitoring agency

82. (1) If the issue size exceeds one hundred crore rupees, the issuer shall make arrangements for the use of proceeds of the issue to be monitored by a public financial institution or by a scheduled commercial bank named in the letter of offer as a banker of the issuer:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an issue of specified securities made by a bank or public financial institution or an insurance company.
(2) The monitoring agency shall submit its report to the issuer in the format specified in Schedule XI on a quarterly basis, till at least ninety five per cent. of the proceeds of the issue, excluding the proceeds raised for general corporate purposes, have been utilised.

(3) The board of directors and the management of the issuer shall provide their comments on the findings of the monitoring agency as specified in Schedule XI.

(4) The issuer shall, within forty five days from the end of each quarter, publicly disseminate the report of the monitoring agency by uploading the same on its website as well as submitting the same to the stock exchange(s) on which its equity shares are listed.

Public communications, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports.

83. All public communication, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports shall comply with the provisions of Schedule IX.

Issue-related advertisements

84. (1) The issuer shall issue an advertisement in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation, at the place where registered office of the issuer is situated, at least three days before the date of opening of the issue, disclosing the following:

a) the date of completion of despatch of abridged letter of offer and the application form;

b) the centres other than registered office of the issuer where the shareholders or the persons entitled to receive the rights entitlements may obtain duplicate copies of the application form in case they do not receive the application form within a reasonable time after opening of the rights issue;

c) a statement that if the shareholders entitled to receive the rights entitlements have neither received the original application forms nor they are in a position to obtain the duplicate form, they may make application in writing on a plain paper to subscribe to the rights issue along with a format specifying therein necessary particulars such as name, address, ratio of rights issue, issue price, number of equity shares held, ledger folio numbers, depository participant ID, client ID, number of equity shares entitled and applied for, additional shares if any, amount to be paid along with application, and particulars of cheque, etc. to be drawn in favour of the issuer's account;

d) a statement that the applications can be directly sent by the shareholders through registered post together with the application monies to the issuer's designated official at the address given in the advertisement;

e) a statement to the effect that if the shareholder makes an application using the application form as well as plain paper, both the applications shall be liable to be rejected at the option of the issuer.
(2) During the period the issue is open for subscription, no advertisement shall be released giving an impression that the issue has been fully subscribed or oversubscribed, or indicating investors’ response to the issue.

(3) An announcement regarding closure of issue shall be made only after the lead manager(s) is satisfied that at least ninety per cent. of the offer through letter of offer has been subscribed and a certificate has been obtained to that effect from the registrar to the issue:

Provided that such an announcement shall not be made before the date on which the issue is to be closed except for issue closing advertisement made in the format prescribed in these regulations.

Opening of the issue

85. Subject to the compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a rights issue may be opened within twelve months from the date of issuance of the observations by the Board under regulation71.

Provided that in case of a fast track issue, the issue shall open within twelve months from the record date.

Minimum subscription

86. (1) The minimum subscription to be received in the issue shall be at least ninety per cent. of the offer through the offer document.

(2) In the event of non-receipt of minimum subscription referred to in sub-regulation (1), all application monies received shall be refunded to the applicants forthwith, but not later than fifteen days from the closure of the issue.

Period of subscription

87. The rights issue shall be kept open for subscription for a minimum period of fifteen days and for a maximum period of thirty days.

Payment options

88. The issuer shall give one of the following payment options to all the shareholders for each type of instrument:

   a) part payment on application with balance money to be paid in calls; or
   b) full payment on application:

Provided that the part payment, if any, on application shall not be less than twenty five per cent. of the issue price and such issuer shall obtain the necessary regulatory approvals to facilitate the same.

Manner of calls

89. If the issuer proposes to receive subscription monies in calls, it shall ensure that the outstanding
subscription money is called within twelve months from the date of allotment in the issue and if any applicant fails to pay the call money within the said twelve months, the equity shares on which there are calls in arrear along with the subscription money already paid on such shares shall be forfeited:

Provided further that it shall not be necessary to call the outstanding subscription money within twelve months, if the issuer has appointed a monitoring agency in terms of regulation 82.

Allotment procedure and basis of allotment

90. (1) The issuer shall not make any allotment in excess of the specified securities offered through the letter of offer.

(2) Allotment shall be made in the following manner:

a) Full allotment to those eligible shareholders who have applied for their rights entitlement either in full or in part and also to the renouncee(s), who has/have applied for the specified securities renounced in their favour, in full or in part, as adjusted for fractional entitlement

b) Allotment to eligible shareholders who having applied for the specified securities in full to the extent of their rights entitlement and have also applied for additional specified securities, shall be made as far as possible on an equitable basis having due regard to the number of specified securities held by them on the record date, provided there is an under-subscribed portion after making allotment in (a) above.

c) Allotment to the renouncees, who having applied for the specified securities renounced in their favour and also applied for additional specified securities, provided there is an under-subscribed portion after making full allotment specified in (a) and (b) above. The allotment of such additional specified securities may be made on a proportionate basis.

(3) The authorised employees of the designated stock exchange along with the lead manager(s) and registrars to the issue shall ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner as may be prescribed by the Board.

Allotment, refund and payment of interest

91. (1) The issuer and lead manager(s) shall ensure that the specified securities are allotted and/or application monies are refunded or unblocked within such period as may be specified by the Board.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the allotment, credit of dematerialised securities, refunding or unblocking of application monies, as may be applicable, are done electronically.

(3) Where the specified securities are not allotted and/or application monies are not refunded or unblocked within the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1) above, the issuer shall undertake to pay interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum to the shareholders within such time as disclosed in the draft letter of offer and the letter of offer and the lead manager(s) shall ensure the same.

Post-issue advertisements

92. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that an advertisement giving details relating to
subscription, basis of allotment, number, value and percentage of all applications including ASBA, number, value and percentage of successful allottees for all applications including ASBA, date of completion of dispatch of refund orders, as applicable, or instructions to self-certified syndicate banks by the Registrar, date of despatch of certificates or date of credit of specified securities, as applicable, and date of filing of listing application, etc. is released within ten days from the date of completion of the various activities in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation at the place where registered office of the issuer is situated.

(2) Details specified in sub regulation (1) shall also be placed on the websites of the stock exchanges where the securities are listed.

Post-issue responsibilities of the lead manager(s)

93. (1) The responsibility of the lead manager(s) shall continue until completion of the issue process and for any issue related matter thereafter.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall regularly monitor redressal of investor grievances arising from any issue related activities.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall continue to be responsible for post-issue activities till the applicants have received the securities certificates, credit to their demat account or refund of application monies and the listing agreement is entered into by the issuer with the stock exchange and listing or trading permission is obtained.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall be responsible for and co-ordinate with the registrars to the issue and with various intermediaries at regular intervals after the closure of the issue to monitor the flow of applications from collecting bank branches and/ or self-certified syndicate banks, processing of the applications including application form for ASBA and other matters till the basis of allotment is finalised, despatch of security certificates or credit of the specified securities to the dematerialised accounts of the allottees, as applicable and unblocking of ASBA accounts/ despatch of refund orders are completed and securities are listed, as applicable.

(5) Any act of omission or commission on the part of any of the intermediaries noticed by the lead manager(s) shall be duly reported by them to the Board.

(6) In case there is a devolvement on underwriters, the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the notice for devolvement containing the obligation of the underwriters is issued within ten days from the date of closure of the issue.

(7) In case of undersubscribed issues that are underwritten, the lead manager(s) shall furnish information to the Board in respect of underwriters who have failed to meet their underwriting devolvement in the format specified in Schedule XVIII.

Release of subscription money

94. (1) The lead manager(s) shall confirm to the bankers to the issue by way of copies of listing and
trading approvals that all formalities in connection with the issue have been completed and that the banker is free to release the money to the issuer or release the money for refund in case of failure of the issue.

(2) In case the issuer fails to obtain listing or trading permission from the stock exchanges where the specified securities were listed, it shall refund through verifiable means the entire monies received within seven days of receipt of intimation from stock exchanges rejecting the application for listing of specified securities, and if any such money is not repaid within eight days after the issuer becomes liable to repay it the issuer and every director of the company who is an officer in default shall, on and from the expiry of the eighth day, be jointly and severally liable to repay that money with interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. Per annum.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the monies received in respect of the rights issue are released to the issuer in compliance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

Reporting of transactions of the promoters and promoter group

95. The issuer shall ensure that all transactions in securities by the promoters and promoter group between the date of filing of the draft letter of offer or letter of offer, as the case may be, and the date of closure of the issue shall be reported to the stock exchanges where the specified securities of the issuer are to be listed, within twenty four hours of such transactions.

Post-issue reports

96. The lead manager(s) shall submit post-issue reports as follows:

a) initial post-issue report as specified in Part B of Schedule XVII, within three working days of closure of the issue;

b) final post-issue report as specified in Part C of Schedule XVII, within fifteen days of the date of finalization of basis of allotment or within fifteen days of refund of money in case of failure of the issue.

PART VIII: MISCELLEANEOUS

Restriction on further capital issues

97. An issuer shall not make any further issue of specified securities in any manner whether by way of public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, qualified institutions placement, issue of bonus shares or otherwise, except pursuant to an employee stock options scheme:

a) in case of a fast track issue, during the period between the date of filing the letter of offer with the stock exchanges where the securities are proposed to be listed and the listing of the specified securities offered through the letter of offer or refund of application monies; or

b) in case of other issues, during the period between the date of filing the draft letter of offer
with the Board and the listing of the specified securities offered through the letter of offer or refund of application monies; unless full disclosures regarding the total number of specified securities or amount proposed to be raised from such further issue are made in such draft letter of offer or letter of offer, as the case may be.

**Alteration of rights of holders of specified securities**

98. The issuer shall not alter the terms (including the terms of issue) of specified securities which may adversely affect the interests of the holders of those specified securities, except with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the specified securities of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the holders of the specified securities of that class.

**PART IX: FAST TRACK RIGHTS ISSUE**

**Eligibility conditions**

99. Unless otherwise specified, nothing contained in sub-regulations (1), (2), (4) and (5) of regulation 71 shall apply if the issuer satisfies the following conditions for making a rights issue through the fast track route -

a) the equity shares of the issuer have been listed on any stock exchange for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the reference date;

b) the entire shareholding of the promoter group of the issuer is held in dematerialised form on the reference date;

c) the average market capitalisation of public shareholding of the issuer is at least two hundred and fifty crore rupees;

d) the annualised trading turnover of the equity shares of the issuer during six calendar months immediately preceding the month of the reference date has been at least two per cent. of the weighted average number of equity shares listed during such six months’ period:

Provided that for issuers, whose public shareholding is less than fifteen per cent of its issued equity capital, the annualised trading turnover of its equity shares has been at least two per cent. of the weighted average number of equity shares available as free float during such six months’ period;

e) the annualized delivery-based trading turnover of the equity shares during six calendar months immediately preceding the month of the reference date has been at least ten per cent. of the annualized trading turnover of equity shares during such six months' period;

f) the issuer has been in compliance with the equity listing agreement or the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable, for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the reference date:
Provided that if the issuer has not complied with the provisions of the listing agreement or the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable, relating to composition of board of directors, for any quarter during the last three years immediately preceding the reference date, but is compliant with such provisions at the time of filing of letter of offer, and adequate disclosures are made in the letter of offer about such non-compliances during the three years immediately preceding the reference date, it shall be deemed as compliance with the condition;

Provided further that imposition of only monetary fines by stock exchanges on the issuer shall not be a ground for ineligibility for undertaking issuances under this regulation;

g) the issuer has redressed at least ninety five per cent. of the complaints received from the investors till the end of the quarter immediately preceding the month of the reference date;

h) that no show-cause notices have been issued or prosecution proceedings have been initiated by the Board and pending against the issuer or its promoters or whole-time directors as on the reference date;

i) the issuer or promoter or promoter group or director of the issuer has not settled any alleged violation of securities laws through the consent or settlement mechanism with the Board during three years immediately preceding the reference date;

j) the equity shares of the issuer have not been suspended from trading as a disciplinary measure during last three years immediately preceding the reference date;

k) there shall be no conflict of interest between the lead manager(s) and the issuer or its group companies in accordance with the applicable regulations.

l) the promoters and promoter group shall mandatorily subscribe to their rights entitlement and shall not renounce their rights, except to the extent of renunciation within the promoter group or for the purpose of complying with minimum public shareholding norms prescribed under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957;

m) there are no audit qualifications on the audited accounts of the issuer in respect of those financial years for which such accounts are disclosed in the letter of offer.

Explanation: For the purpose of this regulation:

i. “average market capitalisation of public shareholding” means the sum of daily market capitalisation of public shareholding for a period of one year up to the end of the quarter preceding the month in which the proposed issue was approved by the shareholders or the board of the issuer, as the case may be, divided by the number of trading days.

ii. “public shareholding” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

iii. “reference date” means the date of filing the letter of offer with the designated stock exchange.
iv. “audit qualifications” for this regulation shall be those disclosed under applicable accounting
standard relating to modification to the opinion in the independent auditor’s report and requires
a qualified opinion, adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion for material misstatements.

Issue conditions

100. (1) The issuer shall file the letter of offer in accordance with sub-regulation 8 and 9 of regulation
71 and shall pay fees to the Board as specified in Schedule III.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall submit to the Board, the following documents along with the letter of
offer:

a) a due diligence certificate as per Form A of Schedule V including additional confirmations
as specified in Form E of Schedule V;

b) in case of a fast track issue of convertible debt instruments, a due diligence certificate from
the debenture trustee as per Form B of Schedule V.

CHAPTER IV

FURTHER PUBLIC OFFER

PART I: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Reference date

101. Unless otherwise provided in this Chapter, an issuer making a further public offer of specified
securities shall satisfy the conditions of this Chapter as on the date of filing of the draft offer
document with the Board and also as on the date of registering the offer document with the Registrar
of Companies.

Entities not eligible to make a further public offer

102. An issuer shall not be eligible to make a further public offer:

a) if the issuer, any of its promoters, promoter group or directors, selling shareholders are
debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board;

b) if any of the promoters or directors of the issuer is a promoter or director of any other
company which is debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board;

c) if the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a willful defaulter;

d) if any of its promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

Explanation: The restrictions under (a) and (b) above shall not apply to the persons or entities
mentioned therein, who were debarred in the past by the Board and the period of debarment is
already over as on the date of filing of the draft offer document with the Board.
Eligibility requirements for further public offer

103. (1) An issuer may make a further public offer, if it has changed its name within the last one year, at least fifty per cent. of the revenue for the preceding one full year has been earned by it from the activity indicated by its new name.

(2) An issuer not satisfying the condition stipulated in sub-regulation (1) may make a further public offer only if the issue is made through the book-building process and the issuer undertakes to allot at least seventy five per cent. of the net offer, to qualified institutional buyers and to refund full subscription money if it fails to make the said minimum allotment to qualified institutional buyers.

General conditions

104. (1) An issuer making a further public offer shall ensure that-

   a) it has made an application to one or more stock exchanges to seek an in-principle approval for listing of its specified securities on such stock exchanges and has chosen one of them as the designated stock exchange, in terms of Schedule XIX;

   b) it has entered into an agreement with a depository for dematerialisation of specified securities already issued and proposed to be issued;

   c) all its existing partly paid-up equity shares have either been fully paid-up or have been forfeited;

   d) it has made firm arrangements of finance through verifiable means towards seventy five per cent. of the stated means of finance for the specific project proposed to be funded from the issue proceeds, excluding the amount to be raised through the proposed public issue or through existing identifiable internal accruals.

(2) The amount for general corporate purposes, as mentioned in objects of the issue in the draft offer document and the offer document, shall not exceed twenty five per cent. of the amount being raised by the issuer.

Explanation: For the purposes of this regulation, “project” means the object for which monies are proposed to be raised to cover the objects of the issue.

Additional conditions for an offer for sale

105. Only such fully paid-up equity shares may be offered for sale to public which have been held by the selling shareholder(s) for a period of at least one year prior to the filing of the draft offer document:

Provided further that such holding period of one year shall be required to be complied with at the time of filing of the draft offer document.

Provided that in case the equity shares received on conversion or exchange of fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities including depository receipts are being offered for sale, the holding period of such convertible securities, including depository receipts, as well as that of
resultant equity shares together shall be considered for the purpose of calculation of one year period referred in this sub-regulation.

**Explanation:** If the equity shares arising out of the conversion or exchange of the fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities are being offered for sale, the conversion or exchange should be completed prior to filing of the offer document (i.e. red herring prospectus in the case of a book built issue and prospectus in the case of a fixed price issue), provided full disclosures of the terms of conversion or exchange are made in the draft offer document.

**Provided further** that the requirement of holding the equity shares for a period of one year shall not apply:

a) in case of an offer for sale of a government company or statutory authority or corporation or any special purpose vehicle set up and controlled by any one or more of them, which is engaged in the infrastructure sector;

b) if the equity shares offered for sale were acquired pursuant to any scheme approved by a High Court under the sections 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, or approved by a tribunal or the Central Government under the sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable, in lieu of business and invested capital which had been in existence for a period of more than one year prior to approval of such scheme;

c) if the equity shares offered for sale were issued under a bonus issue on securities held for a period of at least one year prior to the filing of the draft offer document with the Board and further subject to the following:

   (i) such specified securities being issued out of free reserves and share premium existing in the books of account as at the end of the financial year preceding the financial year in which the draft offer document is filed with the Board; and

   (ii) such equity shares not being issued by utilisation of revaluation reserves or unrealized profits of the issuer.

### PART II: ISSUE OF CONVERTIBLE DEBT INSTRUMENTS AND WARRANTS

106. An issuer shall be eligible to make a further public offer of convertible debt instruments if its equity shares are already listed;

**Provided that** it is not in default in payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt instruments issued by it to the public, if any, for a period of more than six months.

**Additional requirements for issue of convertible debt instruments**

107. (1) In addition to other requirements laid down in these regulations, an issuer making a public issue of convertible debt instruments shall also comply with the following conditions:
a) it has obtained credit rating for such convertible debt instrument from one or more credit rating agencies;

b) it has appointed at least one debenture trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993;

c) it shall create a debenture redemption reserve in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder;

d) if the issuer proposes to create a charge or security on its assets in respect of secured convertible debt instruments, it shall ensure that:

   i. such assets are sufficient to discharge the principal amount at all times;

   ii. such assets are free from any encumbrance;

   iii. where security is already created on such assets in favour of public financial institutions or scheduled commercial banks or the issue of convertible debt instruments is proposed to be secured by creation of security on a leasehold land, the consent of such public financial institution, scheduled commercial bank or lessor for a second or pari passu charge has been obtained and submitted to the debenture trustee before the opening of the issue;

   iv. the security or asset cover shall be arrived at after reduction of the liabilities having a first or prior charge, in case the convertible debt instruments are secured by a second or subsequent charge.

(2) The issuer shall redeem the convertible debt instruments in terms of the offer document.

Roll over of non-convertible portion of partly convertible debt instruments

108. The non-convertible portion of partly convertible debt instruments issued by a listed issuer, the value of which exceeds ten crore rupees, may be rolled over, subject to compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the following conditions:

   a) seventy five per cent. of the holders (in value) of the convertible debt instruments of the issuer have, through a resolution, approved the rollover through postal ballot;

   b) the issuer has, along with the notice for passing the resolution, sent to all holders of the convertible debt instruments, an auditors’ certificate on the cash flow of the issuer and with comments on the liquidity position of the issuer;

   c) the issuer has undertaken to redeem the non-convertible portion of the partly convertible debt instruments of all the holders of the convertible debt instruments who have not agreed to the resolution;

   d) credit rating has been obtained from at least one credit rating agency registered with the Board within a period of one month prior to the due date of redemption and has been communicated to the holders of the convertible debt instruments, before the rollover.
(2) The creation of fresh security and execution of fresh trust deed shall not be mandatory if the existing trust deed or the security documents provide for continuance of the security till redemption of secured convertible debt instruments:

Provided that the debenture trustee shall decide if the issuer is required to create fresh security and to execute fresh trust deed.

Conversion of optionally convertible debt instruments into equity share capital

109. (1) The issuer shall not convert its optionally convertible debt instruments into equity shares unless the holders of such convertible debt instruments have sent their positive consent to the issuer and non-receipt of reply to any notice sent by the issuer for this purpose shall not be construed as consent for conversion of any convertible debt instruments.

(2) Where the value of the convertible portion of any listed convertible debt instruments issued by an issuer exceeds ten crore rupees and the issuer has not determined the conversion price of such convertible debt instruments at the time of making the issue, the holders of such convertible debt instruments shall be given the option of not converting the convertible portion into equity shares:

Provided that where the upper limit or conversion formula on the price of such convertible debt instruments and justification thereon is determined and disclosed to the investors at the time of making the issue, it shall not be necessary to give such option to the holders of the convertible debt instruments for converting the convertible portion into equity share capital within the said upper limit.

(3) Where an option is to be given to the holders of the convertible debt instruments in terms of sub-regulation (2) and if one or more of such holders do not exercise the option to convert the instruments into equity share capital at a price determined in the general meeting of the shareholders, the issuer shall redeem that part of the instruments within one month from the last date by which option is to be exercised, at a price which shall not be less than its face value.

(4) The provisions of sub-regulation (3) shall not apply if such redemption is in terms of the disclosures made in the offer document.

Issue of convertible debt instruments for financing

110. An issuer shall not issue convertible debt instruments for financing or for providing loans to or for acquiring shares of any person who is part of the promoter group or group companies:

Provided that an issuer shall be eligible to issue fully convertible debt instruments for these purposes if the period of conversion of such debt instruments is less than eighteen months from the date of issue of such debt instruments.

Issue of warrants

111. An issuer shall be eligible to issue warrants in a further public offer subject to the following conditions:

a) the tenure of such warrants shall not exceed eighteen months from the date of their allotment
in the public issue;

b) a specified security may have one or more warrants attached to it;

c) the price or formula for determination of exercise price of the warrants shall be determined upfront and at least twenty-five per cent. of the consideration amount based on the exercise price shall also be received upfront;

Provided that in case the exercise price of warrants is based on a formula, twenty-five per cent. consideration amount based on the cap price of the price band determined for the linked equity shares or convertible securities shall be received upfront.

d) in case the warrant holder does not exercise the option to take equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, within three months from the date of payment of consideration, such consideration made in respect of such warrants shall be forfeited by the issuer.

PART III: PROMOTERS’ CONTRIBUTION

Requirement of minimum promoters’ contribution not applicable in certain cases

112. The requirements of minimum promoters’ contribution shall not apply in case of:

a) an issuer which does not have any identifiable promoter;

b) where the equity shares of the issuer are frequently traded on a stock exchange for a period of at least three years and the issuer has a track record of dividend payment for at least three immediately preceding years:

Provided that where the promoters propose to subscribe to the specified securities offered to the extent greater than higher of the two options available in clause (a) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 113, the subscription in excess of such percentage shall be made at a price determined in terms of the provisions of regulation 164 or the issue price, whichever is higher.

Explanation: The reference date for the purpose of computing the annualised trading turnover referred to in the said Explanation shall be the date of filing the draft offer document with the Board and in case of a fast track issue, the date of filing the offer document with the Registrar of Companies, and before opening of the issue.

Minimum promoters’ contribution

113. (1) The promoters shall contribute in the public issue as follows:

a) either to the extent of twenty per cent. of the proposed issue size or to the extent of twenty per cent. of the post-issue capital;

b) in case of a composite issue (i.e. further public offer cum rights issue), either to the extent of twenty per cent. of the proposed issue size or to the extent of twenty per cent. of
the post-issue capital excluding the rights issue component.

(2) In case of a public issue or composite issue of convertible securities, the minimum promoters’ contribution shall be as follows:

a) the promoters shall contribute twenty per cent. as stipulated in clause (a) or (b) of sub-regulation (1), as the case may be, either by way of equity shares or by way of subscription to the convertible securities:

Provided that if the price of the equity shares allotted pursuant to conversion is not pre-determined and not disclosed in the offer document, the promoters shall contribute only by way of subscription to the convertible securities being issued in the public issue and shall undertake in writing to subscribe to the equity shares pursuant to conversion of such securities.

b) in case of any issue of convertible securities which are convertible or exchangeable on different dates and if the promoters’ contribution is by way of equity shares (conversion price being pre-determined), such contribution shall not be at a price lower than the weighted average price of the equity share capital arising out of conversion of such securities.

(3) In case of a further public offer or composite issue where the promoters contribute more than the stipulated minimum promoters’ contribution, the allotment with respect to excess contribution shall be made at a price determined in terms of the provisions of regulation 164 or the issue price, whichever is higher.

(4) In case the promoters have to subscribe to equity shares or convertible securities towards promoters’ contribution, the promoters shall satisfy the requirements of this regulation at least one day prior to the date of opening of the issue and the amount of promoters’ contribution shall be kept in an escrow account with a scheduled commercial bank and shall be released to the issuer along with the release of the issue proceeds:

Provided further that where the minimum promoters’ contribution is more than one hundred crore rupees and the further public offer is for partly paid shares, the promoters shall bring in at least one hundred crore rupees before the date of opening of the issue and the remaining amount may be brought on a pro-rata basis before the calls are made to the public.

Explanation:

(I) For the purpose of this regulation, promoters’ contribution shall be computed on the basis of the post-issue expanded capital:

a) assuming full proposed conversion of convertible securities into equity shares;

b) assuming exercise of all vested options, where any employee stock options are outstanding at the time of further public offer.

(II) For computation of “weighted average price”:

a) “weight” means the number of equity shares arising out of conversion of such specified
securities into equity shares at various stages;

b) “price” means the price of equity shares on conversion arrived at after taking into account predetermined conversion price at various stages.

Securities ineligible for minimum promoters’ contribution

114. (1) For the computation of minimum promoters' contribution, the following specified securities shall not be eligible:

a) specified securities acquired during the preceding three years, if these are:
   i. acquired for consideration other than cash and revaluation of assets or capitalisation of intangible assets is involved in such transaction; or
   ii. resulting from a bonus issue by utilisation of revaluation reserves or unrealised profits of the issuer or from bonus issue against equity shares which are ineligible for minimum promoters’ contribution;

b) specified securities pledged with any creditor other than those for borrowings by the issuer or its subsidiaries.

(2) Specified securities referred to in clauses (a) of sub-regulation (1) shall be eligible for the computation of promoters’ contribution, if such securities are acquired pursuant to a scheme which has been approved by the High Court under section 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or approved by a tribunal or the Central Government under section 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PART IV: LOCK-IN AND RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

Lock-in of specified securities held by the promoters

115. The specified securities held by the promoters shall not be transferable (hereinafter referred to as “locked-in”) for the periods as stipulated hereunder:

a) minimum promoters’ contribution including contribution made by alternative investment funds, or foreign venture capital investors, as applicable, shall be locked-in for a period of three years from the date of commencement of commercial production or from the date of allotment in the further public offer, whichever is later;

b) promoters’ holding in excess of minimum promoters’ contribution shall be locked-in for a period of one year:

Provided that the excess promoters’ contribution as provided in the proviso to clause (b) of regulation 112 shall not be subject to lock-in.

Explanation: For the purposes of this regulation, the expression “date of commencement of
commercial production” means the last date of the month in which commercial production of the project in respect of which the funds raised are proposed to be utilised as stated in the offer document, is expected to commence.

Lock-in of specified securities lent to stabilising agent under green shoe option

116. The lock-in provisions of this part shall not apply with respect to the specified securities lent to stabilising agent for the purpose of green shoe option, during the period starting from the date of lending of such specified securities and ending on the date on which they are returned to the lender in terms of sub-regulation (5) or (6) of regulation153:

Provided that the specified securities shall be locked-in for the remaining period from the date on which they are returned to the lender.

Lock-in of party-paid securities

117. Where the specified securities which are subject to lock-in are partly paid-up and the amount called-up on such specified securities is less than the amount called-up on the specified securities issued to the public, the lock-in shall end only on the expiry of three years after such specified securities have become pari passu with the specified securities issued to the public.

Inscription or recording of non-transferability

118. The certificates of specified securities which are subject to lock-in shall contain the inscription “non-transferable” and specify the lock-in period and in case such specified securities are dematerialized, the issuer shall ensure that the lock-in is recorded by the depository.

Pledge of locked-in specified securities

119. Specified securities held by the promoters and locked in may be pledged as collateral security for a loan granted by a scheduled commercial bank or a public financial institution or a systemically important non-banking finance company or a housing finance company, subject to the following:

a) if the specified securities are locked-in in terms of clause (a) of regulation 115, the loan has been granted to the issuer company or its subsidiary/subsidiaries for the purpose of financing one or more of the objects of the issue and pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan

b) if the specified securities are locked-in in terms of clause (b) of regulation 115 and the pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan.

Transferability of locked-in specified securities

120. Subject to the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, the specified securities held by the promoters and locked-in as per regulation 115 may be transferred to another promoter or any person of the promoter group or a new promoter or a person in control of the issuer:
Provided that lock-in on such specified securities shall continue for the remaining period with the transferee and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them till the lock-in period stipulated in these regulations has expired.

PART V: APPOINTMENT OF LEAD MANAGERS, OTHER INTERMEDIARIES AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

121. (1) The issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as lead manager(s) to the issue.

(2) Where the issue is managed by more than one lead manager, the rights, obligations and responsibilities, relating inter alia to disclosures, allotment, refund and underwriting obligations, if any, of each lead manager shall be predetermined and be disclosed in the draft offer document and the offer document as specified in Schedule I:

(3) At least one lead manager to the issue shall not be an associate [as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992] of the issuer and if any of the lead managers is an associate of the issuer, it shall disclose itself as an associate of the issuer and its role shall be limited to the marketing of the issue.

(4) The issuer shall, in consultation with the lead manager(s), appoint other intermediaries which are registered with the Board after the lead manager(s) have independently assessed the capability of other intermediaries to carry out their obligations.

(5) The issuer shall enter into an agreement with the lead manager(s) in the format specified in Schedule I and enter into agreements with other intermediaries as required under the respective regulations applicable to the intermediary concerned:

Provided that such agreements may include such other clauses as the issuer and the intermediaries may deem fit without diminishing or limiting in any way the liabilities and obligations of the lead manager(s), other intermediaries and the issuer under the Act, the Companies Act, 2013 or the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules and regulations made there under or any statutory modification or statutory enactment thereof:

Provided further that in case of ASBA process, the issuer shall take cognisance of the deemed agreement of the issuer with the self-certified syndicate banks.

(6) The issuer shall, in the case of an issue made through the book building process, appoint syndicate member(s) and in the case of any other issue, appoint bankers to an issue, at centres as specified in Schedule XII.

(7) The issuer shall appoint a registrar to the issue, registered with the Board, which has connectivity with all the depositories:
Provided that if issuer itself is a registrar, it shall not appoint itself as a registrar to the issue:

Provided further that the lead manager shall not act as a registrar to the issue in which it is also handling the post-issue responsibilities.

(8) The issuer shall appoint a compliance officer who shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of the securities laws and for redressal of investors’ grievances.

PART VI: DISCLOSURES IN AND FILING OF OFFER DOCUMENTS

Disclosures in the draft offer document and the offer document

122. (1) The draft offer document and the offer document shall contain all material disclosures which are true and adequate to enable the applicants to take an informed investment decision.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the red-herring prospectus, shelf prospectus and prospectus shall contain:

i. disclosures specified in the Companies Act, 2013; and

ii. disclosures specified in Part A of Schedule VI, subject to the provisions of Parts C and D thereof.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall exercise due diligence and satisfy themselves about all aspects of the issue including the veracity and adequacy of disclosures made in the draft offer document and the offer document.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall call upon the issuer, its promoters and its directors or in case of an offer for sale, the selling shareholders, to fulfill their obligations as disclosed by them in the draft offer document and the offer document and as required in terms of these Regulations.

(5) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the information contained in the offer document and the particulars as per audited financial statements in the offer document are not more than six months old from the issue opening date.

Filing of the draft offer document and offer documents

123. (1) Prior to making a further public offer, the issuer shall file three copies of the draft offer document with the concerned regional office of the Board under the jurisdiction of which the registered office of the issuer company is located, in accordance with Schedule IV, along with fees as specified in Schedule III, through the lead manager(s).

(2) The lead manager(s) shall submit the following to the Board along with the draft offer document:

a) a certificate, confirming that an agreement has been entered into between the issuer and the lead manager(s)

b) a due diligence certificate as per Form A of Schedule V;
c) in case of an issue of convertible debt instruments, a due diligence certificate from the debenture trustee as per Form B of Schedule V;

d) a certificate confirming compliance of the conditions specified in Part C of Schedule VI.

(3) The issuer shall also file the draft offer document with the stock exchange(s) where the specified securities are proposed to be listed, and shall submit to the stock exchange(s), the Permanent Account Number, bank account number and passport number of its promoters where they are individuals, and Permanent Account Number, bank account number, company registration number or equivalent and the address of the Registrar of Companies with which the promoter is registered, where the promoter is a body corporate.

(4) The Board may specify changes or issue observations on the draft offer document within a period of thirty days from the later of the following dates:

a) the date of receipt of the draft offer document under sub-regulation (1); or

b) the date of receipt of satisfactory reply from the lead manager(s), where the Board has sought any clarification or additional information from them or

c) the date of receipt of clarification or information from any regulator or agency, where the Board has sought any clarification or information from such regulator or agency; or

d) the date of receipt of a copy of in-principle approval letter issued by the stock exchange(s).

(5) If the Board specifies changes or issues observations on the draft offer document, the issuer and the lead manager(s) shall carry out such changes in the draft offer document and shall submit to the Board an updated draft offer document complying with the observations issued by the Board and highlighting all changes made in the draft offer document before registering or filing the offer documents with the Registrar of Companies or the appropriate authority, as applicable.

(6) If there are any changes in the draft offer document in relation to the matters specified in Schedule XVI, the updated offer document or a fresh draft offer document, as the case may be, shall be filed with the Board along with fees specified in Schedule III.

(7) Copy of the offer documents shall also be filed with the Board and the stock exchanges through the lead manager(s) simultaneously while registering the offer documents with Registrar of Companies.

(8) The draft offer document and the offer document shall also be furnished to the Board in a soft copy in the manner as may be specified.

(9) The lead manager(s) shall submit the following documents to the Board after issuance of observations by the Board or after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (4) of regulation 123 if the Board has not issued observations:

a) a statement certifying that all changes, suggestions and observations made by the Board have been incorporated in the offer document;
b) a due diligence certificate as per **Form C of Schedule V**, at the time of registering of the offer document;

c) a copy of the resolution passed by the board of directors of the issuer for allotting specified securities to promoters towards amount received against promoters’ contribution, before opening of the issue;

d) a certificate from a Chartered Accountant, before opening of the issue, certifying that promoters’ contribution has been received in accordance with these regulations, accompanying therewith the names and addresses of the promoters who have contributed to the promoters’ contribution and the amount paid and credited to the bank account of the issuer by each of them towards such contribution;

e) a due diligence certificate as per **Form D of Schedule V**, in the event the issuer has made a disclosure of any material development by issuing a public notice.

**Draft offer document and offer document to be available to the public**

124. (1) The draft offer document filed with the Board shall be made public for comments, if any, for a period of at least twenty one days from the date of filing, by hosting it on the websites of the Board, stock exchanges where specified securities are proposed to be listed and lead manager(s) associated with the issue.

(2) The issuer shall, within two days of filing the draft offer document with the Board, make a public announcement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language newspaper with wide circulation at the place where the registered office of the issuer is situated, disclosing to the public the fact of filing of the draft offer document with the Board and inviting the public to provide their comments to the Board, the issuer or the lead manager(s) in respect of the disclosures made in the draft offer document.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall, after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1), file with the Board, details of the comments received by them or the issuer from the public, on the draft offer document, during that period and the consequential changes, if any, that are required to be made in the draft offer document.

(4) The issuer and the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the offer documents are hosted on the websites as required under these regulations and its contents are the same as the versions as filed with the Registrar of Companies, the Board and the stock exchanges, as applicable.

(5) The lead manager(s) and the stock exchanges shall provide copies of the offer documents, to the public as and when requested and may charge a reasonable sum for providing a copy of the same.
PART VII - PRICING

Face value of equity shares

125. The disclosure about the face value of equity shares shall be made in the draft offer document, offer document, advertisements and application forms, along with the price band or the issue price in identical font size.

Pricing

126. (1) The issuer may determine the price of equity shares, and in case of convertible securities, the coupon rate and the conversion price, in consultation with the lead manager(s) or through the book building process, as the case maybe.

(2) The issuer shall undertake the book building process in the manner specified in Schedule XIII.

Price and price band

127. (1) The issuer may mention a price or a price band in the offer document (in case of a fixed price issue) and a floor price or a price band in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) and determine the price at a later date before registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies:

Provided that the prospectus registered with the Registrar of Companies shall contain only one price or the specific coupon rate, as the case may be.

(2) The cap on the price band, and the coupon rate in case of convertible debt instruments, shall be less than or equal to one hundred and twenty percent of the floor price.

(3) The floor price or the final price shall not be less than the face value of the specified securities.

(4) Where the issuer opts not to make the disclosure of the floor price or price band in the red herring prospectus, the issuer shall announce the floor price or the price band at least one working day before the opening of the bid in the same newspapers in which the pre-issue advertisement was released or together with the pre-issue advertisement in the format prescribed under Part A of Schedule X.

(5) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) shall contain relevant financial ratios computed for both upper and lower end of the price band and also a statement drawing attention of the investors to the section title “basis of issue price” of the offer document.

(6) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) and the relevant financial ratios referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be disclosed on the websites of the stock exchange(s) and shall also be pre-filled in the application forms to be made available on the websites of the stock exchange(s).

Differential pricing

128. (1) The issuer may offer its specified securities at different prices, subject to the following:
a) retail individual investors or retail individual shareholders or employees entitled for reservation made under regulation 130 may be offered specified securities at a price not lower than by more than ten per cent. of the price at which net offer is made to other categories of applicants, excluding anchor investors;

b) in case of a book built issue, the price of the specified securities offered to the anchor investors shall not be lower than the price offered to other applicants;

c) in case of a composite issue, the price of the specified securities offered in the public issue may be different from the price offered in rights issue and justification for such price difference shall be given in the offer document.

d) in case the issuer opts for the alternate method of book building in terms of Part D of Schedule XIII, the issuer may offer the specified securities to its employees at a price not lower by more than ten per cent. of the floor price.

(2) Discount, if any, shall be expressed in rupee terms in the offer document.

PART VIII: ISSUANCE CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURE

Allocation in the net offer

129. (1) In an issue made through the book building process under sub-regulation (1) of regulation 103, the allocation in the net offer category shall be as follows:

a) Not less than thirty five percent to retail individual investors;

b) Not less than fifteen per cent. to non-institutional investors;

c) Not more than fifty per cent. to qualified institutional buyers, five per cent. of which shall be allocated to mutual funds:

Provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in any other category:

Provided further that in addition to five per cent allocation available in terms of clause (c), mutual funds shall be eligible for allocation under the balance available for qualified institutional buyers.

(2) In an issue made through the book building process under sub-regulation (2) of regulation 103, the allocation in the net offer category shall be as follows:

a) Not more than ten per cent. to retail individual investors;

b) Not more than fifteen per cent. to non-institutional investors;

c) Not less than seventy five per cent. to qualified institutional buyers, five per cent. of which shall be allocated to mutual funds:
Provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in the other category:

Provided further that in addition to five per cent allocation available in terms of clause (c), mutual funds shall be eligible for allocation under the balance available for qualified institutional buyers.

(3) In an issue made through the book building process, the issuer may allocate up to sixty per cent. of the portion available for allocation to qualified institutional buyers to anchor investors in accordance with the conditions specified in this regard in Schedule XIII.

(4) In an issue made other than through the book building process, allocation in the net offer category shall be made as follows:

a) minimum fifty per cent. to retail individual investors; and

b) remaining to:

(i) individual applicants other than retail individual investors; and

(ii) other investors including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for;

Provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in the other category.

Explanation: For the purpose of sub-regulation (4), if the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty per cent. of the issue size on a proportionate basis, the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.

Reservation on a competitive basis

130. (1) The issuer may make reservations on a competitive basis out of the issue size excluding promoters’ contribution in favour of the following categories of persons:

a) employees;

b) shareholders (other than promoters and promoter group) of listed subsidiaries or listed promoter companies:

Provided that the issuer shall not make any reservation for the lead manager(s), registrar, syndicate member(s), their promoters, directors and employees and for the group or associate companies (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) of the lead manager(s), registrar and syndicate member(s) and their promoters, directors and employees.

(2) In a further public offer, other than in a composite issue, the issuer may make a reservation on a competitive basis out of the issue size excluding promoters’ contribution for the existing retail individual shareholders of the issuer.

(3) The reservations on competitive basis shall be subject to following conditions:
a) The aggregate of reservation for employees shall not exceed five per cent. of the post-issue capital of the issuer and the value of allotment to any employee shall not exceed two lakhs rupees:

Provided that in the event of under-subscription in the employee reservation portion, the unsubscribed portion may be allotted on a proportionate basis, for a value in excess of two lakhs rupees, subject to the total allotment to an employee not exceeding five lakhs rupees.

b) Reservation for shareholders shall not exceed ten percent. of the issue size;

c) no further application for subscription in the net offer can be made by persons (except an employee and retail individual shareholder of the listed issuer and retail individual shareholders of listed subsidiaries of listed promoter companies) in favour of whom reservation on a competitive basis is made;

d) any unsubscribed portion in any reserved category may be added to any other reserved category/categories and the unsubscribed portion, if any, after such inter-se adjustments amongst the reserved categories shall be added to the net offer category;

e) in case of under-subscription in the net offer category, spill-over to the extent of under-subscription shall be permitted from the reserved category to the net public offer.

(4) An applicant in any reserved category may make an application for any number of specified securities, but not exceeding the reserved portion for that category.

Abridged prospectus

131. (1) The abridged prospectus shall contain the disclosures as specified in Part E of Schedule VI and shall not contain any matter extraneous to the contents of the offer document.

(2) Every application form distributed by the issuer or any other person in relation to an issue shall be accompanied by a copy of the abridged prospectus.

ASBA

132. The issuer shall accept bids using only the ASBA facility in the manner specified by the Board.

Availability of issue material

133. The lead manager(s) shall ensure availability of the offer document and other issue material including application forms to stock exchanges, syndicate members, registrar to issue, registrar and share transfer agents, depository participants, stock brokers, underwriters, bankers to the issue, investors’ associations and self certified syndicate banks before the opening of the issue.

Prohibition on payment of incentives

134. Any person connected with the issue, shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any person for making an application in the initial public offer, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the issue.
Security deposit

135. (1) The issuer shall, before the opening of the subscription list, deposit with the designated stock exchange, an amount calculated at the rate of one per cent. of the issue size available for subscription to the public in the manner specified by the Board and/or the stock exchange(s).

(2) The amount specified in sub-regulation (1) shall be refundable or forfeitable in the manner specified by the Board.

Underwriting

136. (1) If the issuer making a further public offer, other than through the book building process, desires to have the issue underwritten, it shall appoint the underwriters in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Underwriters) Regulations, 1993.

(2) If the issuer makes a public issue through the book building process,

a) the issue shall be underwritten by lead manager(s) and syndicate member(s):

Provided that at least seventy five per cent. of the net offer proposed to be compulsorily allotted to qualified institutional buyers for the purpose of compliance of the eligibility conditions specified in sub-regulation (2) of regulation 103, shall not be underwritten.

b) the issuer shall, prior to filing the prospectus, enter into underwriting agreement with the lead manager(s), and syndicate member(s), indicating there in the number of specified securities which they shall subscribe to at the predetermined price in the event of under-subscription in the issue.

c) if the syndicate member(s) fail to fulfil their underwriting obligations, the lead manager(s) shall fulfill the underwriting obligations.

d) the lead manager(s) and syndicate member(s) shall not subscribe to the issue in any manner except for fulfilling their underwriting obligations.

e) in case of every underwritten issue, the lead manager(s) shall undertake minimum underwriting obligations as specified in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992.

f) where the issue is required to be underwritten, the underwriting obligations should at least be to the extent of minimum subscription.

Monitoring agency

137. (1) If the issue size, excluding the size of offer for sale by selling shareholders, exceeds one hundred crore rupees, the issuer shall make arrangements for the use of proceeds of the issue to be monitored by a public financial institution or by a scheduled commercial bank named in the offer document as the bankers of the issuer:
Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an issue of specified securities made by a bank or public financial institution or an insurance company.

(2) The monitoring agency shall submit its report to the issuer in the format specified in Schedule XI on a quarterly basis, till at least ninety five per cent. of the proceeds of the issue, excluding the proceeds raised for general corporate purposes, have been utilised.

(3) The board of directors and the management of the issuer shall provide their comments on the findings of the monitoring agency as specified in Schedule XI.

(4) The issuer shall, within forty five days from the end of each quarter, publicly disseminate the report of the monitoring agency by uploading the same on its website as well as submitting the same to the stock exchange(s) on which its equity shares are listed.

Public communications, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports

138. All public communication, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports shall comply with provisions of Schedule IX.

Issue-related advertisements

139. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the issuer shall, after registering the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) or prospectus (in case of fixed price issue) with the Registrar of Companies, make a pre-issue advertisement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language newspaper with wide circulation at the place where the registered office of the issuer is situated.

(2) The pre-issue advertisement shall be in the format and shall contain the disclosures specified in Part A of Schedule X.

Provided that the disclosures in relation to price band or floor price and financial ratios contained therein shall be applicable only where the issuer opts to announce the price band or floor price along with the pre-issue advertisement pursuant to sub-regulation (4) of regulation 127.

(3) The issuer may release advertisements for issue opening and issue closing, which shall be in the formats specified in Parts B and C of Schedule X.

(4) During the period the issue is open for subscription, no advertisement shall be released giving an impression that the issue has been fully subscribed or oversubscribed or indicating investors’ response to the issue.

Opening of the issue

140. (1) Subject to the compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a public issue may be opened within twelve months from the date of issuance of the observations by the Board under sub-regulation (4) of regulation 123; or
Provided that in case of a fast track issue, the issue shall open within the period specifically stipulated under the Companies Act, 2013.

(2) In case of shelf prospectus, the first issue may be opened within three months of issuance of observations by the Board.

(3) The issue shall be opened after at least three working days from the date of registering the red herring prospectus with the Registrar of Companies in case of book built issues and prospectus with the Registrar of Companies in case of fixed price issues.

Minimum subscription

141. (1) The minimum subscription to be received in the issue shall be at least ninety per cent. of the offer through the offer document, except in case of an offer for sale of specified securities.

(2) In the event of non-receipt of minimum subscription referred to in sub-regulation (1), all application monies received shall be refunded to the applicants forthwith, but not later than fifteen days from the closure of the issue.

Period of subscription

142. (1) Except as otherwise provided in these regulations, a further public issue shall be kept open for at least three working days and not more than ten working days.

(2) In case of a revision in the price band, the issuer shall extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus, for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

(3) In case of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, the issuer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) or the issue period disclosed in the prospectus (in case of a fixed price issue), for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

Application and minimum application value

143. (1) A person shall not make an application in the net offer category for a number of specified securities that exceeds the total number of specified securities offered to public.

Provided that the maximum application by non-institutional investors shall not exceed total number of specified securities offered in the issue less total number of specified securities offered in the issue to qualified institutional buyers.

(2) The issuer shall stipulate in the offer document the minimum application size in terms of number of specified securities which shall fall within the range of minimum application value of ten thousand rupees to fifteen thousand rupees.

(3) The issuer shall invite applications in multiples of the minimum application value, an illustration whereof is given in Part B of Schedule XIV.
(4) The minimum sum payable on application per specified security shall be at least twenty five per cent. of the issue price:

Provided that in case of an offer for sale, the full issue price for each specified security shall be payable at the time of application.

Explanation: For the purpose of this regulation “minimum application value” shall be with reference to the issue price of the specified securities and not with reference to the amount payable on application.

Manner of calls

144. If the issuer proposes to receive subscription monies in calls, it shall ensure that the outstanding subscription money is called within twelve months from the date of allotment in the issue and if any applicant fails to pay the call money within the said twelve months, the equity shares on which there are calls in arrear along with the subscription money already paid on such shares shall be forfeited:

Provided that it shall not be necessary to call the outstanding subscription money within twelve months, if the issuer has appointed a monitoring agency in terms of regulation 137.

Allotment procedure and basis of allotment

145. (1) The issuer shall not make an allotment pursuant to a public issue if the number of prospective allottees is less than one thousand.

(2) The issuer shall not make any allotment in excess of the specified securities offered through the offer document except in case of oversubscription for the purpose of rounding off to make allotment, in consultation with the designated stock exchange.

Provided that in case of oversubscription, an allotment of not more than one per cent of the net offer to public may be made for the purpose of making allotment in minimum lots.

(3) The allotment of specified securities to applicants other than retail individual investors and anchor investors shall be on proportionate basis within the specified investor categories and the number of securities allotted shall be rounded off to the nearest integer, subject to minimum allotment being equal to the minimum application size as determined and disclosed by the issuer:

Provided that value of specified securities allotted to any person, except in case of employees, in pursuance of reservation made under clause (a) of sub-regulation (1) or clause (a) of sub- regulation (2) of regulation 130, shall not exceed two lakhs rupees.

(4) The allotment of specified securities to each retail individual investor shall not be less than the minimum bid lot, subject to availability of shares in retail individual investor category, and the remaining available shares, if any, shall be allotted on a proportionate basis.

(5) The authorised employees of the designated stock exchange along with the lead manager(s) and registrars to the issue shall ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the allotment procedure as specified in Part A of Schedule XIV.
Allotment, refund and payment of interest

146. (1) The issuer and lead manager(s) shall ensure that specified securities are allotted and/or application monies are refunded or unblocked within such period as maybe specified by the Board.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the allotment, credit of dematerialised securities, refunding or unblocking of application monies, as may be applicable, are done electronically.

(3) Where specified securities are not allotted and/or application monies are not refunded or unblocked within the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1) above, the issuer shall undertake to pay interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum to the investors and within such time as disclosed in the offer document and the lead manager(s) shall ensure the same.

Post-issue Advertisements

147. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that advertisement giving details relating to subscription, basis of allotment, number, value and percentage of all applications including ASBA, number, value and percentage of successful allotees for all applications including ASBA, date of completion of despatch of refund orders, as applicable, or instructions to self-certified syndicate banks by the registrar, date of credit of specified securities and date of filing of listing application, etc. is released within ten days from the date of completion of the various activities in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation at the place where registered office of the issuer is situated.

(2) Details specified in sub regulation (1) shall also be placed on the websites of the stock exchanges.

Post-issue responsibilities of the lead manager(s)

148. (1) The responsibility of the lead manager(s) shall continue until completion of issue process and for any issue related matter thereafter.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall regularly monitor redressal of investor grievances arising from any issue related activities.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall continue to be responsible for post-issue activities till the applicants have received the securities certificates, credit to their demat account or refund of application monies and the listing agreement is entered into by the issuer with the stock exchange and listing or trading permission is obtained.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall be responsible for and co-ordinate with the registrars to the issue and with various intermediaries at regular intervals after the closure of the issue to monitor the flow of applications from syndicate member(s) or collecting bank branches and or self-certified syndicate banks, processing of the applications including application form for ASBA and other matters till the basis of allotment is finalised, credit of the specified securities to the demat accounts of the allotees and unblocking of ASBA accounts/ despatch of refund orders are completed and securities are listed, as applicable.
(5) Any act of omission or commission on the part of any of the intermediaries noticed by the lead manager(s) shall be duly reported by them to the Board.

(6) In case there is a devolvement on underwriters, the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the notice for devolvement containing the obligation of the underwriters is issued within a period of ten days from the date of closure of the issue.

(7) In case of undersubscribed issues that are underwritten, the lead manager(s) shall furnish information to the Board in respect of underwriters who have failed to meet their underwriting devolvement in the format specified in Schedule XVIII.

Release of subscription money

149. (1) The lead manager(s) shall confirm to the bankers to the issue by way of copies of listing and trading approvals that all formalities in connection with the issue have been completed and that the banker is free to release the money to the issuer or release the money for refund in case of failure of the issue.

(2) In case the issuer fails to obtain listing or trading permission from the stock exchanges where the specified securities were listed, it shall refund, through verifiable means, the entire monies received within seven days of receipt of intimation from stock exchanges rejecting the application for listing of specified securities and if monies are not repaid within the specified period, the issuer and every director of the company who is an officer in default shall, on and from the expiry of the eighth day, be jointly and severally liable to repay that money with interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the monies received in respect of the issue are released to the issuer in compliance with the provisions of the Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

Reporting of transactions by the promoters and promoter group

150. The issuer shall ensure that all transactions in securities by the promoters and promoter group between the date of filing of the draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be, and the date of closure of the issue shall be reported to the stock exchanges, within twenty four hours of such transactions.

Post- issue reports

151. The lead manager(s) shall submit a final post-issue report as specified in Part A of Schedule XVII, along with a due diligence certificate as per the format specified in Form F of Schedule V, within seven days of the date of finalization of basis of allotment or within seven days of refund of money in case of failure of issue.

PART IX: MISCELLANEOUS

Restriction on further capital issues

152. An issuer shall not make any further issue of specified securities in any manner whether by
way of public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, qualified institutions placement, issue of bonus shares or otherwise, except pursuant to an employee stock option scheme:

a) in case of a fast track issue, during the period between the date of registering the offer document (in case of a book built issue) or prospectus (in case of a fixed price issue) with the Registrar of Companies and the listing of the specified securities offered through the offer document or refund of application monies; or

b) in case of other issues, during the period between the date of filing the draft offer document and the listing of the specified securities offered through the offer document or refund of application nominees;

unless full disclosures regarding the total number of specified securities or amount proposed to be raised from such further issue are made in such draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be.

Price stabilisation through green shoe option

153. (1) An issuer may provide green shoe option for stabilizing the post listing price of its specified securities, subject to the following:

a) the issuer has been authorized, by a resolution passed in the general meeting of shareholders approving the public issue, to allot specified securities to the stabilising agent, if required, on the expiry of the stabilization period;

b) the issuer has appointed a lead manager as a stabilising agent, who shall be responsible for the price stabilization process;

c) prior to filing the draft offer document, the issuer and the stabilizing agent have entered into an agreement, stating all the terms and conditions relating to the green shoe option including fees charged and expenses to be incurred by the stabilising agent for discharging its responsibilities;

d) prior to filing the offer document, the stabilizing agent has entered into an agreement with the promoters or pre-issue shareholders or both for borrowing specified securities from them in accordance with clause (g) of this sub-regulation, specifying therein the maximum number of specified securities that may be borrowed for the purpose of allotment or allocation of specified securities in excess of the issue size (hereinafter referred to as the “over-allotment”), which shall not be in excess of fifteen percent. Of the issue size;

e) subject to clause (d), the lead manager, in consultation with the stabilising agent, shall determine the amount of specified securities to be over-allotted in the public issue;

f) the draft offer document and offer document shall contain all material disclosures about the green shoe option specified in this regard in Part A of Schedule VI;

g) in case of an initial public offer pre-issue shareholders and promoters and in case of a further public offer pre-issue shareholders holding more than five per cent. specified securities and promoters may lend specified securities to the extent of the proposed over-allotment;
h) the specified securities borrowed shall be in dematerialized form and allocation of these securities shall be made pro-rata to all successful applicants.

(2) For the purpose of stabilization of post-listing price of the specified securities, the stabilising agent shall determine the relevant aspects including the timing of buying such securities, quantity to be bought and the price at which such securities are to be bought from the market.

(3) The stabilisation process shall be available for a period not exceeding thirty days from the date on which trading permission is given by the stock exchanges in respect of the specified securities allotted in the public issue.

(4) The stabilizing agent shall open a special account, distinct from the issue account, with a bank for crediting the monies received from the applicants against the over-allotment and a special account with a depository participant for crediting specified securities to be bought from the market during the stabilisation period out of the monies credited in the special bank account.

(5) The specified securities bought from the market and credited in the special account with the depository participant shall be returned to the promoters or pre-issue shareholders immediately, in any case not later than two working days after the end of the stabilization period.

(6) On expiry of the stabilisation period, if the stabilising agent has not been able to buy specified securities from the market to the extent of such securities over-allotted, the issuer shall allot specified securities at issue price in dematerialized form to the extent of the shortfall to the special account with the depository participant, within five days of the closure of the stabilization period and such specified securities shall be returned to the promoters or pre-issue shareholders by the stabilizing agent in lieu of the specified securities borrowed from them and the account with the depository participant shall be closed thereafter.

(7) The issuer shall make a listing application in respect of the further specified securities allotted under sub-regulation (6), to all the stock exchanges where the specified securities allotted in the public issue are listed and the provisions of Chapter VII shall not be applicable to such allotment.

(8) The stabilizing agent shall remit the monies with respect to the specified securities allotted under sub-regulation (6) to the issuer from the special bank account.

(9) Any monies left in the special bank account after remittance of monies to the issuer under sub-regulation (8) and deduction of expenses incurred by the stabilizing agent for the stabilisation process shall be transferred to the Investor Protection and Education Fund established by the Board and the special bank account shall be closed soon thereafter.

(10) The stabilizing agent shall submit a report to the stock exchange on a daily basis during the stabilization period and a final report to the Board in the format specified in Schedule XV.

(11) The stabilizing agent shall maintain a register for a period of at least three years from the date of the end of the stabilization period and such register shall contain the following particulars:
a) The names of the promoters or pre-issue shareholders from whom the specified securities were borrowed and the number of specified securities borrowed from each of them;

b) The price, date and time in respect of each transaction effected in the course of the stabilization process; and

c) The details of allotment made by the issuer on expiry of the stabilization process.

**Alteration of rights of holders of specified securities**

154. An issuer shall not alter the terms, including the terms of issue, of specified securities which may adversely affect the interests of the holders of that specified securities, except with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the specified securities of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the holders of the specified securities of that class.

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**PART X: FAST TRACK FURTHER PUBLIC OFFER**

**Eligibility conditions**

155. Sub-regulations (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) and (9) of regulation 123 shall not apply if the issuer satisfies the following conditions for making a further public offer through the fast track route:

a) equity shares of the issuer have been listed on any stock exchange for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the reference date;

b) entire shareholding of the promoter group of the issuer is held in dematerialised form on the reference date

c) average market capitalisation of public shareholding of the issuer is at least one thousand crore rupees in case of public issue;

“average market capitalisation of public shareholding” means the sum of daily market capitalisation of public shareholding for a period of one year up to the end of the quarter preceding the month in which the proposed issue was approved by the shareholders or the board of the issuer, as the case may be, divided by the number of trading days.

“public shareholding” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

d) annualised trading turnover of the equity shares of the issuer during six calendar months immediately preceding the month of the reference date has been at least two per cent. of the weighted average number of equity shares listed during such six months’ period:

**Provided that** for issuers, whose public shareholding is less than fifteen per cent of its issued equity capital, the annualised trading turnover of its equity shares has been at least two per cent. of the weighted average number of equity shares available as free float during such six months’ period;
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e) annualized delivery-based trading turnover of the equity shares during six calendar months immediately preceding the month of the reference date has been at least ten per cent. of the annualised trading turnover of the equity shares during such six months’ period;

f) issuer has been in compliance with the equity listing agreement or the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable, for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the reference date:

Provided that if the issuer has not complied with the provisions of the listing agreement or the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable, relating to composition of board of directors, for any quarter during the last three years immediately preceding the reference date, but is compliant with such provisions at the time of filing of letter of offer, and adequate disclosures are made in the letter of offer about such non-compliances during the three years immediately preceding the reference date, it shall be deemed as compliance with the condition;

Provided further that imposition of only monetary fines by stock exchanges on the issuer shall not be a ground for ineligibility for undertaking issuances under this regulation;

g) issuer has redressed at least ninety five per cent. of the complaints received from the investors till the end of the quarter immediately preceding the month of the reference date;

h) no show-cause notices have been issued or prosecution proceedings have been initiated by the Board and pending against the issuer or its promoters or whole-time directors as on the reference date;

i) issuer or promoter or promoter group or director of the issuer has not settled any alleged violation of securities laws through the consent or settlement mechanism with the Board during three years immediately preceding the reference date;

j) equity shares of the issuer have not been suspended from trading as a disciplinary measure during last three years immediately preceding the reference date;

k) there shall be no conflict of interest between the lead manager(s) and the issuer or its group companies in accordance with the applicable regulations.

l) impact of audit qualifications, if any and where quantifiable, on the audited accounts of the issuer in respect of those financial years for which such accounts are disclosed in the letter of offer does not exceed five per cent. of the net profit or loss after tax of the issuer for the respective years.

Submission of offer document and due diligence certificate

156. (1) The issuer shall file the offer document with the Board and the stock exchanges in accordance with sub-regulations (7) and (8) of regulation 123 and shall pay fees to the Board as specified in Schedule III.
(2) The lead manager(s) shall submit to the Board, the following documents along with the offer document:

- a) a due diligence certificate as per Form A of Schedule V including additional confirmations as specified in Form E of Schedule V;

- b) in case of a fast track issue of convertible debt instruments, a due diligence certificate from the debenture trustee as per Form B of Schedule V.

Explanation: For the purposes of this regulation: “reference date” means the date of registering the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) or prospectus (in case of a fixed price issue) with the Registrar of Companies.

Post-listing exit opportunity for dissenting shareholders

157. In case of further public offers, including under the fast track route, the promoters or shareholders in control of an issuer shall provide an exit offer to dissenting shareholders as provided for in the Companies Act, 2013, in case of change in objects or variation in the terms of contract related to objects referred to in the offer document as per conditions and manner is provided in Schedule XX;

Provided that the exit offer shall not apply where there are neither identifiable promoters nor shareholders in control of the listed issuer.

CHAPTER V

PREFERENTIAL ISSUE

Provisions of this chapter not to apply in certain cases

158. (1) The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply where the preferential issue of equity shares is made pursuant to:

- a) conversion of a loan or an option attached to convertible debt instruments in terms of sub-sections (3) and (4) of sections 81 of the Companies Act, 1956 or sub-section (3) and (4) of section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013, whichever is applicable;

- b) a scheme approved by a High Court under section 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or approved by a tribunal or the Central Government under sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable;

Provided that the pricing provisions of this Chapter shall apply to the issuance of shares under schemes mentioned in clause (b) in case of allotment of shares only to a select group of shareholders or shareholders of unlisted companies pursuant to such schemes;

- c) a qualified institutions placement in accordance with Chapter VI of these regulations.
(2) The provisions of this Chapter, except the lock-in provisions, shall not apply where the preferential issue of specified securities is made in terms of the rehabilitation scheme approved by the Board of Industrial and Financial Reconstruction under the Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985 [1 of 1986] or the resolution plan approved under Section 31 of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 [No. 31 of 2016], whichever is applicable.

(3) The provisions of this Chapter relating to pricing and lock-in shall not apply to equity shares allotted to any financial institution within the meaning of sub-clauses (ia) and (ii) of clause (h) of section 2 of the Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (51 of 1993).

(4) The provisions of regulation 163 and sub-regulations (1), (2), (3) and (4) of regulation 164 shall not apply to a preferential issue of equity shares and compulsorily convertible debt instruments, whether fully or partly, where the Board has granted relaxation to the issuer in terms of regulation 11 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, if adequate disclosures about the plan and process proposed to be followed for identifying the allottees are given in the explanatory statement to notice for the general meeting of the shareholders.

(5) The provisions of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 159 and sub-regulation (6) of regulation 167 shall not apply to a preferential issue of specified securities where the proposed allottee is a mutual fund registered with the Board or insurance company registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India or a scheduled commercial bank or a public financial institution.

(6) The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply where the preferential issue of specified securities is made to the lenders pursuant to conversion of their debt, as part of a debt restructuring implemented in accordance with the guidelines specified by the Reserve Bank of India, subject to the following conditions:

   a) guidelines for determining the conversion price have been specified by the Reserve Bank of India in accordance with which the conversion price shall be determined and which shall be in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013;

   b) conversion price shall be certified by two independent valuers;

   c) specified securities so allotted shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of their allotment

   Provided that for the purpose of transferring the control, the lenders may transfer the specified securities allotted to them before completion of the lock-in period subject to continuation of the lock-in on such securities for the remaining period, with the transferee;

   d) the lock-in of equity shares allotted pursuant to conversion of convertible securities issued on preferential basis shall be reduced to the extent the convertible securities have already been locked-in;

   e) the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 are complied with, including the requirement of a special resolution.
PART I: ISSUERS INELIGIBLE TO MAKE A PREFERENTIAL ISSUE

159. (1) Preferential issue of specified securities shall not be made to any person who has sold or transferred any equity shares of the issuer during the six months preceding the relevant date:

Provided that in respect of the preferential issue of equity shares and compulsorily convertible debt instruments, whether fully or partly, the Board may grant relaxation from the requirements of this sub-regulation, if the Board has granted relaxation in terms of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 to such a preferential allotment.

Explanation: Where any person belonging to promoter(s) or the promoter group has sold/ transferred their equity shares in the issuer during the six months preceding the relevant date, the promoter(s) and promoter group shall be ineligible for allotment of specified securities on preferential basis.

Provided that the above restriction shall not apply to any sale of equity shares by any person belonging to promoter(s) of the promoter group which qualifies for inter-se transfer amongst qualifying persons under clause (a) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 10 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover Regulations), 2011 or in case of transfer of shares held by the promoters or promoter group on account of invocation of pledge by a scheduled commercial bank or public financial institution or a systemically important non-banking finance company or mutual fund or insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority.

(2) Where any person belonging to promoter(s) or the promoter group has previously subscribed to warrants of an issuer but has failed to exercise the warrants, the promoter(s) and promoter group shall be ineligible for issue of specified securities of such issuer on preferential basis for a period of one year from:

a) the date of expiry of the tenure of the warrants due to non-exercise of the option to convert; or

b) the date of cancellation of the warrants, as the case maybe.

(3) An issuer shall not be eligible to make a preferential issue if any of its promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

PART II: CONDITIONS FOR PREFERENTIAL ISSUE

Conditions for preferential issue

160. A listed issuer making a preferential issue of specified securities shall ensure that:
a) all equity shares allotted by way of preferential issue shall be made fully paid up at the time of the allotment;

b) a special resolution has been passed by its shareholders;

c) all equity shares held by the proposed allottees in the issuer are in dematerialized form;

d) the issuer is in compliance with the conditions for continuous listing of equity shares as specified in the listing agreement with the stock exchange where the equity shares of the issuer are listed and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015, as amended, and any circular or notification issued by the Board there under;

e) the issuer has obtained the Permanent Account Numbers of the proposed allottees, except those allottees which may be exempt from specifying their Permanent Account Number for transacting in the securities market by the Board.

**Relevant date**

**161.** For the purpose of this Chapter, "relevant date" means:

a) in case of preferential issue of equity shares, the date thirty days prior to the date on which the meeting of shareholders is held to consider the proposed preferential issue:

*Provided that* in case of a preferential issue of specified securities pursuant to any resolution of stressed assets under a framework specified by the Reserve Bank of India or a resolution plan approved by the National Company Law Tribunal under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016, the date of approval of the corporate debt restructuring package or resolution plan shall be the relevant date.

b) in case of a preferential issue of convertible securities, either the relevant date referred to in clause (a) of this regulation or a date thirty days prior to the date on which the holders of the convertible securities become entitled to apply for the equity shares.

*Explanation:* Where the relevant date falls on a weekend or a holiday, the day preceding the weekend or the holiday will be reckoned to be the relevant date

**Tenure of convertible securities**

**162.** The tenure of the convertible securities of the issuer shall not exceed eighteen months from the date of their allotment.
a) objects of the preferential issue;

b) maximum number of specified securities to be issued;

c) intent of the promoters, directors or key managerial personnel of the issuer to subscribe to the offer;

d) shareholding pattern of the issuer before and after the preferential issue;

e) time frame within which the preferential issue shall be completed;

f) identity of the natural persons who are the ultimate beneficial owners of the shares proposed to be allotted and/or who ultimately control the proposed allottees, the percentage of post preferential issue capital that may be held by them and change in control, if any, in the issuer consequent to the preferential issue:

Provided that if there is any listed company, mutual fund, scheduled commercial bank, insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India in the chain of ownership of the proposed allottee, no further disclosure will be necessary.

Explanation: For the purpose of identification of the ultimate beneficial owners of the allottees, where the allottees are institutions/entities, the identification of such ultimate beneficial owners, shall be in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the Board, if any.

g) undertaking that the issuer shall re-compute the price of the specified securities in terms of the provision of these regulations where it is required to do so;

h) undertaking that if the amount payable on account of the re-computation of price is not paid within the time stipulated in these regulations, the specified securities shall continue to be locked-in till the time such amount is paid by the allottees.

i) disclosures specified in Schedule VI, if the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a willful defaulter.

(2) The issuer shall place a copy of the certificate of its statutory auditors before the general meeting of the shareholders considering the proposed preferential issue, certifying that the issue is being made in accordance with the requirements of these regulations.

(3) Where the specified securities are issued on a preferential basis for consideration other than cash, the valuation of the assets in consideration for which the equity shares are issued shall be done by an independent valuer, which shall be submitted to the stock exchanges where the equity shares of the issuer are listed:

Provided that if the stock exchange(s) is not satisfied with the appropriateness of the valuation, it may get the valuation done by any other valuer and for this purpose it may seek any information, as deemed necessary, from the issuer.

(4) The special resolution shall specify the relevant date on the basis of which price of the equity shares to be allotted on conversion or exchange of convertible securities shall be calculated.
PART IV: PRICING

Pricing of frequently traded shares

164. (1) If the equity shares of the issuer have been listed on a recognised stock exchange for a period of twenty six weeks or more as on the relevant date, the price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall be not less than higher of the following:

   a) the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average price of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange during the twenty six weeks preceding the relevant date; or

   b) the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date.

(2) If the equity shares of the issuer have been listed on a recognised stock exchange for a period of less than twenty six weeks as on the relevant date, the price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall be not less than the higher of the following:

   a) the price at which equity shares were issued by the issuer in its initial public offer or the value per share arrived at in a scheme of compromise, arrangement and amalgamation under sections 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or sections 230 to 234 the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable, pursuant to which the equity shares of the issuer were listed, as the case may be; or

   b) the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange during the period the equity shares have been listed preceding the relevant date; or

   c) the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date.

(3) Where the price of the equity shares is determined in terms of sub-regulation (2), such price shall be recomputed by the issuer on completion of twenty six weeks from the date of listing on a recognised stock exchange with reference to the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange during these twenty six weeks and if such recomputed price is higher than the price paid on allotment, the difference shall be paid by the allottees to the issuer.

(4) A preferential issue of specified securities to qualified institutional buyers, not exceeding five in number, shall be made at a price not less than the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date.

(5) For the purpose of this Chapter, “frequently traded shares” means the shares of the issuer, in
which the traded turnover on any recognised stock exchange during the twelve calendar months preceding the relevant date, is at least ten per cent of the total number of shares of such class of shares of the issuer:

**Provided that** where the share capital of a particular class of shares of the issuer is not identical throughout such period, the weighted average number of total shares of such class of the issuer shall represent the total number of shares.

**Explanation:** For the purpose of this regulation, ‘stock exchange’ means any of the recognised stock exchange(s) in which the equity shares of the issuer are listed and in which the highest trading volume in respect of the equity shares of the issuer has been recorded during the preceding twenty six weeks prior to the relevant date.

**Pricing of infrequently traded shares**

165. Where the shares of an issuer are not frequently traded, the price determined by the issuer shall take into account the valuation parameters including book value, comparable trading multiples, and such other parameters as are customary for valuation of shares of such companies:

**Provided that** the issuer shall submit a certificate stating that the issuer is in compliance of this regulation, obtained from an independent valuer to the stock exchange where the equity shares of the issuer are listed.

**Adjustments in pricing - Frequently and Infrequently traded shares**

166. The price determined for a preferential issue in accordance with regulation 164 or regulation 165, shall be subject to appropriate adjustments, if the issuer:

   a) makes an issue of equity shares by way of capitalization of profits or reserves, other than by way of a dividend on shares;

   b) makes an issue of equity shares after completion of a demerger wherein the securities of the resultant demerged entity are listed on a stock exchange;

   c) makes a rights issue of equity shares;

   d) consolidates its outstanding equity shares into a smaller number of shares;

   e) divides its outstanding equity shares including by way of stock split;

   f) re-classifies any of its equity shares into other securities of the issuer;

   g) is involved in such other similar events or circumstances, which in the opinion of the concerned stock exchange, require adjustments.

### PART V: LOCK-IN AND RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY

**Lock-in**

167. (1) The specified securities, allotted on a preferential basis to the promoters or promoter group
and the equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of options attached to warrants issued on a preferential basis to the promoters or the promoter group, shall be locked-in for a period of three years from the date of trading approval granted for the specified securities or equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of the option attached to warrant, as the case may be:

Provided that not more than twenty per cent of the total capital of the issuer shall be locked-in for three years from the date of trading approval:

Provided further that equity shares allotted in excess of the twenty per cent shall be locked-in for one year from the date of trading approval pursuant to exercise of options or otherwise, as the case may be.

Provided further that in case of convertible securities or warrants which are not listed on stock exchanges, such securities shall be locked in for a period of one year from the date of allotment.

(2) The specified securities allotted on a preferential basis to persons other than the promoters and promoter group and the equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of options attached to warrants issued on preferential basis to such persons shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of trading approval.

Provided that in case of convertible securities or warrants which are not listed on stock exchanges, such securities shall be locked in for a period of one year from the date of allotment.

(3) Lock-in of the equity shares allotted pursuant to conversion of convertible securities other than warrants, issued on preferential basis shall be reduced to the extent the convertible securities have already been locked-in.

(4) The equity shares issued on a preferential basis pursuant to any resolution of stressed assets under a framework specified by the Reserve Bank of India or a resolution plan approved by the National Company Law Tribunal under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016, shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the trading approval:

(5) If the amount payable by the allottee, in case of re-calculation of price under sub-regulation (3) of regulation 164 is not paid till the expiry of lock-in period, the equity shares shall continue to be locked-in till such amount is paid by the allottee.

(6) The entire pre-preferential allotment shareholding of the allottees, if any, shall be locked-in from the relevant date up to a period of six months from the date of trading approval:

Provided that in case of convertible securities or warrants which are not listed on stock exchanges, the entire pre-preferential allotment shareholding of the allottees, if any, shall be locked-in from the relevant date up to a period of six months from the date of allotment of such securities.

Explanation 1: For the purpose of this regulation:

(1) The expression “total capital of the issuer” means:
a) equity share capital issued by way of public issue or rights issue including equity shares issued pursuant to conversion of specified securities which are convertible; and

b) specified securities issued on a preferential basis to the promoters or the promoters group.

(II) For the computation of twenty per cent. of the total capital of the issuer, the amount of minimum promoters’ contribution held and locked-in, in the past in terms of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Disclosure and Investor Protection) Guidelines, 2000 or these regulations shall be taken into account.

(III) The minimum promoters’ contribution shall not be put under fresh lock-in again, even though it is considered for computing the requirement of twenty per cent. of the total capital of the issuer, in case the said minimum promoters’ contribution is free of lock-in at the time of the preferential issue.

Explanation 2: For the purposes of this regulation, the date of trading approval shall mean the latest date when trading approval has been granted by all the stock exchanges where the equity shares of the issuer are listed, for specified securities allotted as per the provisions of this Chapter.

Transferability

168. (1) Subject to the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, specified securities held by promoters and locked-in in terms of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 167, may be transferred among the promoters or the promoter group or to a new promoter or persons in control of the issuer:

Provided that the lock-in on such specified securities shall continue for the remaining period with the transferee.

(2) The specified securities allotted on a preferential basis shall not be transferable by the allottees till the trading approval is granted for such securities by all the recognised stock exchanges where the equity shares of the issuer are listed.

PART VI: CONSIDERATION AND ALLOTMENT

Payment of consideration

169. (1) Full consideration of specified securities other than warrants, shall be paid by the allottees at the time of allotment of such specified securities except in case of shares issued for consideration other than cash.

Provided that in case of a preferential issue of specified securities pursuant to any resolution of stressed assets under a framework specified by the Reserve Bank of India or a resolution plan approved by the National Company Law Tribunal under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016, the consideration may be in terms of such scheme.

(2) In the case of warrants, an amount equivalent to at least twenty five per cent. of the consideration determined in terms of regulation 164 shall be paid against each warrant on the date of allotment of
warrants and the balance seventy five per cent. of the consideration shall be paid at the time of allotment of the equity shares pursuant to exercise of options against each such warrant by the warrant holder.

Provided that in case the exercise price of the warrants is based on the formula, at least twenty-five per cent. of the consideration amount calculated as per the formula with conversion date being the relevant date shall be paid against each warrant on the date of allotment of warrants and the balance consideration shall be paid at the time of allotment of the equity shares pursuant to exercise of options against each such warrant by the warrant holder.

(3) In case the warrant holder does not exercise the option for equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, the consideration paid in respect of such warrant in terms of sub-regulation (2) shall be forfeited by the issuer.

(4) The issuer shall ensure that the consideration of specified securities, if paid in cash, shall be received from respective allottee's bank account and in the case of joint holders, shall be received from the bank account of the person whose name appears first in the application.

(5) The issuer shall submit a certificate from the statutory auditors to the stock exchanges where the equity shares of the issuer are listed stating that the issuer is in compliance of sub-regulation (4) and the relevant documents thereof are maintained by the issuer as on the date of certification.

Allotment

170. (1) Allotment pursuant to the special resolution shall be completed within a period of fifteen days from the date of passing of such resolution:

Provided that where any application for exemption from the applicability of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 or any approval or permission by any regulatory authority or the Central Government for allotment is pending, the period of fifteen days shall be counted from the date of the order on such application or the date of approval or permission, as the case may be:

Provided further that where the Board has granted relaxation to the issuer in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, the preferential issue of equity shares and compulsorily convertible debt instruments, whether fully or partly, shall be made by it within such time as may be specified by the Board in its order granting the relaxation:

Provided further that requirement of allotment within fifteen days shall not apply to allotment of specified securities on preferential basis pursuant to any resolution of stressed assets under a framework specified by the Reserve Bank of India or a resolution plan approved by the National Company Law Tribunal under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016.

(2) If the allotment of the specified securities is not completed within fifteen days from the date of special resolution, a fresh special resolution shall be passed and the relevant date for determining the price of specified securities under this Chapter shall be taken with reference to the date of the latter special resolution.
(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this regulation, where a preferential allotment is made that attracts an obligation to make an open offer for shares of the issuer under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulation, 2011, and there is no offer made under sub-regulation (1) of regulation 20 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulation, 2011, the period of fifteen days shall be considered from the expiry of the period specified in sub-regulation (1) of regulation 20 or date of receipt of all statutory approvals required for the completion of an open offer under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulation, 2011:

Provided that if an offer is made under sub-regulation (1) of regulation 20 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulation, 2011, the period of fifteen days shall be counted from the expiry of the offer period as defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulation, 2011:

Provided further that the provisions of this sub-regulation shall not apply to an offer made under sub-regulation (1) of regulation 20 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulation, 2011, pursuant to a preferential allotment.

(4) Allotment of the specified securities shall be made only in dematerialised form.

Explanation: The requirement of allotment in dematerialised form shall also be applicable for the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to exercise of option attached to warrant or conversion of convertible securities.

CHAPTER VI

QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONS PLACEMENT

Definitions

171. For the purpose of this Chapter:

a) "eligible securities" include equity shares, non-convertible debt instruments along with warrants and convertible securities other than warrants;

b) "relevant date "means:

i. in case of allotment of equity shares, the date of the meeting in which the board of directors of the issuer or the committee of directors duly authorized by the board of directors of the issuer decides to open the proposed issue;

ii. in case of allotment of eligible convertible securities, either the date of the meeting in which the board of directors of the issuer or the committee of directors duly authorised by the board of directors of the issuer decides to open the issue of such convertible securities or the date on which the holders of such convertible securities become entitled to apply for the equity shares.
PART I: CONDITIONS FOR QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONS PLACEMENT

Eligibility conditions

172. (1) A listed issuer may make a qualified institutions placement of eligible securities if it satisfies the following conditions:

a) a special resolution approving the qualified institutions placement has been passed by its shareholders, and the special resolution shall, among other relevant matters, specify that the allotment is proposed to be made through qualified institutions placement and the relevant date referred to in sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) of regulation171;

Provided that no shareholders’ resolution will be required in case the qualified institutions placement is through an offer for sale by promoters or promoter group for compliance with minimum public shareholding requirements specified in the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957;

Provided further that allotment pursuant to the special resolution referred to in this clause (a) of regulation 172 shall be completed within a period of 365 days from the date of passing of the resolution.

b) the equity shares of the same class, which are proposed to be allotted through qualified institutions placement or pursuant to conversion or exchange of eligible securities offered through qualified institutions placement, have been listed on a stock exchange for a period of at least one year prior to the date of issuance of notice to its shareholders for convening the meeting to pass the special resolution:

Provided that where an issuer, being a transferee company in a scheme of compromise, arrangement and amalgamation sanctioned by a High Court under sections 391-394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or approved by a tribunal or the Central Government under sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013, whichever is applicable makes qualified institutions placement, the period for which the equity shares of the same class of the transferor company were listed on a stock exchange having nation-wide trading terminals shall also be considered for the purpose of computation of the period of one year.

Provided further that this clause shall not be applicable to an issuer proposing to undertake qualified institutional placement for complying with the minimum public shareholding requirements specified in the Securities Contracts (Regulation) 1957.

Explanation: For the purpose of clause (b), “equity shares of the same class” shall mean equity shares which rank pari passu in relation to rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.

c) An issuer shall be eligible to make a qualified institutions placement if any of its promoters or directors is not a fugitive economic offender.
(2) All eligible securities issued through a qualified institutions placement shall be listed on the recognized stock exchange where the equity shares of the issuer are listed.

**Provided that** the issuer shall seek approval under rule 19(7) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, if applicable.

(3) The issuer shall not make any subsequent qualified institutions placement until the expiry of six months from the date of the prior qualified institutions placement made pursuant to one or more special resolutions.

**Conditions for offer for sale by promoters for compliance with minimum public shareholding requirements specified in the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957**

173. The promoters and members of the promoter group may make an offer for sale of fully paid up equity shares, through a qualified institutions placement, for the purpose of achieving minimum public shareholding in terms of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

**Provided that** the promoters or members of the promoter group shall not make such offer for sale if the promoter or member of the promoter group has purchased or sold any equity shares of the issuer during twelve weeks period prior to the date of the opening of the issue and they shall not purchase or sell any equity shares of the issuer during the twelve weeks period after the date of closure of the issue:

**Provided further** that such promoters or members of the promoter group may, within the twelve week periods provided above, sell equity shares of the issuer held by them through offer for sale through stock exchange mechanism specified by the Board or through an open market sale, in accordance with the conditions specified by the Board from time to time, subject to the condition that there shall be a gap of minimum two weeks between the two successive offer(s).

**PART II: APPOINTMENT OF LEAD MANAGERS**

174. (1) An issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as lead manager(s) to the issue.

(2) At least one lead manager to the issue shall not be an associate (as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992) of the issuer and if any of the lead manager is an associate of the issuer, it shall disclose itself as an associate of the issuer and its role shall be limited to marketing of the issue.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall, while seeking in-principle listing approval for the eligible securities, furnish to each stock exchange on which the same class of equity shares of the issuer are listed, a due diligence certificate stating that the eligible securities are being issued under qualified institutions placement and that the issuer complies with requirements of this Chapter, and also furnish a copy of the preliminary placement document along with any other document required by the stock exchange.
PART III: PLACEMENT DOCUMENT

175. (1) The lead manager(s) shall exercise due diligence and shall satisfy themselves with all aspects of the Issue including the veracity and adequacy of disclosures in the offer document.

(2) The qualified institutions placement shall be made on the basis of a placement document which shall contain all material information, including those specified in the Companies Act, 2013, if any, and disclosures as specified in Schedule VII shall be made, including as specified therein if the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a willful defaulter.

(3) The preliminary placement document and the placement document shall be serially numbered and copies the same shall be circulated only to select investors.

(4) The preliminary placement document and the placement document shall be placed on the websites of the relevant stock exchange(s) and of the issuer with a disclaimer to the effect that it is in connection with a qualified institutions placement and that no offer is being made to the public or to any other category of investors.

PART IV: PRICING

176. (1) The qualified institutions placement shall be made at a price not less than the average of the weekly high and low of the closing prices of the equity shares of the same class quoted on the stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date:

Provided that the issuer may offer a discount of not more than five per cent on the price so calculated, subject to approval of shareholders as specified in clause (a) of regulation 172 of these regulations, except that no shareholders’ approval will be required in case of a qualified institutions placement made through an offer for sale by promoters for compliance with minimum public shareholding requirements specified in the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

(2) Where eligible securities are convertible into or exchangeable with equity shares of the issuer, the issuer shall determine the price of such equity shares allotted pursuant to such conversion or exchange taking the relevant date as disclosed in the special resolution referred to in clause (a) of sub regulation (1) of regulation 172.

(3) The issuer shall not issue or allot partly paid-up eligible securities:

Provided that in case of allotment of non-convertible debt instruments along with warrants, the allottees may pay the full consideration or part there of payable with respect to warrants at the time of allotment of such warrants:

Provided further that on allotment of equity shares on exercise of options attached to warrants, such equity shares shall be fully paid-up.

(4) The issue price shall be subject to appropriate adjustments, if the issuer:
a) makes an issue of equity shares by way of capitalization of profits or reserves, other than by way of a dividend on shares;
b) makes a rights issue of equity shares;
c) consolidates its outstanding equity shares into a smaller number of shares;
d) divides its outstanding equity shares including by way of stock split;
e) re-classifies any of its equity shares into the securities of the issuer;
f) is involved in such other similar events or circumstances, which in the opinion of the concerned stock exchange, requires adjustments.

Explanation: For the purpose of sub-regulation (1), the term “stock exchange” means any of the recognized stock exchanges in which the equity shares of the same class of the issuer are listed and in which the highest trading volume in such equity shares has been recorded during the two weeks immediately preceding the relevant date.

PART V: TENURE OF CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

177. The tenure of the convertible or exchangeable eligible securities issued through qualified institutions placement shall not exceed sixty months from the date of allotment.

PART VI: TRANSFERABILITY

178. The eligible securities allotted under the qualified institutions placement shall not be sold by the allottee for a period of one year from the date of allotment, except on a recognized stock exchange.

PART VII: APPLICATION AND ALLOTMENT

179. (1) The applicants in qualified institutions placement shall not withdraw or revise downwards their bids after the closure of the issue.

(2) Allotment of specified securities shall be made subject to the following conditions:

a) minimum of ten per cent of eligible securities shall be allotted to mutual funds:

Provided that any unsubscribed portion of the said minimum percentage or any part thereof may be allotted to other qualified institutional buyers;

b) no allotment shall be made, either directly or indirectly, to any qualified institutional buyer who is a promoter or any person related to the promoters of the issuer:

Provided that a qualified institutional buyer who does not hold any shares in the issuer and who has acquired the said rights in the capacity of a lender shall not be deemed to be a person related to the promoters.
Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, a qualified institutional buyer who has any of the following rights shall be deemed to be a person related to the promoters of the issuer:-

a) rights under a shareholders' agreement or voting agreement entered into with promoters or promoter group;
b) veto rights; or
c) right to appoint any nominee director on the board of the issuer.

(3) In a qualified institutions placement of non-convertible debt instrument along with warrants, an investor can subscribe to the combined offering of non-convertible debt instruments with warrants or to the individual securities, that is, either non-convertible debt instruments or warrants.

Minimum number of allottees

180. (1) The minimum number of allottees for each placement of eligible securities made under this Chapter shall at least be:

a) two, where the issue size is less than or equal to two hundred and fifty crore rupees;
b) five, where the issue size is greater than two hundred and fifty crore rupees:

Provided that no single allottee shall be allotted more than fifty per cent. Of the issue size.

(2) Qualified institutional buyers belonging to the same group or who are under same control shall be deemed to be a single allottee.

Explanation: For the purpose of sub-regulation (2), the expression “qualified institutional buyers belonging to the same group” shall mean entities where, - (i) any of them controls directly or indirectly, through its subsidiary or holding company, not less than fifteen per cent. of the voting rights in the other; or (ii) any of them directly or indirectly, by itself, or in combination with other persons exercise control over the others; or (iii) there is a common director, excluding nominee and independent directors amongst the investor, its subsidiary or holding company and any other investor.

CHAPTER VII

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFER OF INDIAN DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS

Applicability

181. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to an issue of Indian Depository Receipts (hereinafter referred to as “IDR”) made in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Registration of Foreign Companies) Rules, 2014.
PART I: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Reference date

182. Unless otherwise provided in this Chapter, an issuer making a public issue of IDRs shall satisfy the conditions of this Chapter as on the date of filing draft offer document with the Board and also as on the date of registering the offer document with the Registrar of Companies.

Eligibility conditions

183. (1) An issuer shall be eligible to make an issue of IDRs only if:

   a) the issuing company is listed in its home country for at least three immediately preceding years;
   b) the issuer is not prohibited to issue securities by any regulatory body;
   c) the issuer has a track record of compliance with the securities market regulations in its home country;
   d) any of its promoters or directors is not a fugitive economic offender.

**Explanation:** For the purpose of this regulation, the term “home country” means the country where the issuer is incorporated and listed.

(2) The issue shall be subject to the following conditions:

   a) issue size shall not be less than fifty crore rupees;
   b) at any given time, there shall be only one denomination of IDRs of the issuer.
   c) issuer shall ensure that the underlying equity shares against which IDRs are issued have been or will be listed in its home country before listing of IDRs in stock exchange(s).
   d) issuer shall ensure that the underlying shares of IDRs shall rank pari passu with the existing shares of the same class.

(3) The issuer shall ensure that:

   a) it has made an application to one or more stock exchanges to seek an in-principle approval for listing of the IDRs on such stock exchanges and has chosen one of them as the designated stock exchange, in terms of **Schedule XIX**;

   b) it has entered into an agreement with a depository for dematerialisation of the IDRs proposed to be issued;

   c) it has made firm arrangements of finance through verifiable means towards seventy five per cent. of the stated means of finance for the project proposed to be funded from issue proceeds, excluding the amount to be raised through the proposed issue of IDRs or through existing identifiable internal accruals, have been made.
(4) The amount for general corporate purposes, as mentioned in objects of the issue in the draft offer document and the offer document, shall not exceed twenty five per cent. of the amount being raised by the issuer.

PART II: APPOINTMENT OF LEAD MANAGERS, OTHER INTERMEDIARIES AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

184. (1) The issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as lead manager(s) to the issue and shall also appoint other intermediaries, in consultation with the lead manager and shall enter into an agreement with the lead manager on the lines of format of agreement as specified in Schedule II.

(2) Where the issue is managed by more than one lead manager, the rights, obligations and responsibilities, relating inter alia to disclosures, allotment, refund and underwriting obligations, if any, of each lead manager shall be predetermined and be disclosed in the draft offer document and the offer documents as specified in Schedule I.

(3) At least one lead manager to the issue shall not be an associate (as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992) of the issuer and if any of the lead manager(s) is an associate of the issuer, it shall disclose itself as an associate of the issuer and its role shall be limited to marketing of the issue.

(4) The issuer shall appoint a registrar to the issue, registered with the Board, which has connectivity with all the depositories.

(5) The issuer shall enter into an agreement with an overseas custodian bank and a domestic depository.

(6) The issuing company shall make arrangements for collection at centres as specified in Schedule XII.

(7) The issuer shall appoint a compliance officer who shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of the securities laws and for redressal of investors' grievances.

PART IV: DISCLOSURES IN AND FILING OF OFFER DOCUMENTS

Disclosures in the draft offer document and offer document

185. (1) The offer document shall contain all material disclosures which are true, correct and adequate to enable the applicants to take an informed investment decision.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the offer document shall contain:

   a) disclosures specified in the Companies (Registration of Foreign Companies) Rules, 2014; and
b) disclosures in the manner as specified in Part A of Schedule VIII.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall exercise due diligence and satisfy themselves about all aspects of the issue including the veracity and adequacy of disclosure in the draft offer document and the offer documents.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall call upon the issuer, its promoters or directors to fulfill their obligations as disclosed by them in the draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be, and as required in terms of these Regulations.

**Filing of the draft offer document and offer document**

186. (1) Prior to making an initial public offer, the issuer shall file three copies of the draft offer document with the Board, in accordance with Schedule IV, along with fees as specified in Schedule III, through the lead manager(s).

(2) The draft offer document and the offer documents filed with the Board shall also be furnished to the Board in a soft copy.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall:

   a) submit a certificate confirming that an agreement has been entered into between the issuer and the lead manager(s)

   b) submit a due diligence certificate as per format given in Part H of Schedule V to the Board along with the draft offer document;

   c) certify that all amendments, suggestions or observations made by the Board have been incorporated in the offer document;

   d) submit a due diligence certificate as per format given in Part C of Schedule V, at the time of filing the offer document with the Registrar of the Companies.

   e) a due diligence certificate as per Form D of Schedule V, in the event the issuer has made a disclosure of any material development by issuing a public notice.

(4) The issuer shall, before filing the offer document with the Registrar of Companies, file with the Board through the lead manager(s), an updated draft offer document highlighting all changes made in the draft offer document.

(5) If there are any changes in the draft offer document in relation to the matters specified in Schedule XVI, an updated offer document or a fresh draft offer document, as the case may be, shall be filed with the Board along with fees specified in Schedule III.

(6) Copy of the offer documents shall also be filed with the Board and the stock exchange(s) through the lead manager(s) promptly after registering the offer documents with the registrar of companies.

**Draft offer document and offer document to be available to the public**

187. (1) The draft offer document filed with the Board shall be made public for comments, if any, for
a period of at least twenty one days from the date of filing, by hosting it on the websites of the Board, stock exchanges where specified securities are proposed to be listed and lead manager(s) associated with the issue.

(2) The issuer shall, within two days of filing of the draft offer document with the Board, make a public announcement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation, disclosing to the public the fact of filing of the draft offer document with the Board and inviting the public to provide their comments to the Board, the issuer or the lead manager(s) in respect of the disclosures made in the draft offer document.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall, after expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1), file with the Board, details of the comments received by them or the issuer from the public, on the draft offer document, during that period and the consequential changes, if any, that are required to be made in the draft offer document.

(4) The issuer and the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the offer documents are hosted on the websites as required under these regulations and its contents are the same as the versions as filed with the registrar of companies, Board and the stock exchanges, as applicable.

(5) The lead manager(s) and the stock exchanges shall provide copies of the offer document to the public as and when requested and may charge a reasonable sum for providing a copy of the same.

PART V - PRICING

Pricing

188. (1) The issuer may determine the price of the IDRs in consultation with the lead manager(s) or through the book building process, as the case maybe.

(2) The issuer shall undertake the book building process in a manner specified in Schedule XIII.

Price and price band

189. (1) The issuer may mention a price or a price band in the offer document (in case of a fixed price issue) and a floor price or a price band in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) and determine the price at a later date before registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies:

Provided that the prospectus registered with the Registrar of Companies shall contain only one price or the specific coupon rate, as the case may be.

(2) The cap on the price band shall be less than or equal to one hundred and twenty per cent of the floor price.

(3) The floor price or the final price shall not be less than the face value of the IDRs.

(4) Where the issuer opts not to make the disclosure of the floor price or price band in the red herring
prospectus, the issuer shall announce the floor price or the price band at least two working days before the opening of the issue in the same newspapers in which the pre-issue advertisement was released or together with the pre-issue advertisement in the format prescribed under Part A of Schedule X.

(5) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) shall contain relevant financial ratios computed for both upper and lower end of the price band and also a statement drawing attention of the investors to the section titled “basis of issue price” of the offer document.

(6) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) and the relevant financial ratios referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be disclosed on the websites of the stock exchange(s) and shall also be pre-filled in the application forms to be made available on the websites of the stock exchange(s).

Differential pricing

190. (1) The issuer may offer its IDRs at different prices, subject to the following:

   a) Retail individual investors or employees entitled for reservation may be offered specified securities at a price not lower by more than ten per cent. of the price at which net offer is made to other categories of applicants, excluding anchor investors.

   Explanation: For the purpose of this Chapter, “employee” shall mean a person who:

   i. is a resident of India, and

   ii. is a permanent and full-time employee or a director, whether whole time or part time, of the issuer or of the holding company or subsidiary company or of the material associate(s) of the issuer, whose financial statements are consolidated with the issuer’s financial statements, working in India and does not include promoters and an immediate relative of the promoter.

   b) In case the issuer opts for the alternate method of book building in terms of Part D of Schedule XIII, the issuer may offer specified securities to its employees at a price not lower by more than ten per cent. of the floor price.

(2) Discount, if any, shall be expressed in rupee terms in the offer document.

PART VI: ISSUANCE CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURE

Issuance conditions

191. (1) The procedure to be followed by each class of applicant shall be mentioned in the offer document.

(2) The minimum application amount shall be twenty thousand rupees.

Allocation in the issue

192. (1) The allocation in the issue shall be as follows:
a) at least fifty per cent. of the issue shall be allotted to qualified institutional buyers on proportionate basis as per illustration given in Part A of Schedule XIV;

b) the remaining portion of the issue may be allocated among the categories of non-institutional investors and retail individual investors including employees, at the discretion of the issuer and the manner of allocation shall be disclosed in the offer document. Allotment to investors within a category shall be on proportionate basis:

Provided that at least thirty per cent of the IDRs being offered in the public issue shall be available for allocation to retail individual investors and in case of under-subscription in retail individual investor category, spill over to other categories to the extent of under subscription may be permitted.

(2) A person shall not make an application in the net offer category for a number of IDRs which exceeds the total number of IDRs offered to the public.

Abridged prospectus

193. (1) The abridged prospectus shall contain the disclosures as specified in Part B of Schedule VIII and shall not contain any matter extraneous to the contents of the offer document.

(2) Every application form distributed by the issuer or any other person in relation to an issue shall be accompanied by a copy of the abridged prospectus.

ASBA

194. The issuer shall accept bids using only the ASBA facility in the manner specified by the Board.

Availability of issue material

195. The lead manager(s) shall ensure availability of the offer document and other issue material including application forms to stock exchanges, syndicate members, registrar to issue, registrar and share transfer agents, depository participants, stock brokers, underwriters, bankers to the issue, investors’ associations and self-certified syndicate banks before the opening of the issue.

Prohibition on payment of incentives

196. Any person connected with the issue shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any person for making an application in the initial public offer, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the issue.

Security deposit

197. (1) The issuer shall, before the opening of subscription list, deposit with the designated stock exchange, an amount calculated at the rate of one per cent. of the issue size available for subscription to the public in the manner specified by Board and/or stock exchange(s).

(2) The amount specified in sub-regulation (1) shall be refundable or forfeitible in the manner specified by the Board.
Underwriting

198. (1) If the issuer making an initial public offer of IDRs, other than through the book building process, desires to have the issue underwritten, it shall appoint underwriters in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Underwriters) Regulations, 1993.

(2) If the issuer makes a public issue through the book building process,

a) The issue shall be underwritten by lead manager(s) and syndicate member(s):

b) The issuer shall, prior to filing the prospectus, enter into underwriting agreement with the lead manager(s), and syndicate member(s), indicating there in the number of specified securities which they shall subscribe to at the predetermined price in the event of under-subscription in the issue.

c) If the syndicate member(s) fail to fulfill their underwriting obligations, the lead manager(s) shall fulfill such underwriting obligations.

d) The lead manager(s) and the syndicate member(s) shall not subscribe to the issue in any manner except for fulfilling their underwriting obligations.

e) In case of every underwritten issue, the lead manager(s) shall undertake minimum underwriting obligations as specified in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992.

f) Where the issue is required to be underwritten, the underwriting obligations should at least to the extent of minimum subscription.

Public communications, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports

199. All public communication, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports shall comply with the provisions of Schedule IX, subject to the following:

a) the applicability of clauses (1) and (7) and Explanation II shall be restricted to any issue advertisements made in India or any research report circulated in India, pertaining to the IDR issue of the issuing company;

b) the applicability of clauses (2) and (3) shall be restricted to any public communications and publicity material issued or published in any media in India;

c) the applicability of clauses (4) and (5) shall be restricted to any material or information released in India and any issue advertisements and publicity materials issued or published in any media in India;

d) the applicability of clause (10) shall be restricted to any product advertisement of the issuer issued or published in any media in India;

e) all other provisions of Schedule IX shall be applicable.
Issue-related advertisements

200. (1) The issuer may release advertisements for issue opening and issue closing, which shall be in the formats specified in Parts B and C of Schedule X.

(2) During the period the issue is open for subscription, no advertisement shall be released giving an impression that the issue has been fully subscribed or oversubscribed or indicating investors’ response to the issue.

(3) An announcement regarding closure of the issue shall be made only after the lead manager(s) is satisfied that at least ninety per cent. of the issue has been subscribed and a certificate has been obtained to that effect from the registrar to the issue:

Provided that such an announcement shall not be made before the date on which the issue is to be closed except for issue closing advertisement made in the format prescribed in these regulations.

Opening of the issue

201. (1) Subject to the compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a public issue may be opened:

a) within twelve months from the date of issuance of the observations by the Board under regulation 6; or

(2) an issue shall be opened after at least three working days from the date of registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies.

Minimum subscription

202. (1) The minimum subscription to be received in the issue shall be at least ninety per cent. of the offer through the offer document.

(2) For non-underwritten issues:

a) If the issuer does not receive the minimum subscription of ninety per cent. of the offer through offer document on the date of closure of the issue, or if the subscription level falls below ninety per cent. after the closure of issue, the issuer shall forthwith refund through verifiable means the entire subscription amount received.

b) If the issuer fails to refund the entire subscription amount within fifteen days from the date of the closure of the issue, it is liable to pay the amount with interest to the subscribers at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum for the period of delay.

(3) For underwritten issues:

a) If the issuer does not receive the minimum subscription of ninety per cent. of the offer through offer document including devolvement of underwriters, all application monies received shall be refunded through verifiable means to the applicants forthwith, but not later than fifteen days from the closure of the issue.
b) If the issuer fails to refund the entire subscription amount within fifteen days from the date of the closure of the issue, it is liable to pay the amount with interest to the subscribers at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum for the period of delay.

(4) In case of an undersubscribed issue that is underwritten, the lead manager(s) shall furnish information to the Board in respect of underwriters who have failed to meet their underwriting devolvement in the format specified in Schedule XVIII.

Period of subscription

203. (1) Except as otherwise provided in these regulations, an initial public offer of IDRs shall be kept open for at least three working days and not more than ten working days.

(2) In case of a revision in the price band, the issuer shall extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus, for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

(3) In case of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, the issuer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) or the issue period disclosed in the prospectus (in case of a fixed price issue), for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

Allotment procedure and basis of allotment

204. (1) The issuer shall not make any allotment in excess of the specified securities offered through the offer document except in case of oversubscription for the purpose of rounding off to make allotment, in consultation with the designated stock exchange.

Provided that in case of oversubscription, an allotment of not more than one per cent of the net offer to public may be made for the purpose of making allotment in minimum lots.

(2) The allotment of specified securities to applicants other than retail individual investors shall be on proportionate basis within the respective investor categories and the number of securities allotted shall be rounded off to the nearest integer, subject to minimum allotment being equal to the minimum application size as determined and disclosed in the offer document:

Provided that value of specified securities allotted to retail individual investors shall not exceed two lakhs rupees.

(3) The allotment of specified securities to each retail individual investor shall not be less than the minimum bid lot, subject to availability of shares in retail individual investor category, and the remaining available shares, if any, shall be allotted on a proportionate basis.

(4) The authorised employees of the designated stock exchange, along with the lead manager(s) and registrars to the issue, shall ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the allotment procedure as specified in Part A of Schedule XIV.
Allotment, refund and payment of interest

205. (1) The issuer shall ensure that the letters of allotment for the IDRs are issued simultaneously to all allottees and that in the event of it being impossible to issue letters of regret at the same time, a notice to that effect shall be issued in the media so that it appears on the morning after the letters of allotment have been despatched.

(2) The issuer and lead manager(s) shall ensure that the IDRs are allotted and/or application monies are refunded or unblocked within such period as may be specified by the Board.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the allotment, credit of dematerialised securities, refunding or unlocking of application monies, as may be applicable, are done electronically.

(4) Where the specified securities are not allotted and/or application monies are not refunded or unblocked within the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1) above, the issuer shall undertake to pay interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum to the investors and within such time as disclosed in the offer document and the lead manager(s) shall ensure the same.

Post-issue advertisements

206. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that advertisement giving details relating to subscription, basis of allotment, number, value and percentage of all applications including ASBA, number, value and percentage of successful allottees for all applications including ASBA, date of completion of despatch of refund orders, as applicable, or instructions to self-certified syndicate banks by the registrar, date of credit of the IDRs and date of filing of listing application, etc. is released within ten days from the date of completion of the various activities in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation.

(2) Details specified in sub regulation (1) shall also be placed on the websites of the stock exchanges where the securities are listed.

Post-issue responsibilities of the lead manager(s)

207. (1) The responsibility of the lead manager(s) shall continue until completion of the issue process and for any issue related matter thereafter.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall regularly monitor redressal of investor grievances arising from any issue related activities.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall continue to be responsible for post-issue activities till the applicants have received the credit of IDRs to their account or refund of application monies and the listing agreement is entered into by the issuer with the stock exchange and listing or trading permission is obtained.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall be responsible for and co-ordinate with the registrars to the issue and with various intermediaries at regular intervals after the closure of the issue to monitor the flow of applications from syndicate member(s) or collecting bank branches and/or self-certified syndicate
banks processing of the applications including application form for ASBA and other matters till the basis of allotment is finalised, credit of the specified securities to the demat accounts of the allottees and unblocking of ASBA accounts/ despatch of refund orders are completed and securities are listed, as applicable.

(5) Any act of omission or commission on the part of any of the intermediaries noticed by the lead manager(s) shall be duly reported by them to the Board.

(6) In case there is a devolvement on the underwriters, the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the notice for devolvement containing the obligation of the underwriters is issued within ten days from the date of closure of the issue.

(7) In case of undersubscribed issues that are underwritten, the lead manager(s) shall furnish information to the Board in respect of underwriters who have failed to meet their underwriting devolvement in the format specified in Schedule XVIII.

**Release of subscription money**

208. (1) The lead manager(s) shall confirm to the bankers to the issue by way of copies of listing and trading approvals that all formalities in connection with the issue have been completed and that the banker is free to release the money to the issuer or release the money for refund in case of failure of the issue.

(2) In case the issuer fails to obtain listing or trading permission from the stock exchanges where the specified securities were listed, it shall refund through verifiable means the entire monies received within seven days of receipt of intimation from stock exchanges rejecting the application for listing of IDR s, if any such money is not repaid within eight days after the issuer becomes liable to repay it the issuer and every director of the company who is an officer in default shall, on and from the expiry of the eighth day, be jointly and severally liable to repay that money with interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. Per annum.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the monies received in respect of the issue are released to the issuer in compliance with the provisions of the Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

**Reporting of transactions by the promoters and promoter group**

209. (1) The issuer shall ensure that transactions in securities by the promoters and promoter group during the period between the date of filing of the draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be, and the date of closure of the issue shall be reported to the stock exchange(s) within twenty four hours of such transactions.

**Post-issue reports**

210. The lead manager(s) shall submit a final post-issue report on the lines of Parts A of Schedule XVII, along with a due diligence certificate as per the format specified in Form F of Schedule V, within seven days of the date of finalisation of basis of allotment or within seven days of refund of money in case of failure of issue.
1.110 FINANCIAL SERVICES AND CAPITAL MARKETS

Fungibility

211. The IDRs shall be fungible into the underlying equity shares of the issuer in the manner specified by the Board and Reserve Bank of India, from time to time.

CHAPTER VIII

RIGHTS ISSUE OF INDIAN DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS

Applicability

212. In addition to compliance with Chapter VII, wherever applicable, a listed issuer offering IDRs through a rights issue shall satisfy the conditions specified in this Chapter at the time of filing the offer document:

Provided that the provisions of the following regulations shall not be applicable in case of rights issue of IDRs:

a) regulation 191
b) sub-regulation (1) of regulation 192
c) clause (a) of sub regulation (2) of regulation 183
d) regulation 205; and
e) sub-regulation (2) of regulation 185.

Entities not eligible to make a rights issue

213. An issuer shall not be eligible to make a rights issue of IDRs if–

a) at the time of undertaking the rights issue, the issuer is in breach of ongoing material obligations under the listing agreement and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as may be applicable to such issuer or material obligations under the deposit agreement entered into between the domestic depository and the issuer at the time of initial offering of IDRs;
b) any of its promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

General conditions

214. The issuer shall ensure that it has made an application to all the stock exchanges in India, where its IDRs are already listed, for listing of the IDRs to be issued by way of rights and has chosen one of them as the designated stock exchange, in terms of Schedule XIX.

Renunciation by an IDR holder

215. Unless the laws of the home jurisdiction of the issuer otherwise provide, the rights issue shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the IDRs offered to
the IDR holder in favour of any other person subject to applicable laws and the same shall be disclosed in the offer document.

**Depository**

216. The domestic depository shall, in accordance with the depository agreement executed with the issuer at the time of initial offering of IDR, take such steps as are necessary to enable the IDR holders to have entitlements under the rights offering and issue additional IDRs to such IDR holders, distribute the rights to the IDR holders or renouncees or arrange for the IDR holders or renouncees to subscribe for any additional rights which are available due to lack of take-up by other holders of underlying shares.

**Record date**

217. (1) An issuer making a rights issue of IDRs shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the issuer shall announce a record date for the purpose of determining the shareholders eligible to apply for IDRs in the proposed rights issue.

(2) If the issuer withdraws the rights issue after announcing the record date, it shall notify the Board about the same and shall notify the same in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation at the place where principal office of the issuer is situated in India. If the issuer withdraws the rights issue after announcing the record date, it shall not make an application for offering of IDRs on a rights basis for a period of twelve months from the said record date.

**Disclosures in the offer document and the addendum**

218. (1) The offer document for the rights offering shall contain disclosures as required under the home country regulations of the issuer.

(2) An additional wrap (addendum to offer document) shall be attached to the offer document to be circulated in India containing information as specified in Part C of Schedule VIII and other instructions as to the procedures and process to be followed with respect to rights issue of IDRs in India.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulations (1) and (2), the offer document and the addendum attached with it, shall contain all material information, which are true, correct and adequate, so as to enable the applicants to take an informed investment decision.

**Appointment of lead managers and compliance officer**

219. (1) The issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as a lead manager(s) to the issue and shall also appoint other intermediaries, in consultation with the lead manager, to carry out the obligations relating to the issue.
(2) The issuer shall ensure that the compliance officer, in charge of ensuring compliance with the obligations under this Chapter, functions from within the territorial limits of India.

**Filing of draft offer document and the addendum for rights offering**

220. (1) The issuer shall, through the lead manager(s), file the draft offer document prepared in accordance with the home country requirements along with an addendum containing disclosures as specified in Part C of Schedule VIII with the Board, as a confidential filing accompanied with fees as specified in Schedule III.

(2) The Board may specify changes or issue observations on the draft offer document and the addendum within thirty days from the later of the following dates:

   a) the date of receipt of the draft offer document prepared in accordance with the home country requirements along with an addendum under sub-regulation (2); or
   
   b) the date of receipt of satisfactory reply from the lead manager(s), where the Board has sought any clarification or additional information from them; or
   
   c) the date of receipt of clarification or information from any regulator or agency, where the Board has sought any clarification or information from such regulator or agency; or
   
   d) the date of receipt of a copy of in-principle approval letter issued by the stock exchanges.

(3) If the Board specifies any changes or issues observations on the draft offer document and the addendum under sub-regulation (3), the issuer and the lead manager(s) shall file the revised draft offer document and the updated addendum after incorporating the changes specified by the Board.

(4) The issuer shall also submit an undertaking from the overseas custodian and domestic depository addressed to the issuer, to comply with their obligations with respect to the said rights issue under their respective agreements entered into between them, along with the offer document.

**Pricing**

221. The issue price and the ratio shall be decided simultaneously with record date in accordance with the home country regulations.

**Availability of Issue Material**

222. (1) The abridged letter of offer, containing disclosures as specified in Part B of Schedule IX, for a rights offering, along with application form, shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or by courier service or by electronic mode to all the eligible IDR holders at least three days before the date of opening of the issue and shall be made available on the website of the issuer with appropriate access restrictions at the same time it is made available to the holders of its equity shares.

**Provided that** a hard copy of the offer document for a rights offering along with the addendum shall be made available at the principal office of the issuer or lead manager to any existing IDR holder who has made a request in this regard.
(2) The eligible IDR holders who have not received the application form may apply in writing on a plain paper to the domestic depository, along with the requisite application money within the time frame for acceptance.

(3) The eligible IDR holders making an application otherwise than on the application form shall not renounce their rights and shall not utilise the application form for any purpose including renunciation even if it is received subsequently.

(4) Where any eligible IDR holder makes an application on an application form as well as on plain paper, such application is liable to be rejected.

**Issue-related advertisement**

223. (1) The issuer shall issue an advertisement for the rights issue disclosing the following:

a) the date of completion of despatch of the abridged letter of offer and the application form;

b) the centres other than principal office of the issuer in India where the eligible IDR holders may obtain duplicate copies of the application forms in case they do not receive the application form within a reasonable time after opening of the rights issue;

c) a statement that if the eligible IDR holders have neither received the original application forms nor they are in a position to obtain the duplicate forms, they may make application in writing on a plain paper to subscribe to the rights issue;

d) a format to enable the eligible IDR holders, to make the application on a plain paper specifying therein necessary particulars such as name, address, ratio of rights issue, issue price, number of IDRs held, ledger folio numbers, depository participant ID, client ID, number of IDRs entitled and applied for, amount to be paid along with application, and particulars of cheque, etc. to be drawn in favour of the issuer’s account;

e) a statement that the applications can be directly sent by the eligible IDR holders through registered post together with the application monies to the issuer’s designated official at the address given in the advertisement;

f) a statement to the effect that if the eligible IDR holder makes an application on plain paper and also on application form both the applications shall be liable to be rejected at the option of the issuer.

(2) The advertisement shall be made in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation at the place where principal office of the issuer is situated in India at least three days before the date of opening of the issue.

**Period of subscription and issue of allotment letter**

224. (1) A rights issue shall be open for subscription in India for a period as applicable under the laws of its home country but in no case less than tendays.
(2) The issuing company shall ensure that it sends the allotment letter of rights to IDR holders at the time these are sent to shareholders of the issuing company as per the requirement of its home country or other jurisdictions where its securities are listed.

Utilisation of funds

225. The issuer shall utilise funds raised in relation to the IDRs pursuant to the rights offering only upon completion of the allotment process.

Fast track issue

226. (1) Nothing contained in sub-regulations (1) of regulation 221, (1), (2) and (3) of regulation 222 shall apply, if the issuer satisfies the following conditions:

   a) the issuer is in compliance in all material respects with the provisions of deposit agreement and the provisions of listing agreements (or listing conditions) applicable in all the jurisdictions wherever the issuer is listed, for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the date of filing of the offer document, and a certification to this effect is provided by the issuer;

   b) the offer document for the rights offering of the securities of the issuer has been filed and reviewed by the securities regulator in the home country of the issuer;

   c) there are no pending show-cause notices or prosecution proceedings against the issuer or its promoters, where applicable, or whole time directors on the reference date by the Board or the regulatory authorities in its home country restricting them from accessing the capital markets; and

   d) the issuer has redressed at least ninety five per cent. of the complaints received from the IDR holders before the end of the three months period immediately preceding the month of date of filing the letter of offer with the designated stock exchange.

(2) Where the conditions in sub-regulation (1) are satisfied, the issuer may opt for rights issue of IDRs by filing a copy of the offer document prepared in accordance with the home country requirements along with an addendum containing disclosures as specified in Part C of Schedule VIII with the Board for record purposes, before filing the same with the stock exchanges.

CHAPTER IX

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFER BY SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

Reference date

227. Unless otherwise provided in this Chapter, an issuer making an initial public offer of specified securities shall satisfy the conditions of this Chapter as on the date of filing of the draft offer document with the SME exchange and also as on the date of registering the offer document with the Registrar of Companies.
PART I: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Entities not eligible to make an initial public offer

228. An issuer shall not be eligible to make an initial public offer:

a) if the issuer, any of its promoters, promoter group or directors or selling shareholders are debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board;

b) if any of the promoters or directors of the issuer is a promoter or director of any other company which is debarred from accessing the capital market by the Board;

c) if the issuer or any of its promoters or directors is a willful defaulter.

d) if any of its promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

Explanation: The restrictions under clauses (a) and (b) shall not apply to the persons or entities mentioned therein, who were debarred in the past by the Board and the period of debarment is already over as on the date of filing of the draft offer document with the SME Exchange.

Eligibility requirements for an initial public offer

229. (1) An issuer shall be eligible to make an initial public offer only if its post-issue paid-up capital is less than or equal to ten crore rupees.

(2) An issuer, whose post issue face value capital is more than ten crore rupees and up to twenty five crore rupees, may also issue specified securities in accordance with provisions of this Chapter.

(3) An issuer may make an initial public offer, if it satisfies track record and/or other eligibility conditions of the SME Exchange(s) on which the specified securities are proposed to be listed.

Provided that In case of an issuer which had been a partnership firm or a limited liability partnership, the track record of operating profit of the partnership firm or the limited liability partnership shall be considered only if the financial statements of the partnership business for the period during which the issuer was a partnership firm or a limited liability partnership, conform to and are revised in the format prescribed for companies under the Companies Act, 2013 and also comply with the following:

a) adequate disclosures are made in the financial statements as required to be made by the issuer as per Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013;

b) the financial statements are duly certified by auditors, who have subjected themselves to the peer review process of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the ICAI, stating that: (i) the accounts and the disclosures made are in accordance with the provisions of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013; (ii) the accounting standards prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 have been followed; (iii) the financial statements present a true and fair view of the firm's accounts;
Provided further that in case of an issuer formed out of merger or a division of an existing company, the track record of the resulting issuer shall be considered only if the requirements regarding financial statements as specified above in the first proviso are complied with.

General conditions

230. (1) An issuer making an initial public offer shall ensure that:

   a) it has made an application to one or more SME exchanges for listing of its specified securities on such SME exchange(s) and has chosen one of them as the designated stock exchange, in terms of Schedule XIX;

   b) it has entered into an agreement with a depository for dematerialisation of its specified securities already issued and proposed to be issued;

   c) all its existing partly paid-up equity shares have either been fully paid-up or forfeited;

   d) all specified securities held by the promoters are in the dematerialized form;

   e) it has made firm arrangements of finance through verifiable means towards seventy five per cent. of the stated means of finance for the project proposed to be funded from the issue proceeds, excluding the amount to be raised through the proposed public offer or through existing identifiable internal accruals.

Explanation: “project” means the object for which monies are proposed to be raised to cover the objects of the issue

(2) The amount for general corporate purposes, as mentioned in objects of the issue in the draft offer document and the offer document shall not exceed twenty five per cent. of the amount being raised by the issuer.

PART II: ISSUE OF CONVERTIBLE DEBT INSTRUMENTS AND WARRANTS

231. An issuer shall be eligible to make an initial public offer of convertible debt instruments even without making a prior public issue of its equity shares and listing thereof.

Provided that an issuer shall not be eligible if it is in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt instruments issued by it to the public, if any, for a period of more than six months.

Additional requirements for issue of convertible debt instruments

232. (1) In addition to other requirements laid down in these regulations, an issuer making an initial public offer of convertible debt instruments shall also comply with the following conditions:

   a) it has obtained credit rating from at least one credit rating agency;
b) it has appointed at least one debenture trustees in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993;

c) it shall create a debenture redemption reserve in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under;

d) if the issuer proposes to create a charge or security on its assets in respect of secured convertible debt instruments, it shall ensure that:

   i) such assets are sufficient to discharge the principal amount at all times;

   ii) such assets are free from any encumbrance;

   iii) where security is already created on such assets in favour of any existing lender or security trustee or the issue of convertible debt instruments is proposed to be secured by creation of security on a leasehold land, the consent of such lender or security trustee or lessor for a second or pari passu charge has been obtained and submitted to the debenture trustee before the opening of the issue;

   iv) the security or asset cover shall be arrived at after reduction of the liabilities having a first or prior charge, in case the convertible debt instruments are secured by a second or subsequent charge.

(2) The issuer shall redeem the convertible debt instruments as stipulated in the offer document.

Conversion of optionally convertible debt instruments into equity share capital

233. (1) The issuer shall not convert its optionally convertible debt instruments into equity shares unless the holders of such convertible debt instruments have sent their positive consent to the issuer and non-receipt of reply to any notice sent by the issuer for this purpose shall not be construed as consent for conversion of any convertible debt instruments.

(2) Where the value of the convertible portion of any listed convertible debt instruments issued by a issuer exceeds fifty lakh rupees and the issuer has not determined the conversion price of such convertible debt instruments at the time of making the issue, the holders of such convertible debt instruments shall be given the option of not converting the convertible portion into equity share capital:

Provided that where the upper limit on the price of such convertible debt instruments and justification thereon is determined and disclosed to the investors at the time of making the issue, it shall not be necessary to give such option to the holders of the convertible debt instruments for converting the convertible portion into equity share capital within the said upper limit.

(3) Where an option is to be given to the holders of the convertible debt instruments in terms of sub-regulation (2) and if one or more of such holders do not exercise the option to convert the instruments into equity share capital at a price determined in the general meeting of the Shareholders, the issuer shall redeem that part of the instruments within one month from the last date by which option is to be exercised, at a price which shall not be less than its face value.
(4) The provision of sub-regulation (3) shall not apply if such redemption is in terms of the disclosures made in the offer document.

**Issue of convertible debt instruments for financing**

234. An issuer shall not issue convertible debt instruments for financing or for providing loans to or for acquiring shares of any person who is part of the promoter group or group companies;

Provided that an issuer shall be eligible to issue fully convertible debt instruments for these purposes if the period of conversion of such debt instruments is less than eighteen months from the date of issue of such debt instruments.

**Issue of warrants**

235. An issuer shall be eligible to issue warrants in an initial public offer subject to the following:

a) the tenure of such warrants shall not exceed eighteen months from their date of allotment in the initial public offer;

b) A specified security may have one or more warrants attached to it;

c) the price or formula for determination of exercise price of the warrants shall be determined upfront and disclosed in the offer document and at least twenty-five per cent. of the consideration amount based on the exercise price shall also be received upfront;

Provided that in case the exercise price of warrants is based on a formula, twenty-five per cent consideration amount based on the cap price of the price band determined for the linked equity shares or convertible securities shall be received upfront.;

d) in case the warrant holder does not exercise the option to take equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, within three months from the date of payment of consideration, such consideration made in respect of such warrants shall be forfeited by the issuer.

**PART III: PROMOTERS’ CONTRIBUTION**

**Minimum promoters’ contribution**

236. (1) The promoters of the issuer shall hold at least twenty per cent. of the post-issue capital:

Provided that in case the post-issue shareholding of the promoters is less than twenty per cent., alternative investment funds or foreign venture capital investors or scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or insurance companies registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India may contribute to meet the shortfall in minimum contribution as specified for the promoters, subject to a maximum of ten per cent. of the post-issue capital without being identified as promoter(s);
Provided further that the requirement of minimum promoters’ contribution shall not apply in case an issuer does not have any identifiable promoter.

(2) The minimum promoters’ contribution shall be as follows:

a) the promoters shall contribute twenty per cent. as stipulated sub-regulation (1), as the case may be, either by way of equity shares or by way of subscription to the convertible securities:

Provided that if the price of the equity shares allotted pursuant to conversion is not pre-determined and not disclosed in the offer document, the promoters shall contribute only by way of subscription to the convertible securities being issued in the public offer and shall undertake in writing to subscribe to the equity shares pursuant to conversion of such securities.

b) in case of any issue of convertible securities which are convertible or exchangeable on different dates and if the promoters’ contribution is by way of equity shares (conversion price being pre-determined), such contribution shall not be at a price lower than the weighted average price of the equity share capital arising out of conversion of such securities.

c) subject to the provisions of clause (a) and (b) above, in case of an initial public offer of convertible debt instruments without a prior public issue of equity shares, the promoters shall bring in a contribution of at least twenty per cent. of the project cost in the form of equity shares, subject to contributing at least twenty per cent. of the issue size from its own funds in the form of equity shares:

Provided that if the project is to be implemented in stages, the promoters’ contribution shall be with respect to total equity participation till the respective stage vis-à-vis the debt raised or proposed to be raised through the public coffer.

d) The promoters shall satisfy the requirements of this regulation at least one day prior to the date of opening of the issue.

e) In case the promoters have to subscribe to equity shares or convertible securities towards minimum promoters’ contribution, the amount of promoters’ contribution shall be kept in an escrow account with a scheduled commercial bank, which shall be released to the issuer along with the release of the issue proceeds:

Provided that where the promoters’ contribution has already been brought in and utilised, the issuer shall give the cash flow statement disclosing the use of such funds in the offer document;

Explanation: For the purpose of this regulation:

(I) Promoters’ contribution shall be computed on the basis of the post-issue expanded capital:

a) assuming full proposed conversion of convertible securities into equity shares;

b) assuming exercise of all vested options, where any employee stock options are outstanding at the time of initial public offer.

(II) For computation of “weighted average price”:
a) “weights” means the number of equity shares arising out of conversion of such specified securities into equity shares at various stages;

b) “price” means the price of equity shares on conversion arrived at after taking into account predetermined conversion price at various stages.

Securities ineligible for minimum promoters’ contribution

237. (1) For the computation of minimum promoters’ contribution, the following specified securities shall not be eligible:

a) specified securities acquired during the preceding three years, if they are:
   i acquired for consideration other than cash and revaluation of assets or capitalisation of intangible assets is involved in such transaction; or
   ii resulting from a bonus issue by utilisation of revaluation reserves or unrealised profits of the issuer or from bonus issue against equity shares which are ineligible for minimum promoters’ contribution;

b) specified securities acquired by the promoters and alternative investment funds or foreign venture capital investors or scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or insurance companies registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India, during the preceding one year at a price lower than the price at which specified securities are being offered to the public in the initial public offer:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply:

i. if the promoters and alternative investment funds as applicable, pay to the issuer the difference between the price at which the specified securities are offered in the initial public offer and the price at which the specified securities had been acquired;

ii. if such specified securities are acquired in terms of the scheme under 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013, as approved by a High Court or a tribunal, as applicable, by the promoters in lieu of business and invested capital that had been in existence for a period of more than one year prior to such approval;

iii. to an initial public offer by a government company, statutory authority or corporation or any special purpose vehicle set up by any of them, which is engaged in the infrastructure sector;

c) specified securities allotted to the promoters and alternative investment funds during the preceding one year at a price less than the issue price, against funds brought in by them during that period, in case of an issuer formed by conversion of one or more partnership firms or limited liability partnerships, where the partners of the erstwhile partnership firms or limited liability partnerships are the promoters of the issuer and there is no change in the management:

Provided that specified securities, allotted to the promoters against the capital existing in such firms for a period of more than one year on a continuous basis, shall be eligible;
d) specified securities pledged with any creditor.

(2) Specified securities referred to in clauses (a) and (c) of sub-regulation (1) shall be eligible for the computation of promoters' contribution, if such securities are acquired pursuant to a scheme which has been approved under the Companies Act, 2013 or any previous company law.

PART IV: LOCK-IN AND RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERRABILITY

Lock-in of specified securities held by the promoters

238. The specified securities held by the promoters shall not be transferable (hereinafter referred to as 'lock-in') for the periods as stipulated here under:

a) minimum promoters' contribution including contribution made by alternative investment funds or foreign venture capital investors or scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or insurance companies registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India, as applicable, shall be locked-in for a period of three years from the date of commencement of commercial production or date of allotment in the initial public offer, whichever is later;

b) promoters' holding in excess of minimum promoters' contribution shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of allotment in the initial public offer

Explanation: For the purposes of this clause, the expression "date of commencement of commercial production" means the last date of the month in which commercial production of the project in respect of which the funds raised are proposed to be utilised as stated in the offer document, is expected to commence.

Lock-in of specified securities held by persons other than the promoters

239. The entire pre-issue capital held by persons other than the promoters shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of allotment in the initial public offer:

Provided that nothing contained in this regulation shall apply to:

a) equity shares allotted to employees, whether currently an employee or not, under an employee stock option or employee stock purchase scheme of the issuer prior to the initial public offer, if the issuer has made full disclosures with respect to such options or scheme in accordance with Part A of Schedule VI;

b) equity shares held by an employee stock option trust or transferred to the employees by an employee stock option trust pursuant to exercise of options by the employees, whether currently employees or not, in accordance with the employee stock option plan or employee stock purchase scheme.

Provided that the equity shares allotted to the employees shall be subject to the provisions of lock-in as specified under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.
c) equity shares held by a venture capital fund or alternative investment fund of category I or Category II or a foreign venture capital investor:

Provided that such equity shares shall be locked in for a period of at least one year from the date of purchase by the venture capital fund or alternative investment fund or foreign venture capital investor.

Explanation: For the purpose of clause (c), in case such equity shares have resulted pursuant to conversion of fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities, the holding period of such convertible securities as well as that of resultant equity shares together shall be considered for the purpose of calculation of one year period and convertible securities shall be deemed to be fully paid-up, if the entire consideration payable thereon has been paid and no further consideration is payable at the time of their conversion.

Lock-in of specified securities lent to stabilising agent under the green shoe option

240. The lock-in provisions shall not apply with respect to the specified securities lent to stabilising agent for the purpose of green shoe option, during the period starting from the date of lending of such specified securities and ending on the date on which they are returned to the lender in terms of sub-regulation (5) or (6) of regulation 279:

Provided that the specified securities shall be locked-in for the remaining period from the date on which they are returned to the lender.

Inscription or recording of non-transferability

241. The certificates of specified securities which are subject to lock-in shall contain the inscription “non-transferable” and specify the lock-in period and in case such specified securities are dematerialised, the issuer shall ensure that the lock-in is recorded by the depository.

Pledge of locked-in specified securities

242. Specified securities held by the promoters and locked-in may be pledged as a collateral security for a loan granted by a scheduled commercial bank or a public financial institution or a systemically important non-banking finance company or a housing finance company, subject to the following:

a) if the specified securities are locked-in in terms of clause (a) of regulation 238, the loan has been granted to the issuer company or its subsidiary(ies) for the purpose of financing one or more of the objects of the issue and pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan;

b) if the specified securities are locked-in in terms of clause (b) of regulation 238 and the pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan.

Provided that such lock-in shall continue pursuant to the invocation of the pledge and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer the specified securities till the lock-in period stipulated in these regulations has expired.
Transferability of locked-in specified securities

243. Subject to the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, the specified securities held by the promoters and locked-in as per regulation 238 may be transferred to another promoter or any person of the promoter group or a new promoter or a person in control of the issuer and the specified securities held by persons other than the promoters and locked-in as per regulation 239 may be transferred to any other person (including promoter or promoter group) holding the specified securities which are locked-in along with the securities proposed to be transferred:

Provided that the lock-in on such specified securities shall continue for the remaining period with the transferee and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them till the lock-in period stipulated in these regulations has expired.

PART V: APPOINTMENT OF LEAD MANAGERS, OTHER INTERMEDIARIES AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

244. (1) The issuer shall appoint one or more merchant bankers, which are registered with the Board, as lead manager(s) to the issue.

(2) Where the issue is managed by more than one lead manager, the rights, obligations and responsibilities, relating inter alia to disclosures, allotment, refund and underwriting obligations, if any, of each lead manager shall be predetermined and disclosed in the draft offer document and the offer document as specified in Schedule I.

(3) At least one lead manager to the issue shall not be an associate (as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992) of the issuer and if any of the lead manager is an associate of the issuer, it shall disclose itself as an associate of the issuer and its role shall be limited to marketing of the issue.

(4) The issuer shall, in consultation with the lead manager(s), appoint other intermediaries which are registered with the Board after the lead manager(s) have independently assessed the capability of other intermediaries to carry out their obligations.

(5) The issuer shall enter into an agreement with the lead manager(s) in the format specified in Schedule II and enter into agreements with other intermediaries as required under the respective regulations applicable to the intermediary concerned:

Provided that such agreements may include such other clauses as the issuer and the intermediary may deem fit without diminishing or limiting in any way the liabilities and obligations of the lead manager(s), other intermediaries and the issuer under the Act, the Companies Act, 2013 or the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules and regulations made thereunder or any statutory modification or statutory enactment thereof:
Provided further that in case of ASBA process, the issuer shall take cognisance of the deemed agreement of the issuer with self-certified syndicate banks.

(6) The issuer shall, in case of an issue made through the book building process, appoint syndicate member(s) and in the case of any other issue, appoint bankers to issue, at centres specified in Schedule XII.

(7) The issuer shall appoint a registrar to the issue, registered with the Board, which has connectivity with all the depositories:

Provided that if issuer itself is a registrar, it shall not appoint itself as registrar to the issue;

Provided further that the lead manager shall not act as a registrar to the issue in which it is also handling the post-issue responsibilities.

(8) The issuer shall appoint a compliance officer who shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of the securities laws and for redressal of investors’ grievances.

PART VI: DISCLOSURES IN AND FILING OF OFFER DOCUMENTS

Disclosures in the draft offer document and offer document

245. (1) The offer document shall contain all material disclosures which are true and adequate so as to enable the applicants to take an informed investment decision.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the offer document shall contain:

   a) disclosures specified in the Companies Act, 2013; and

   b) disclosures specified in Part A of Schedule VI.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall exercise due diligence and satisfy themselves about all aspects of the issue including the veracity and adequacy of disclosure in the draft offer document and the offer document.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall call upon the issuer, its promoters and its directors or in case of an offer for sale, also the selling shareholders, to fulfil their obligations as disclosed by them in the draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be, and as required in terms of these regulations.

(5) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the information contained in the offer document and the particulars as per audited financial statements in the offer document are not more than six months old from the issue opening date.

Filing of the offer document

246. (1) The issuer shall file a copy of the offer document with the Board through the lead manager(s), immediately upon registration of the offer document with the Registrar of Companies:
(2) The Board shall not issue any observation on the offer document.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall submit a due-diligence certificate as per Form A of Schedule V including additional confirmations as provided in Form G of Schedule V along with the offer document to the Board.

(4) The offer document shall be displayed from the date of filing in terms of sub-regulation (1) on the websites of the Board, the lead manager(s) and the SME exchange(s).

(5) The draft offer document and the offer documents shall also be furnished to the Board in a soft copy.

Offer document to be made available to public

247. (1) The issuer and the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the offer documents are hosted on the websites as required under these regulations and its contents are the same as the versions as filed with the Registrar of Companies, Board and the SME exchange(s).

(2) The lead manager(s) and the SME exchange(s) shall provide copies of the offer document to the public as and when requested and may charge a reasonable sum for providing a copy of the same.

PART VII - PRICING

Face value of equity shares

248. The disclosure about the face value of equity shares shall be made in the draft offer document, offer document, advertisements and application forms, along with the price band or the issue price in identical font size.

Pricing

249. (1) The issuer may determine the price of equity shares, and in case of convertible securities, the coupon rate and the conversion price, in consultation with the lead manager(s) or through the book building process, as the case maybe.

(2) The issuer shall undertake the book building process in the manner specified in Schedule XIII.

Price and price band

250. (1) The issuer may mention a price or a price band in the offer document (in case of a fixed price issue) and a floor price or a price band in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) and determine the price at a later date before registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies:

Provided that the prospectus registered with the Registrar of Companies shall contain only one price or the specific coupon rate, as the case may be.

(2) The cap on the price band, and the coupon rate in case of convertible debt instruments shall be less than or equal to one hundred and twenty percent of the floor price.
(3) The floor price or the final price shall not be less than the face value of the specified securities.

(4) Where the issuer opts not to make the disclosure of the floor price or price band in the red herring prospectus, the issuer shall announce the floor price or the price band at least two working days before the opening of the issue in the newspapers in which the pre-issue advertisement was released or together with the pre-issue advertisement in the format prescribed under Part A of Schedule X.

(5) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) shall contain relevant financial ratios computed for both upper and lower end of the price band and also a statement drawing attention of the investors to the section titled “basis of issue price” of the offer document.

(6) The announcement referred to in sub-regulation (4) and the relevant financial ratios referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be disclosed on the websites of the SME exchange(s) and shall also be pre-filled in the application forms to be made available on the websites of the SME exchange(s).

Differential pricing

251. (1) The issuer may offer its specified securities at different prices, subject to the following:

a) retail individual investors or retail individual shareholders [or employees entitled for reservation made under regulation 254 may be offered specified securities at a price not lower than by more than ten per cent. of the price at which net offer is made to other categories of applicants, excluding anchor investors.

b) the differential pricing and the price at which net offer is proposed to be made to other categories of applicants shall be within the range such that the minimum application lot size shall remain uniform for all the applicants.

c) In case of a book built issue, the price of the specified securities offered to the anchor investors shall not be lower than the price offered to other applicants.

(2) Discount, if any, shall be expressed in rupee terms in the offer document.

PART VIII: ISSUANCE CONDITIONS AND PROCEDURE

Minimum offer to public

252. The minimum offer to the public shall be as per the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 19 of Securities Contracts (Regulations) Rules, 1957.

Allocation in the net offer

253. (1) The allocation in the net offer category shall be as follows:

a) Not less than thirty five percent. to retail individual investors;

b) Not less than fifteen per cent. to non-institutional investors;
c) Not more than fifty per cent. To qualified institutional buyers, five per cent. of which shall be allocated to mutual funds:

**Provided that** the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in any other category:

**Provided further** that in addition to five per cent. allocation available in terms of clause (c), mutual funds shall be eligible for allocation under the balance available for qualified institutional buyers.

“**Explanation:** If the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than the allocated portion on proportionate basis, the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.”

(2) In an issue made other than through the book building process, the allocation in the net offer category shall be made as follows:

a) minimum fifty per cent. to retail individual investors; and

b) remaining to:
   i. individual applicants other than retail individual investors; and
   ii. other investors including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for;

**Provided that** the unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in clauses (a) or (b) may be allocated to applicants in the other category.

**Explanation** - For the purpose of sub-regulation (2), if the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty per cent. of the issue size on a proportionate basis, the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.

**Reservation on a competitive basis**

**254. (1)** The issuer may make reservations on a competitive basis out of the issue size excluding promoters’ contribution in favour of the following categories of persons:

a) employees;

b) shareholders (other than promoters and promoter group) of listed subsidiaries or listed promoter companies

**Provided that** the issuer shall not make any reservation for the lead manager(s), registrar, syndicate member(s), their promoters, directors and employees and for the group or associate companies (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) of the lead manager(s), registrar, and syndicate member(s) and their promoters, directors and employees.

(2) The reservations on a competitive basis shall be subject to following conditions:
a) The aggregate of reservations for employees shall not exceed five per cent. of the post-issue capital of the issuer and the value of allotment to any employee shall not exceed two lakhs rupees:

Provided that in the event of under-subscription in the employee reservation portion, the unsubscribed portion may be allotted on a proportionate basis, for a value in excess of two lakhs rupees, subject to the total allotment to an employee not exceeding five lakhs rupees.

b) Reservation for shareholders shall not exceed ten percent of the issue size;

c) no further application for subscription in the net offer can be made by persons (except an employee and retail individual shareholder) in favour of whom reservation on a competitive basis is made;

d) any unsubscribed portion in any reserved category may be added to any other reserved category(ies) and the unsubscribed portion, if any, after such inter-se adjustments among the reserved categories shall be added to the net offer category;

e) In case of under-subscription in the net offer category, spill-over to the extent of under-subscription shall be permitted from the reserved category to the net public coffer.

(3) An applicant in any reserved category may make an application for any number of specified securities but not exceeding the reserved portion for that category.

Abridged prospectus

255. (1) The abridged prospectus shall contain the disclosures as specified in Part E of Schedule VIII and shall not contain any matter extraneous to the contents of the offer document.

(2) Every application form distributed by the issuer or any other person in relation to an issue shall be accompanied by a copy of the abridged prospectus

ASBA

256. The issuer shall accept bids using only the ASBA facility in the manner specified by the Board.

Availability of issue material

257. The lead manager(s) shall ensure availability of the offer document and other issue material including application forms to stock exchanges, syndicate members, registrar to issue, registrar and share transfer agents, depository participants, stock brokers, underwriters, bankers to the issue, investors’ associations and self certified syndicate banks before the opening of the issue.

Prohibition on payment of incentives

258. Any person connected with the distribution of the issue, shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any person for making an application in the initial public offer, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the issue.
Security deposit

259. (1) The issuer shall, before the opening of subscription list, deposit with the designated stock exchange, an amount calculated at the rate of one per cent. of the issue size available for subscription to the public in the manner specified by Board and/or stock exchange(s).

(2) The amount specified in sub-regulation (1) shall be refundable or forfeitable in the manner specified by the Board.

Underwriting

260. (1) The initial public offer shall be underwritten for hundred per cent of the offer and shall not be restricted upto the minimum subscription level.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall underwrite at least fifteen per cent. of the issue size on their own account(s).

(3) The issuer, in consultation with lead manager(s), may appoint underwriters in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Underwriters) Regulations, 1993 and the lead manager(s) may enter into an agreement with the nominated investors indicating therein the number of specified securities which they agree to subscribe at the issue price in case of under-subscription.

(4) The lead manager(s) shall file an undertaking to the Board that the issue has been hundred per cent. underwritten along with the list of underwriters, nominated investors and sub-underwriters indicating the extent of underwriting or subscription commitment made by each of them, one day before the opening of issue.

(5) If any of the underwriters fail to fulfill their underwriting obligations or the nominated investors fail to subscribe to the unsubscribed portion, the lead manager(s) shall fulfill the underwriting obligations.

(6) The underwriters/sub-underwriters, other than the lead manager(s) and the nominated investors, who have entered into an agreement for subscribing to the issue in case of under-subscription, shall not subscribe to the issue made under this chapter in any manner except for fulfilling their obligations under their respective agreements with the lead manager(s) in this regard.

(7) All underwriting and subscription arrangements made by the lead manager(s) shall be disclosed in the offer document.

Market making

261. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure compulsory market making through the stock brokers of the SME exchange(s) appointed by the issuer, in the manner specified by the Board for a minimum period of three years from the date of listing of the specified securities or from the date of migration from the Main Board in terms of regulation 276.

(2) The market maker or issuer, in consultation with the lead manager(s) may enter into agreements with the nominated investors for receiving or delivering the specified securities in market making, subject to the prior approval of the SME exchange.
(3) The issuer shall disclose the details of the market making arrangement in the offer document.

(4) The specified securities being bought or sold in the process of market making may be transferred to or from the nominated investors with whom the lead manager(s) and the issuer have entered into an agreement for market making:

Provided that the inventory of the market maker, as on the date of allotment of the specified securities, shall be at least five per cent of the specified securities proposed to be listed on SME exchange.

(5) The market maker shall buy the entire shareholding of a shareholder of the issuer in one lot, where the value of such shareholding is less than the minimum contract size allowed for trading on the SME exchange:

Provided that market maker shall not sell in lots less than the minimum contract size allowed for trading on the SME exchange.

(6) The market maker shall not buy the shares from the promoters or persons belonging to the promoter group of the issuer or any person who has acquired shares from such promoter or person belonging to the promoter group during the compulsory market making period.

(7) The promoters’ holding shall not be eligible for offering to the market maker during the compulsory market making period:

Provided that the promoters’ holding which is not locked-in as per these regulations can be traded with prior permission of the SME exchange, in the manner specified by the Board.

(8) The lead manager(s) may be represented on the board of directors of the issuer subject to the agreement between the issuer and the lead manager(s) who have the responsibility of market making.

Monitoring agency

262. (1) If the issue size, excluding the size of offer for sale by selling shareholders, exceeds one hundred crore rupees, the issuer shall make arrangements for the use of proceeds of the issue to be monitored by a public financial institution or by one of the scheduled commercial banks named in the offer document as bankers of the issuer:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an issue of specified securities made by a bank or public financial institution or an insurance company.

(2) The monitoring agency shall submit its report to the issuer in the format specified in Schedule XI on a quarterly basis, till at least ninety five per cent. of the proceeds of the issue, excluding the proceeds raised for general corporate purposes, have been utilised.

(3) The board of directors and the management of the issuer shall provide their comments on the findings of the monitoring agency as specified in Schedule XI.
(4) The issuer shall, within forty five days from the end of each quarter, publicly disseminate the report of the monitoring agency by uploading the same on its website as well as submitting the same to the stock exchange(s) on which its equity shares are listed.

Public communications, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports

263. All public communications, publicity materials, advertisements and research reports shall comply with provisions of Schedule IX.

Issue-related advertisements

264. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the issuer shall, after registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies, make a pre-issue advertisement in one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language newspaper with wide circulation at the place where the registered office of the issuer is situated.

(2) The pre-issue advertisement shall be in the format and shall contain the disclosures specified in Part A of Schedule X.

Provided that the disclosures in relation to price band or floor price and financial ratios contained therein shall only be applicable where the issuer opts to announce the price band or floor price along with the pre-issue advertisement pursuant to sub-regulation (4) of regulation 250.

(3) The issuer may issue advertisements for issue opening and issue closing advertisements, which shall be in the formats specified in Parts B and C of Schedule X.

(4) During the period the issue is open for subscription, no advertisement shall be released giving an impression that the issue has been fully subscribed or oversubscribed or indicating investors’ response to the issue.

(5) An announcement regarding closure of the issue shall be made only after the lead manager(s) is satisfied that at least ninety per cent. of the offer has been subscribed and a certificate has been obtained to that effect from the registrar to the issue:

Provided that such an announcement shall not be made before the date on which the issue is to be closed except for issue closing advertisement made in the format prescribed in these regulations.

Opening of the issue

265. The issue shall be opened after at least three working days from the date of registering the offer document with the Registrar of Companies.

Period of subscription

266. (1) Except as otherwise provided in these regulations, a public issue shall be kept open for at least three working days and not more than ten working days.
(2) In case of a revision in the price band, the issuer shall extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus, for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

(3) In case of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, the issuer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the bidding (issue) period disclosed in the red herring prospectus (in case of a book built issue) or the issue period disclosed in the prospectus (in case of a fixed price issue), for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

**Application and minimum application value**

267. (1) A person shall not make an application in the net offer category for a number of specified securities that exceeds the total number of specified securities offered to the public.

Provided that the maximum application by non-institutional investors shall not exceed total number of specified securities offered in the issue less total number of specified securities offered to qualified institutional buyers.

(2) The minimum application size shall be one lakh rupees per application.

(3) The issuer shall invite applications in multiples of the minimum application amount, an illustration whereof is given in Part B of Schedule XIV.

(4) The minimum sum payable on application per specified security shall at least be twenty five per cent. of the issue price:

Provided that in case of an offer for sale, the full issue price for each specified security shall be payable on application.

Explanation: For the purpose of this regulation, “minimum application value” shall be with reference to the issue price of the specified securities and not with reference to the amount payable on application.

**Allotment procedure and basis of allotment**

268. (1) The issuer shall not make an allotment pursuant to a public issue if the number of allottees in an initial public offer is less than fifty.

(2) The issuer shall not make any allotment in excess of the specified securities offered through the offer document except in case of oversubscription for the purpose of rounding off to make allotment, in consultation with the designated stock exchange.

Provided that in case of oversubscription, an allotment of not more than ten per cent of the net offer to public may be made for the purpose of making allotment in minimum lots.

(3) The allotment of specified securities to applicants other than retail individual investors and anchor investors shall be on proportionate basis within the specified investor categories and the number of securities allotted shall be rounded off to the nearest integer, subject to minimum allotment being equal to the minimum application size as determined and disclosed in the offer document:
Provided that the value of specified securities allotted to any person, except in case of employees, in pursuance of reservation made under clause (a) of sub-regulation (1) or clause (a) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 254, shall not exceed two lakhs rupees.

(4) The authorised employees of the stock exchange, along with the lead manager(s) and registrars to the issue, shall ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the allotment procedure as specified in Part A of Schedule XIV.

Allotment, refund and payment of interest

269. (1) The registrars to the issue, in consultation with the issuer and lead manager(s) shall ensure that the specified securities are allotted and/or application monies are refunded or unblocked within such time as may be specified by the Board.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the allotment, credit of dematerialised securities, refunding or unlocking of application monies, as may be applicable, are done electronically.

(3) Where the specified securities are not allotted and/or application monies are not refunded or unblocked within the period stipulated in sub-regulation (1) above, the issuer shall undertake to pay interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum and within such time as disclosed in the offer document and the lead manager(s) shall ensure the same.

Post-issue advertisements

270. (1) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that advertisement giving details relating to subscription, basis of allotment, number, value and percentage of all applications including ASBA, number, value and percentage of successful allottees for all applications including ASBA, date of completion of dispatch of refund orders, as applicable, or instructions to self-certified syndicate banks by the Registrar, date of credit of specified securities and date of filing of listing application, etc. is released within ten days from the date of completion of the various activities in at least one English national daily newspaper with wide circulation, one Hindi national daily newspaper with wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper with wide circulation at the place where registered office of the issuer is situated.

(2) Details specified in sub regulation (1) shall also be placed on the website of the stock exchanges.

Post-issue responsibilities of the lead manager(s)

271. (1) The responsibility of the lead manager(s) shall continue until completion of the issue process and for any issue related matter thereafter.

(2) The lead manager(s) shall regularly monitor redressal of investor grievances arising from any issue related activities.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall be responsible for and co-ordinate with the registrars to the issue and with various intermediaries at regular intervals after the closure of the issue to monitor the flow of applications from syndicate member(s) or collecting bank branches and or self-certified syndicate banks, processing of the applications including application form for ASBA and other matters till the
basis of allotment is finalised, credit of the specified securities to the demat accounts of the allotees and unblocking of ASBA accounts/ despatch of refund orders are completed and securities are listed, as applicable.

(4) Any act of omission or commission on the part of any of the intermediaries noticed by the lead manager(s) shall be duly reported by them to the Board.

(5) In case there is a devolvement on underwriters, the lead manager(s) shall ensure that the notice for devolvement containing the obligation of the underwriters is issued within a period of ten days from the date of closure of the issue.

(6) In the case of undersubscribed issues that are underwritten, the lead manager(s) shall furnish information in respect of underwriters who have failed to meet their underwriting devolvement to the Board in the format specified in Schedule XVIII.

**Release of subscription money**

272. (1) The lead manager(s) shall confirm to the bankers to the issue by way of copies of listing and trading approvals that all formalities in connection with the issue have been completed and that the banker is free to release the money to the issuer or release the money for refund in case of failure of the issue.

(2) In case the issuer fails to obtain listing or trading permission from the stock exchanges where the specified securities were to be listed, it shall refund through verifiable means the entire monies received within seven days of receipt of intimation from stock exchanges rejecting the application for listing of specified securities, and if any such money is not repaid within eight days after the issuer becomes liable to repay it the issuer and every director of the company who is an officer in default shall, on and from the expiry of the eighth day, be jointly and severally liable to repay that money with interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum.

(3) The lead manager(s) shall ensure that the monies received in respect of the issue are released to the issuer in compliance with the provisions of the Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

**Post-issue reports**

273. The lead manager(s) shall submit a final post-issue report as specified in Part A of Schedule XVII, along with a due diligence certificate as per the format specified in Form F of Schedule V, within seven days of the date of finalization of basis of allotment or within seven days of refund of money in case of failure of issue.

**Reporting of transactions of the promoters and promoter group**

274. The issuer shall ensure that all transactions in securities by the promoters and promoter group between the date of filing of the draft offer document or offer document, as the case may be, and the date of closure of the issue shall be reported to the stock exchanges, within twenty four hours of such transactions.
Listing

275. Where any listed issuer issues specified securities in accordance with provisions of this Chapter, it shall migrate the specified securities already listed on any recognised stock exchange(s) to the SME exchange.

Migration to the SME exchange

276. A listed issuer whose post-issue face value capital is less than twenty five crore rupees may migrate its specified securities to SME exchange if its shareholders approve such migration by passing a special resolution through postal ballot to this effect and if such issuer fulfils the eligibility criteria for listing laid down by the SME exchange:

Provided that the special resolution shall be acted upon if and only if the votes cast by shareholders other than promoters in favour of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by shareholders other than promoter shareholders against the proposal.

Migration to the main board

277. An issuer, whose specified securities are listed on a SME Exchange and whose post-issue face value capital is more than ten crore rupees and up to twenty five crore rupees, may migrate its specified securities to the main board of the stock exchanges if its shareholders approve such a migration by passing a special resolution through postal ballot to this effect and if such issuer fulfils the eligibility criteria for listing laid down by the Main Board:

Provided that the special resolution shall be acted upon if and only if the votes cast by shareholders other than promoters in favour of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by shareholders other than promoter shareholders against the proposal.

PART IX: MISCELLANEOUS

Restriction on further capital issues

278. An issuer shall not make any further issue of specified securities in any manner whether by way of public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, qualified institutions placement, issue of bonus shares or otherwise, except pursuant to an employee stock option scheme, during the period between the date of filing the draft offer document and the listing of the specified securities offered through the offer document or refund of application monies unless full disclosures regarding the total number of specified securities or amount proposed to be raised from such further issue are made in such draft offer document or offer document, as the case maybe.

Price stabilisation through green shoe option

279. (1) The issuer may provide green shoe option for stabilizing the post listing price of its specified securities, subject to the following:

a) the issuer has been authorized, by a resolution passed in the general meeting of
shareholders approving the public issue, to allot specified securities to the stabilising agent, if required, on the expiry of the stabilization period;

b) the issuer has appointed a lead manager(s) appointed by the issuer as a stabilising agent, who shall be responsible for the price stabilization process;

c) prior to filing the draft offer document, the issuer and the stabilizing agent have entered into an agreement, stating all the terms and conditions relating to the green shoe option including fees charged and expenses to be incurred by the stabilising agent for discharging its responsibilities;

d) prior to filing the offer document, the stabilizing agent has entered into an agreement with the promoters or pre-issue shareholders or both for borrowing specified securities from them in accordance with clause (g) of this sub-regulation, specifying therein the maximum number of specified securities that may be borrowed for the purpose of allotment or allocation of specified securities in excess of the issue size (hereinafter referred to as the “over-allotment”), which shall not be in excess of fifteen percent of the issue size;

e) subject to clause (d), the lead manager(s), in consultation with the stabilising agent, shall determine the amount of specified securities to be over-allotted in the public issue;

f) the draft offer document and offer document shall contain all material disclosures about the green shoe option specified in this regard in Part A of Schedule VI;

(g) incase of an initial public offer pre-issue shareholders and promoters and in case of a further public offer pre-issue shareholders holding more than five per cent. specified securities and promoters, may lend specified securities to the extent of the proposed over-allotment;

h) the specified securities borrowed shall be in dematerialised form and allocation of these securities shall be made pro-rata to all successful applicants.

(2) For the purpose of stabilization of post-listing price of the specified securities, the stabilising agent shall determine the relevant aspects including the timing of buying such securities, quantity to be bought and the price at which such securities are to be bought from the market.

(3) The stabilisation process shall be available for a period not exceeding thirty days from the date on which trading permission is given by the stock exchanges in respect of the specified securities allotted in the public issue.

(4) The stabilizing agent shall open a special account, distinct from the issue account, with a bank for crediting the monies received from the applicants against the over-allotment and a special account with a depository participant for crediting specified securities to be bought from the market during the stabilisation period out of the monies credited in the special bank account.

(5) The specified securities bought from the market and credited in the special account with the depository participant shall be returned to the promoters or pre-issue shareholders immediately, in any case not later than two working days after the end of the stabilization period.
(6) On expiry of the stabilisation period, if the stabilizing agent has not been able to buy specified securities from the market to the extent of such securities over-allotted, the issuer shall allot specified securities at issue price in dematerialised form to the extent of the shortfall to the special account with the depository participant, within five days of the closure of the stabilization period and such specified securities shall be returned to the promoters or pre-issue shareholders by the stabilizing agent in lieu of the specified securities borrowed from them and the account with the depository participant shall be closed thereafter.

(7) The issuer shall make a listing application in respect of the further specified securities allotted under sub-regulation (6), to all the stock exchanges where the specified securities allotted in the public issue are listed and the provisions of Chapter VII shall not be applicable to such allotment.

(8) The stabilizing agent shall remit the monies with respect to the specified securities allotted under sub-regulation (6) to the issuer from the special bank account.

(9) Any monies left in the special bank account after remittance of monies to the issuer under sub-regulation (8) and deduction of expenses incurred by the stabilizing agent for the stabilisation process shall be transferred to the Investor Protection and Education Fund established by the Board and the special bank account shall be closed soon thereafter.

(10) The stabilising agent shall submit a report to the stock exchange on a daily basis during the stabilization period and a final report to the Board in the format specified in Schedule XV.

(11) The stabilizing agent shall maintain a register for a period of at least three years from the date of the end of the stabilization period and such register shall contain the following particulars:

a) The names of the promoters or pre-issue shareholders from whom the specified securities were borrowed and the number of specified securities borrowed from each of them;

b) The price, date and time in respect of each transaction effected in the course of the stabilization process; and

c) The details of allotment made by the issuer on expiry of the stabilisation process.

Alteration of rights of holders of specified securities

280. (1) The issuer shall not alter the terms (including the terms of issue) of specified securities which may adversely affect the interests of the holders of that specified securities, except with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the specified securities of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the holders of the specified securities of that class.

(2) Where the post-issue face value capital of an issuer listed on a SME exchange is likely to increase beyond twenty five crore rupees by virtue of any further issue of capital by the issuer by way of rights issue, preferential issue, bonus issue, etc. the issuer shall migrate its specified securities listed on a SME exchange to the Main Board and seek listing of the specified securities proposed to be issued on the Main Board subject to the fulfilment of the eligibility criteria for listing of specified securities laid down by the Main Board:
Provided that no further issue of capital by the issuer shall be made unless –

a) the shareholders of the issuer have approved the migration by passing a special resolution through postal ballot wherein the votes cast by shareholders other than promoters in favour of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by shareholders other than promoter shareholders against the proposal;

b) the issuer has obtained an in-principle approval from the Main Board for listing of its entire specified securities on it.

Further Issues

281. An issuer listed on a SME exchange making a further issue of capital by way of a rights issue, or further public offer or preferential issue or bonus issue etc. may do so by adhering to applicable requirements mentioned in these regulations.

CHAPTER X

INNOVATORS GROWTH PLATFORM

PART I: APPLICABILITY

282. (1) The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to issuers seeking listing of their specified securities pursuant to an initial public offer or for only trading on a stock exchange of their specified securities without making a public offer.

(2) The provisions of these regulations, in respect of the matters not specifically dealt or excluded under this Chapter, shall apply mutatis mutandis to any listing or trading of specified securities under this Chapter.

Provided that the following shall not apply:

a) sub-regulation (2) of regulation 7 on restrictions on the amount of general corporate purposes; and

b) sub-regulation (1) and (2) of regulation 6 on eligibility requirements

(3) The institutional trading platform shall be accessible only to institutional investors and non-institutional investors.

Eligibility

283. (1) An issuer which is intensive in the use of technology, information technology, intellectual property, data analytics, bio-technology or nano-technology to provide products, services or business platforms with substantial value addition shall be eligible for listing on the innovators growth platform, provided that as on the date of filing of draft information document or draft offer document with the Board, as the case may be, twenty five per cent of the pre-issue capital of the Issuer Company for at least a period of two years, should have been held by:
I. Qualified Institutional Buyers;

II. Family trust with net-worth of more than five hundred crore rupees, as per the last audited financial statements;

III. Accredited Investors for the purpose of Innovators Growth Platform;

IV. The following regulated entities:
   a) Category III Foreign Portfolio Investor;
   b) An entity meeting all the following criteria:
      I. It is a pooled investment fund with minimum assets under management of one hundred and fifty million USD;
      II. It is registered with a financial sector regulator in the jurisdiction of which it is a resident;
      III. It is resident of a country whose securities market regulator is a signatory to the International Organization of Securities Commission’s Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding (Appendix A Signatories) or a signatory to Bilateral Memorandum of Understanding with the Board;
      IV. It is not resident in a country identified in the public statement of Financial Action Task Force as:
         a) a jurisdiction having a strategic Anti-Money Laundering or Combating the Financing of Terrorism deficiencies to which counter measures apply; or
         b) a jurisdiction that has not made sufficient progress in addressing the deficiencies or has not committed to an action plan developed with the Financial Action Task Force to address the deficiencies.

Explanation:

a) The following entities shall be eligible to be considered as accredited investors for the purpose of innovators growth platform:
   (i) any individual with total gross income of fifty lakhs rupees annually and who has minimum liquid net worth of five crore rupees; or
   (ii) any body corporate with net worth of twenty five crore rupees.

b) Not more than ten per cent of the pre-issue capital may be held by Accredited Investors.

c) For the purpose of accreditation: The persons /corporate bodies who wish to get accreditation for the purpose of innovators growth platform, shall approach the stock exchanges or depositories and follow the procedures prescribed by the Board and / or such stock exchange or depository for the purpose of accreditation as an Accredited Investor, from time to time.
(2) An issuer shall be eligible for listing on the institutional trading platform if none of the promoters or directors of the issuer company is a fugitive economic offender.

PART II: LISTING WITHOUT A PUBLIC ISSUE

Listing without a public issue

284. (1) An issuer seeking listing of its specified securities without making a public offer, shall file a draft information document along with the necessary documents with the Board in accordance with these regulations along with the fee as specified in Schedule III of these regulations.

(2) The draft information document shall contain disclosures as specified for the draft offer documents in these regulations as specified in Part A of Schedule VI.

(3) The regulations relating to the following as stated under the Chapter of Initial Public Offer on Main Board shall not be applicable:

a) allotment;
b) issue opening or closing;
c) advertisements;
d) underwriting;
e) sub-regulation (2) of regulation 5;
f) pricing;
g) dispatch of issue material; and
h) other such provisions related to offer of specified securities to the public.

(4) The issuer shall obtain an in-principle approval from the stock exchanges on which it proposes to get its specified securities listed.

(5) The issuer shall list its specified securities on the recognised stock exchange(s) within thirty days:

a) from the date of issuance of observations by the Board; or
b) from the expiry of the period stipulated in sub-regulation (4) of regulation 25, if the Board has not issued any such observations.

(6) The issuer which has received an in-principle approval from the stock exchange for listing of its specified securities, shall be deemed to have been waived by the Board under sub-rule (7) of rule 19 from the requirement of minimum offer to the public as per the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 19 of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 for the limited purpose of listing on the innovators growth platform.

(7) Provisions relating to minimum public shareholding shall not be applicable.
(8) The draft and final information document shall be approved by the board of directors of the issuer and shall be signed by all directors, the Chief Executive Officer, i.e., the Managing Director or Manager within the meaning of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Chief Financial Officer, i.e., the Whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function and discharging that function.

(9) The signatories shall also certify that all disclosures made in the information document are true and correct.

(10) In case of mis-statement in the information document or any omission therein, any person who has authorized the issue of information document shall be liable in accordance with the provisions of the Act and regulations made thereunder.

**Explanation:** Under this Part, the phrases ‘pre-issue’ and ‘post-issue’, wherever they occur shall be construed as ‘pre-listing’ and ‘post-listing’, respectively.

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**PART III: LISTING PURSUANT TO AN INITIAL PUBLIC OFFER**

**Disclosures in draft offer document and offer document**

285. (1) An issuer seeking to issue and list its specified securities shall file a draft offer document along with necessary documents with the Board in accordance with these regulations along with the fees as specified in Schedule III of these regulations.

(2) The draft offer document shall disclose the broad objects of the issue.

(3) The basis of issue price shall include disclosures, except projections, as deemed fit by the issuer in order to enable the investors to take informed decisions and the disclosures shall suitably contain the basis of valuation.

**Minimum public shareholding norms and minimum offer size**

285A. (1) The issuer shall be in compliance with minimum public shareholding requirements specified in the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

(2) The minimum offer size shall be ten crore rupees.

**Minimum application size**

286. The minimum application size shall be two lakh rupees and in multiples thereof.

**Allocation and allotment**

287. (1) The number of allottees in the initial public offer shall at least be fifty.

(2) The allotment to institutional investors as well as non-institutional investors shall be on a proportionate basis.
(3) Any under-subscription in the non-institutional investor category shall be available for subscription under the institutional investors’ category.

PART IV: GENERAL CONDITIONS

Lock-in

288. (1) The entire pre-issue capital of the shareholders shall be locked-in for a period of six months from the date of allotment in case of listing pursuant to a public issue or date of listing in case of listing without a public issue:

Provided that nothing contained in this regulation shall apply to:

a) equity shares allotted to employees, whether currently an employee or not, under an employee stock option or employee stock purchase scheme of the issuer prior to the initial public offer, if the issuer has made full disclosures with respect to such options or scheme in accordance with Part A of Schedule VI;

b) equity shares held by an employee stock option trust or transferred to the employees by an employee stock option trust pursuant to exercise of options by the employees, whether currently employees or not, in accordance with the employee stock option plan or employee stock purchase scheme.

Provided that the equity shares allotted to the employees shall be subject to the provisions of lock-in as specified under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.

c) equity shares held by a venture capital fund or alternative investment fund of Category I or a foreign venture capital investor:

d) Provided that such equity shares shall be locked-in for a period of at least one year from the date of purchase by the venture capital fund or alternative investment fund or foreign venture capital investor.

e) equity shares held by persons other than the promoters, continuously for a period of at least one year prior to the date of listing in case of listing without a public issue:

Explanation: For the purpose of clause (c) and (d), in case such equity shares have resulted pursuant to conversion of fully paid-up compulsorily convertible securities, the holding period of such convertible securities as well as that of resultant equity shares together shall be considered for the purpose of calculation of one year period and the convertible securities shall be deemed to be fully paid-up, if the entire consideration payable thereon has been paid at the time of their conversion.

(2) The specified securities held by the promoters and locked-in may be pledged with any scheduled commercial bank or public financial institution or systemically important non-banking finance company as a collateral security for a loan granted by such bank or institution or systemically
important non-banking finance company if the pledge of specified securities is one of the terms of sanction of the loan.

(3) The specified securities that are locked-in may be transferable in accordance with regulation 288 of these regulations.

(4) All specified securities allotted on a discretionary basis shall be locked-in in accordance with the requirements for lock-in for the anchor investors on the main board of the stock exchange, as specified under Part A of Schedule XIII.

Trading lot

289. The minimum trading lot on the stock exchange shall be two lakh rupees and in multiples thereof.

Exit of issuers whose securities are trading without making a public offer

290. An issuer whose specified securities are traded on the innovators growth platform without making a public issue may exit from that platform, if

   a) its shareholders approve such an exit by passing a special resolution through postal ballot where ninety per cent of the total votes and the majority of non-promoter votes have been cast in favor of such proposal; and

   b) the recognised stock exchange where its shares are listed approves of such an exit.

Withdrawal of approval by the stock exchange

291. (1) The recognised stock exchange may delist the specified securities of an issuer listed without making a public issue upon non-compliance of the conditions of listing and in the manner as specified by the stock exchange.

(2) No issuer promoted by the promoters and directors of an entity delisted under sub-regulation (1), shall be permitted to list on the innovators growth platform for a period of five years from the date of such delisting:

   Provided that the provisions of this regulation shall not apply to another issuer promoted by any of the independent directors of such a delisted issuer.

Migration to the main board

292. An issuer that has listed its specified securities on a recognised stock exchange may at its option migrate to the main board of that recognised stock exchange after expiry of three years from the date of listing subject to compliance with the eligibility requirements of the stock exchange.
CHAPTER XI

BONUS ISSUE

Conditions for a bonus issue

293. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable law, a listed issuer shall be eligible to issue bonus shares to its members if:

a) it is authorised by its articles of association for issue of bonus shares, capitalisation of reserves etc.:

Provided that if there is no such provision in the articles of association, the issuer shall pass a resolution at its general body meeting making provisions in the articles of associations for capitalisation of reserve;

b) it has not defaulted in payment of interest or principal in respect of fixed deposits or debt securities issued by it;

c) it has not defaulted in respect of the payment of statutory dues of the employees such as contribution to provident fund, gratuity and bonus;

d) any outstanding partly paid shares on the date of the allotment of the bonus shares, are made fully paid-up;

e) any of its promoters or directors is not a fugitive economic offender.

Restrictions on a bonus issue

294. (1) An issuer shall make a bonus issue of equity shares only if it has made reservation of equity shares of the same class in favour of the holders of outstanding compulsorily convertible debt instruments if any, in proportion to the convertible part thereof.

(2) The equity shares so reserved for the holders of fully or partly compulsorily convertible debt instruments, shall be issued to the holder of such convertible debt instruments or warrants at the time of conversion of such convertible debt instruments, optionally convertible instruments, warrants, as the case may be, on the same terms or same proportion at which the bonus shares were issued.

(3) A bonus issue shall be made only out of free reserves, securities premium account or capital redemption reserve account and built out of the genuine profits or securities premium collected in cash and reserves created by revaluation of fixed assets shall not be capitalised for this purpose.

(4) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-regulation (3), bonus shares shall not be issued in lieu of dividends.

Completion of a bonus issue

295. (1) An issuer, announcing a bonus issue after approval by its board of directors and not
requiring shareholders’ approval for capitalisation of profits or reserves for making the bonus issue, shall implement the bonus issue within fifteen days from the date of approval of the issue by its board of directors:

Provided that where the issuer is required to seek shareholders’ approval for capitalisation of profits or reserves for making the bonus issue, the bonus issue shall be implemented within two months from the date of the meeting of its board of directors wherein the decision to announce the bonus issue was taken subject to shareholders’ approval.

Explanation: For the purpose of a bonus issue to be considered as ‘implemented’ the date of commencement of trading shall be considered.

(2) A bonus issue, once announced, shall not be withdrawn.

CHAPTER XII

MISCELLANEOUS

Directions by the Board

296. Without prejudice to the power under sections 11, 11A, 11B, 11D, sub-section (3) of section 12, Chapter VIA and section 24 of the Act, the Board may either suo motu or on receipt of information or on completion or pendency of any inspection, inquiry or investigation, in the interests of investors or the securities market, issue such directions or orders as it deems fit including any or all of the following:

a) directing the persons concerned not to access the securities market for a specified period;

b) directing the person concerned to sell or divest the securities;

c) any other direction which Board may deem fit and proper in the circumstances of the case:

Provided that the Board shall, either before or after issuing such direction or order, give a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the person concerned:

Provided further that if any interim direction or order is required to be issued, the Board may give post-decisional hearing to the person concerned.

Liability for contravention of the Act, rules or the regulations

297. (1) The listed issuer or any other person thereof who contravenes any of the provisions of these regulations, shall, in addition to the liability for action in terms of the securities laws, be liable for the following actions by the respective stock exchange(s), in the manner specified by the Board:

a) imposition of fines;

b) suspension of trading;

c) freezing of promoter/promoter group holding of designated securities, as may be applicable in coordination with depositories;
d) any other action as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

(2) The manner of revocation of actions specified in clauses (b) and (c) of sub-regulation (1), shall be in the manner specified by the Board.

Failure to pay fine

298. If the listed issuer fails to pay any fine imposed upon it by the recognised stock exchange(s), within the period as specified from time to time, the stock exchange may initiate such other action in accordance with the bye-laws of such Stock Exchange after giving a notice in writing.

Power to remove difficulty

299. In order to remove any difficulties in the application or interpretation of these regulations, the Board may issue clarifications through guidance notes or circulars after recording reasons in writing.

Power to relax strict enforcement of the regulations

300. (1) The Board may, in the interest of investors or for the development of the securities market, relax the strict enforcement of any requirement of these regulations, if the Board is satisfied that:

   a) the requirement is procedural in nature; or

   b) any disclosure requirement is not relevant for a particular class of industry or issuer; or

   c) the non-compliance was caused due to factors beyond the control of the issuer.

(2) For seeking relaxation under sub-regulation (1), an application, giving details and the grounds on which such relaxation has been sought, shall be filed with the Board.

(3) The application referred to under sub-regulation (2) shall be accompanied by a non-refundable fee of rupees one lakh payable by way of direct credit in the bank account through NEFT/RTGS/IMPS or any other mode allowed by RBI or by way of a demand draft in favour of the Board payable in Mumbai.

Repeal and Savings

301. (1) On and from the commencement of these regulations, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2009 shall stand rescinded.

(2) Notwithstanding such rescission:

   a) anything done or any action taken or purported to have been done or taken including observation made in respect of any draft offer document, any enquiry or investigation commenced or show cause notice issued in respect of the said Regulations shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these regulations.

   b) any offer document, whether draft or otherwise, filed or application made to the Board under the said Regulations and pending before it shall be deemed to have been filed or made under the corresponding provisions of these regulations.